

1 Attendance list, quorum and adoption of the agenda

According to article 24 of the Articles of Association, "The Meeting may deliberate validly only if at least half of the shares of Class A and at least half of the shares of Class B are represented".

The Meeting is asked to adopt the agenda.

2 Nomination of a secretary and of two scrutineers

According to article 23 of the Articles of Association "The Chairperson shall appoint a secretary. The Meeting shall appoint two scrutineers".

3 Presentation by the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the 2022 activities report of the Board

Presentation by the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the 2022 activities report of the Board.



Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

1 Liste de présences, quorum et adoption de l'ordre du jour

D'après l'article 24 des statuts, « l'Assemblée ne peut valablement délibérer que si la moitié des actions des catégories A et la moitié des actions de la catégorie B sont représentées ».

Il est demandé à l'Assemblée d'approuver l'ordre du jour.

2 Désignation d'un secrétaire et de deux scrutateurs

Selon l'article 23 des statuts « Le Président de l'Assemblée désigne un secrétaire. L'Assemblée choisit deux scrutateurs ».

3 Présentation par le Président du Conseil d'administration du rapport de gestion du Conseil pour l'année 2022

Présentation par le Président du Conseil d'administration du rapport de gestion du Conseil pour l'année 2022.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	OVERNANCE					
SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE SES has been listed on the Luxembourg S	SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE SES has been listed on the Luxembourd Stock Exchange since 1998				The Company has issued two classes of shares: A-shares and B-shares. Each share is entitled to one vote. One B-share carries 40% of the economic rights of an A-share	shares: A-shares and e B-share carries 40%
and on the Euronext Paris Stock Exchange since 2004. Shareholder Structure as of 31 December 2022	Exchange since 2004. ecember 2022				The ratio of A-shares to B-shares must be maintained at 2:1 as required by the Articles of Incorporation.	maintained at 2:1 as
SES Shareholders		Number of Shares	Voting participation	Economic Participation	A-SHARES	
Registered shares		3,633,881	0.65%	0.82%		
FDRs (free float)		361,258,166	66.015%	81.04%	A-shares are held by private and institutional investors.	nvestors.
FDRs held by SES		6,565,553	0.00%	1.68%		
Total A Shares		371,457,600	66.67%	83.33%	I ne listed security is the Fiduciary Depositary Receipt ("FDR"), listed on the Luxembourg and Euronext Paris Stock Exchanges. Each of	Kecelpt ("FDR"), listed k Exchanges. Each of
BCEE		60.614.724	10.88%	2444	these is backed by one A-share and has all the rights attached to that	rights attached to that
SNCI		60,607,161	10.88%	5.44%	share, except the right of attending the general meetings of share-	al meetings of share-
Etat du Luxembourg		64,506,915	11.58%	5.79%	1000015.	
Total B Shares		185,728,800	33.33%	16.67%	In order to attend a general meeting. at least one registered share must	e registered share must
					be held. Voting rights may be exercised by notifying the Fiduciary	otifying the Fiduciary
Total shares (actual) ²		557,186,400	100.00%	100.00%	(Banque et Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat) of the voting intention.	voting intention.
Total shares (economic) ²		445,749,120			B-SHARES	
1 At 31 December 2022, SES held & 666,64 2 On 28 September 2022, SES proceeded	1 At 31 December 2022, SES held 6,565,553 FDRs for the purpose of its employee option programme. SES does 2 On 28 September 2022, SES proceeded to a reduction of the share capital by volding 12,000,000 Class A sha	n programme. SES does not exer 12,000,000 Class A shares/FDRs	not exercise voting rights. res/FDRs and 6,000,000 Class B Shares.		The State of Luxembourg holds a direct 11.58% voting interest in the company. Banque et Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat and Société Nationale de Crédit et d'Investissement each hold a direct 10.88% voting interest in the Company. These shares constitute the Company's B-shares. A B-share has 40% of the economic rights of an A-share or, in case the Company is dissolved, is entitled to 40% of the net liquidation proceeds paid to A-shareholders. The B-shares are not listed on any exchange and do not back a tradable security.	 voting interest in the and Société Nationale ct 10.88% voting inter- e Company's B-shares. an A-share or, in case of the net liquidation s are not listed on any

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 No A-shareholder may hold, directly, or indirectly, more than 20%, as the comparies of hard hare below. Such limit shall be calculated by another another on more the origination within the method of shareholders. In according party must inform the activities of the company of shareholders. The Sourd Marker and any other information in the shares of the Company of a dimension perty must be calculated by the A-shareholder. Ashareholder or a posterilial shareholder who envisages to acquire the second and shareholders. The Sourd Marker and A-shareholder. Ashareholder or a posterilial shareholder who envisages to acquire by the A-shareholder. Ashareholder or a posterilial shareholder who envisages to acquire by the A-shareholder. Ashareholder or a posterilial shareholder who envisages to acquire by the A-shareholder. Ashareholder or a posterilial shareholder who envisages to acquire by interest of the Company of a dimension in the Querentian party must be company of a dimension in the envisage doculation. The government no Luxembourg the bareholders. Araberol and the Company of a dimension in the envisage doculation. The government no Luxembourg the bareholders are according party market developments, and to provide the bareholders are anophy provided for the company is the company of a shareholders with and coordinate the group's strenal limatical communications and the debarding party accurding draw and recommendations are the definition and decider at ampointy provided in the company. Are company of a dimension of the debarding art the communication and the restrict of the demanding party accurding draw and recommendations are the definition and the demanding party accurding the demanding party accurding draw and recommendations are the definition and the demanding party accurding draw and recommendations are the definition and the demanding party accurding draw and recommendations are the definition and the de		RESTRICTIONS ON OWNE	ERSHIP	In this context, the SES website contains a reg information, such as the latest version of the Cor	gularly updated stream of mpany's main governance	CHAIRPERSON'S REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	
 The contract and structure sectors of the comparison of the structure sectors of the comparison of the structure sectors of conduct and Environment and the structure sectors of conduct and the structure sector of the structure sector of the structure sectors of the structure sectors of conduct and the structure sectors of conduct and the structure sectors of the structure sector of the structure sector of the structure sectors of the structure sector of the str		No A-shareholder may hold, dire 33% or 50% of the Company's sh	ctly or indirectly, more than 20%, ares unless he has obtained prior	documents, including the articles of incorporati ance charter (including the charters of the vari	ion, the corporate govern- ous committees set up by	The Company follows the 'Ten Principles of C	Corporate Governance
 The SES website also contains the SES Code of Conduct and Ethics. The shareholder who envisages to acquire the shares of the Company of admanding party? must information the shares of the Company of admanding party? must information the shares of the Company of admanding party? must information the shares of the Company of admanding party? must information the spatial information information and equipment of Luxenhourg, the subsidiary provide against the government any oppose the anglority provided for in article 450-3 of the law of 10 company statemal financial calendare and other external and shall content analysis. The statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation party is ananotide party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation party is ananotide party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation part and the statemation and outloor stock market developments, and other external and statemation and statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation part and statemation party is an andored for in article 450-3 of the law of firvestor Relations is responsible for the definition and statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the statemation part and the statemation of SES active Investor Relations is responsible for the definition and subtract and the statemation and statemation part and the statemation and the statemation part and the statemation and the statemation of SES active Investor Relations is responsible for the definition and the statemation part and the statemation and the statemation of SES active Investor Relations is responsible for the definition and the statemation of SES active Investor Relations is responsible for the definit and the statemation		approval from the meeting of sh: procedure described here below. taking into account all the shares	areholders in accordance with the . Such limit shall be calculated by held by the A-shareholder.	the Board) and the separate sections on the con of the Board, the Board's committees and the E	mposition and the mission Executive Committee ¹ .	adopted by the ((a) Luxembourg Stock Exchant as last revised in December 2017. SES meets all made by the 'Ten Principles'.	nge (its home market), I the recommendations
The Chairperson of the Board will inform the government of Luxenburg of the envisaged acquisition. The government may oppose the burg of the envisaged acquisition. The government may oppose the burg of the envisaged acquisition. The government may oppose the burg of the envisaged acquisition within three months from such information (if determines that such acquisition would be against the general public interest. In case of no opposition from the government of Luxembourg, the Beard shall convene an extraordinary meeting of shareholders with a government of Luxembourg, the Beard shall convene an extraordinary meeting of shareholders with equity and debt investors, investment analysts, credit rating agencies, financial communications and there external interactions with equity and debt investors investment analysts, credit rating agencies, financial communications and there external interactions with equity and debt investors investment analysts, credit rating agencies, financial communications and there external interactions with equity and debt investor Relations programment and anter- individual to commendations to the SES SLT. The Head of Investor Relations programment and article external and varies of the domanding party is a shareholders with the Context Relations programment and article external and varies of the agent in the vote. The quorum but may not take part in the vote. The enormal but may mattend the general meeting and will be included in the commentation in investor conferences and similar events. Investor Relations programment and particle is an shareholders with Luxembourgets transparently with its shareholders with any questions are compliant with all pplicable uport the commentation, including the documents for shareholders with any questions and anticle addiage and regulatory requirements.		A shareholder or a potential sharel whatever means, directly or indire- the shares of the Company (a 'dt Chairperson of the Board of the C	holder who envisages to acquire by ctly, more than 20%, 33% or 50% of emanding party') must inform the company of such intention.	The SES website also contains the SES Code the SES Dealing Code, the financial calendar tion that may be of interest to the company's INVESTOR RELATIONS	e of Conduct and Ethics, r and any other informa- 's shareholders.	SES also complies with the governance rules for Paris, where the majority of the trading in SES the instance of conflicting compliance requirer rules of the home market.	for companies listed in S FDRs takes place. In ements, SES follows the
acquisition within three months from such information If i determines that such acquisition would be against the general public interest. The sections with equity and debt investors, investment analysts, and stall convene an extraordinary meeting of shareholders which may decide at a majority provided for in article 450-3 of the law of Nagust 1915, as anneded, regarding commendations to the SES SLT. The dedination and a uthorise the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire the external to montor take part in the vote. Investor to the sector Relations is responsible for the definition and the groups external communications are compliant with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. Investor Relations they may have in relation to the definence and through the de		The Chairperson of the Board will bourg of the envisaged acquisitior	inform the government of Luxem- The government may oppose the	SES' dedicated Investor Relations function rel cial Officer and works closely with the CEO. I	sports to the Chief Finan- Its purpose is to develop	ORGANISATION PRINCIPLES	
In case of no opposition from the government of Luxembourg, the Board shall convene an extraordinary meeting of shareholders which may decide at a majority provided for in article 450-3 of the law of 10 August 1915, as amended, regarding commercial companies, to authorise the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% of 50% of the states. If the demanding party is ashareholder of the Company, it may attend the general meeting and will be included in the count for the quorum but may not take part in the vote. IDENMATION EXCHANCE IN REGARD TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE The Company communications are compliant with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The Company communicates transparently with its shareholders with the SES (M) IR Website ontains information on all dedicated e-mail address shareholders for shareholders with Luxem- boug law, the Company allows shareholders for shareholders with Luxem- boug law, the Company allows shareholders for shareholders with Luxem- boug law, the Company allows shareholders for shareholders with Luxem- boug law, the Company allows shareholders to receive all corporate documentation, including the documents for shareholders with laws and is updated on a regular basis.		acquisition within three months fro that such acquisition would be ag	om such information if it determines gainst the general public interest.	and coordinate the group's external financi interactions with equity and debt investor credit rating agencies, financial journalis	ial communications and rs, investment analysts, sts and other external	Created on 16 March 2001 under the name of S incorporated in Luxembourg. On 9 November 2 parent company of SES ASTRA, originally crea	SES GLOBAL, SES was 2001, SES became the ated in 1985. A copy of
authorise the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party to acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% of the shares. If the demanding party is a shareholder of the Company, it may attend the general meeting and will be included in the count for the duorum but may not take part in the vote. It can be address that the dedicated e-mail address shareholders to receive all corporate documentation, including the documents for shareholder meeting, in electronic format.		In case of no opposition from the Board shall convene an extraordin may decide at a majority provided 10 Audust 1915, as amended, red	e government of Luxembourg, the arry meeting of shareholders which d for in article 450-3 of the law of arding commercial companies. to	audiences, to monitor stock market develo feedback and recommendations to the SES The Head of Investor Relations is responsib	ppments, and to provide SLT. ble for the definition and	SES' articles of incorporation, in its latest vers	sion, is available in the pany's website. OF SHARE-
for the quorum but may not take part in the vote. InFORMATION EXCHANCE IN REGARD TO CORPORATE COVERNANCE THE SEAURES INVESTOR Relations are compliant with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. THE SEAURES INVESTOR Relations are compliant with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. THE COMPORATE COVERNANCE THE COMPANTE COVERNANCE THE SEAURES INVESTOR Relations theorem will be pleased to assist existing or potential shareholders with any questions they may have in relation to the (i) contrarte governance section of its website and through the dedicated e-mail address shareholders for shareholders with Luxembourg law, the Company allows shareholders to receive all corporate documentation, including the documents for shareholder meetings, in electronic format.		of the shares of the demanding party to of the shares. If the demanding party to it may attend the general meeting	acquire more than 20%, 33% or 50% try is a shareholder of the Company, g and will be included in the count	execution of SES' active Investor Relations pation in investor conferences and similar ev also works closely with the Chief Legal Off	programme and partici- programme and partici- vents. Investor Relations fifcer to ensure that the	HOLDERS Under Luxembourg company law, the Comp	ipany's annual and∕or
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE The SES Investor Relations team will be pleased to assist existing or potential shareholders with any questions they may have in relation. The Company communicates transparently with its shareholders via the () corporate governance section of its website and through the dedicated e-mail address shareholders for its website and through the bourg law, the Company allows shareholders to receive all corporate documentation, including the documents for shareholder meetings, in electronic format.		for the quorum but may not take INFORMATION EXCHANG	part in the vote. SE IN REGARD TO	group's external communications are comp legal and regulatory requirements.	bliant with all applicable	extraordinary general meetings represent the holders of the Company. They have the widest p passed at such meetings are binding upon all:	e entire body of share- powers, and resolutions I shareholders, whether
dedicated e-mail address shareholders@sees.com. In line with Luxem- news, and is updated on a regular basis. bourg law, the Company allows shareholders to receive all corporate documentation, including the documents for shareholder meetings, in electronic format.	PORT 2022	CORPORATE GOVERNAN The Company communicates tran	ICE Isparently with its shareholders via	The SES Investor Relations team will be plea potential shareholders with any questions th to SES. Further, the SES (Reversione financial recent financials analyst coverance financial	ased to assist existing or hey may have in relation ntains information on all I calendar and Company	absent, abstaining from voting or voting again The meetings are presided over by the Chairp in his absence, by one of the Vice Chairpersc	nst the resolutions. person of the Board or, sons of the Board or, in
	BA JAUNNA 232	dedicated e-mail address shareho dedicated e-mail address shareho bourg law, the Company allows sh documentation, including the doc in electronic format.	olders@ses.com. In line with Luxem- areholders to receive all corporate cuments for shareholder meetings,	news, and is updated on a regular basis.		their absence, by any other person appointed The Executive Committee is internally called the Senfor I Therefore, going forward the term SLT will be used inster	ed by the meeting. Any Leadership Team (SLT).

2 ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (ESG) report

3 Corporate Governance & Remuneration

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 SES S.A. ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

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shareholder who is recorded in the company's shareholder register 14 days before the meeting is authorised to attend and to vote at the meeting. An A-shareholder may act at any meeting by appointing a proxy (who does not need to be an A-shareholder). The annual general meeting (AGM') is held on the first Thursday in April at 10:30 am CET. Each registered shareholder receives written notice of the AGM, including the time of the meeting and the agenda, at least 30 days prior to the meeting. Holders of the company's FDRs are represented at the meeting by Banque et Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat acting as fiduciary. Each FDR represents one A-share. If a holder of FDRs wishes to attend the AGM of shareholders in person, that shareholder needs to convert at least one FDR into an A-share prior to the AGM. Notice of the meeting and of the proposed agenda is also published in the international press. The fiduciary circulates the draft resolutions to both international clearing systems, Clearstream and Euroclear, allowing FDR holders to give their voting instructions to the fiduciary in time for the meeting. At the same time, the draft resolutions are made available on the Company's and on the fiduciary's website. Unless the fiduciary has received specific instructions from the FDR holder, the fiduciary votes in favour of the proposals submitted by the Board. One or more shareholders owning together at least 5% of the shares of SES have the right to add items on the agenda of the AGM and may deposit draft resolutions regarding items listed in the agenda or proposed to be added to the agenda. This request

needs to be made in writing (via mail or e-mail) and received no later than the twenty-second day preceding the AGM and needs to include a justification or draft resolution to be adopted at the AGM. The written request must include a contact address to which the Company can confirm receipt within 48 hours from the receipt of the request. No later than fifteen days preceding the AGM, the Company then publishes a revised agenda.

The meeting may deliberate validly only if at least half of the A-shares and at least half of the B-shares are represented. In the event that the required quorum is not reached, the meeting will be reconvened in accordance with the form prescribed by the articles of incorporation. It may then validly deliberate without consideration of the number of represented shares. The proceedings are mostly held in English, but a French translation is provided by the Company. Interventions in English retranslated into French. An English and a French version of the AGM minutes and the results of the shareholders' votes published on the SES website within 15 days after the AGM. With the exception of the procedure described above regarding whenever an A-shareholder intends to hold more than 20%, 33% or 50%, all the resolutions of the meeting are adopted by a simple majority vote except if otherwise provided for by Luxembourg company law.

In 2022, the AGM was held on 7 April. Still taking a prudent approach and following the recommendations from the government in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic, shareholders who had expressed an interest to attend the meeting were asked to give a proxy to the Chairperson of the Board and/or the Company's outside legal counsel, and to vote on the resolutions ahead of the meeting. The AGM itself was transmitted via Webex. Shareholders were further invited to send their questions ahead of the Meeting, although additional questions were asked during the meeting, although additional questions were asked during the meeting. The AGM was attended by 95.34% of the Company's shareholders, excluding the 7,281,652 FDRs held by SES as well as the 12,000,000 FDRs and the 6,000,000 Class B Shares held by SES Astra on behalf of SES. All resolutions submitted to the shareholders were approved by comfortable majority votes. The detailed results of the shareholders' votes are available on the detailed results Chareholder information.

In 2022, an EGM was also held on 7 April 2022, immediately following the AGM with the purpose to authorise a share capital reduction and voidance of the 12,000,000 FDRs and 6,000,000 Class B Shares held by SES Astra on behalf of SES. The EGM was attended by 95.27% of the company's shareholders, excluding the 7,281,652 FDRs held by SES as well as the 12,000,000 FDRs and the 6,000,000 Class B Shares held by SES Astra on behalf of SES. All resolutions submitted to the shareholders were approved by comfortable majority votes. The detailed results of the shareholders' votes are available on the [®] SES website Shareholder Information.

OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT

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AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2022



Chair of the Board FRANK ESSER \uparrow



JACQUES THILL Director \uparrow





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CARLO FASSBINDER

Director



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Director

in the

PETER VAN BOMMEL Chair of the

Audit and Risk Committee & Vice-Chair of the Board

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RAMU POTARAZU

Director

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Chair of the Remuneration **FRANÇOISE THOMA** Committee



Committee & Vice-Chair Chair of the Nomination of the Board



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ANNE-CATHERINE RIES

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KATRIN WEHR-SEITER Director

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OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esg) report	CORPORATE Governance & Remuneration	CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	SES S.A. Annual Accounts	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
BOARD OF DIRECTORS & COMMITTEES	& COMMITTEES	Anne-Catherine Ries		 He sits on the Board of Aalberts, Nedap, Bernhoven Foundation and 	, Bernhoven Foundation and
		Vice-Chair of the Board		the Amsterdam Business School, where he is the Chair of the EMFC	: he is the Chair of the EMFC
The Board of Directors is responsible for:	ble for:	Chair of the Nomination Committee		Curatorium. In the past he was also a Director of several other listed	rector of several other listed
		 Mrs Ries became a director on 1 January 2015 and was elected as 	2015 and was elected as	companies a.o. KPN in the Netherlands.	(à
 Defining the Company's strateg 	Defining the Company's strategic objectives as well as its overall	Vice-Chair of the Board for the first time on 4 April 2019.	on 4 April 2019.	 Mr van Bommel holds an MSc in Economics from Erasmus University 	nics from Erasmus University
corporate plan;		 Mrs Ries is currently First Government Advisor to the Prime Minister 	isor to the Prime Minister	in Rotterdam.	
 Approval, upon proposal from the 	Approval, upon proposal from the Senior Leadership Team of the	and Minister for Media and Telecommunications in Luxembourg, in	ations in Luxembourg, in	 Mr van Bommel is the Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee. and 	lit and Risk Committee. and
annual consolidated accounts of t	annual consolidated accounts of the Company and the appropriation	charge of media, telecom and digital policy. Prior to this appoint-	cy. Prior to this appoint-	a member of the Remuneration Committee of SES	ittee of SES.
of results, the group's medium-te	of results, the group's medium-term business plan, the consolidated	ment in 2019, her focus over the last two decades has consistently	secades has consistently	 Mr van Bommel is a Dutch national. He is an independent director. 	is an independent director.
annual budget of the Company ,	annual budget of the Company and the management report to be	been on developing the tech and digital innovation ecosystem in	innovation ecosystem in		
submitted to the meeting of shar	submitted to the meeting of shareholders; approval of major invest-	Luxembourg, i.a. through the launch of the "Digital Luxembourg"	he "Digital Luxembourg"	Dr Jennifer Byrne	
ments and responsible vis-à-vis :	ments and responsible vis-à-vis shareholders approval third parties	initiative in 2014. She joined the Luxembourg civil service after	bourg civil service after	Dr Jennifer Byrne became a director on 7 April 2022	n 7 April 2022.
for the management of the Comp	for the management of the Company, management which it delegates	starting her professional career at an American law firm in Paris.	erican law firm in Paris.	 Dr Byrne enjoyed a successful 25-year career at Lockheed Martin 	career at Lockheed Martin
to the SLT in accordance with th	to the SLT in accordance with the company's internal regulations.	 Mrs Ries holds a law degree from the University of Paris II and the 	versity of Paris II and the	from 1993 to 2018. In her final role with Lockheed Martin as VP	th Lockheed Martin as VP,
 As of 31 December 2022, the Boi 	As of 31 December 2022, the Board is comprised of 10 members of	University of Oxford, and a postgraduate LL.M degree from the	e LL.M degree from the	Space and Missile Systems, she managed a team of 8,000 people.	jed a team of 8,000 people.
which 6 are considered independent. ¹	ident.1	London School of Economics.		She had responsibility for leading the design, development,	the design, development,
		 Mrs Ries is the Chair of the Nomination Committee and a member 	ommittee and a member	operation and sustainment of Civil Space. Military Space. Commer-	ce, Military Space, Commer-
MEMBERS OF THE BOARD		of the Remuneration Committee of SES.		cial Space. Strategic Missile Defence and Special Programs	ce and Special Programs
AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2022		 Mrs Ries is a Luxembourg and French national. She is not an 	national. She is not an	platforms. Dr Jennifer Byrne moved to London in 2018 to take up	London in 2018 to take up
		independent director because she represents an important share-	ents an important share-	her current role as COO of G-Research, which is a quantitative	ch, which is a quantitative
Frank Esser		holder.		research and technology business.	
Chair of the Board				 She has a B.S. in Mathematics and Biochemistry from the Univer- 	chemistry from the Univer-
 Frank Esser became a director or 	Frank Esser became a director on 11 February 2020. He was elected	Peter van Bommel		sity of Dallas, an M.S.E. in Computer Applications in Systems	r Applications in Systems
as Chair of the Board for the first time on 2 April 2020.	st time on 2 April 2020.	Vice-Chair of the Board		Engineering from Temple University and holds a Ph.D. in Systems	holds a Ph.D. in Systems
 He is the former Chair and CEO 	He is the former Chair and CEO of SFR, the leading private French	Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee		Engineering from George Washington University.	University.
Telecom Operator. In this functio	Telecom Operator. In this function he also served as Board Member	 Mr van Bommel became a director on 2 April 2020 and was elected 	iril 2020 and was elected	 Dr Byrne is a member of the Nomination Committee of SES. 	on Committee of SES.
of Vivendi Group. Prior to joining SFR, Mr Esser held	ning SFR, Mr Esser held several	as Vice-Chair of the Board for the first time on 7 April 2022.	1e on 7 April 2022.	 Dr Jennifer Byrne is a US national. She is an independent director. 	is an independent director.
managerial positions with Mann	managerial positions with Mannesmann group. He also serves as	 Mr van Bommel was Chief Financial Officer and member of the 	icer and member of the		
Vice-Chair of Swisscom.		Board of Management of ASM International from August 2010 until	al from August 2010 until		
 He is a member of the Nominat 	He is a member of the Nomination Committee and of the Remu-	May 2021.			
neration Committee of SES.		 He has more than twenty years of experience in the electronics and 	ice in the electronics and		
Mr Esser holds a PhD in Managerial Economics and	agerial Economics and an MS in	semiconductor industry. He spent most of his career at Philips,	of his career at Philips,		
Economics both from the University of Cologne.	rsity of Cologne.	which he joined in 1979.			
 Mr Esser is a German national. He is an independent director. 	He is an independent director.				
				 Serge Allegrezza and Tsega Gebreyas were Board members up to the AGM on 7 April 2022, Béatrice de Clermont-Tonnere was a Board member until 	members up to the AGM s a Board member until
				24 October 2022	

SOCIAL & GOVERNANCE **ENVIRONMENTAL**, (ESG) REPORT

GOVERNANCE & REMUNERATION CORPORATE

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INFORMATION

Carlo Fassbinder

- University in Strasbourg and a Magister Legum (LL.M.) in tax law binder has 25 years of experience in the field of taxation, finance and accounting and is Director of tax at the Ministry of Finance since and assists in the preparation of the Council meeting (ECOFIN). From 1997 to 2017 he worked in the tax department of BGL BNP Paribas where he was Head of Tax Retail & Corporate Banking since 2011. He holds a Maîtrise en droit des affaires from Robert Schuman Mr. Carlo Fassbinder became a director on 7 April 2022. Mr Fass-2017. He advises the finance minister on tax policies and tax treaties, Mr. Fassbinder is also a board member of Société Electrique de l'Our from Ludwig Maximilians University in Munich
- Mr Fassbinder is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee of SES.
- Mr. Fassbinder is a Luxembourg national. He is not an independent director because he represents an important shareholder

Ramu Potarazu

- Mr Potarazu became a director on 20 February 2014.
- He was the CEO of Binary Fountain. He is the Founder and former CEO of Vubiquity.
- Prior to founding Vubiquity, Mr Potarazu spent 15 years in various positions at Intelsat (1991-2006). He became Intelsat's Vice Commercial Restructuring in 2000. In 2001 Mr Potarazu became President of Intelsat Global Service Corporation and from 2002 to Prior to joining Intelsat, Mr Potarazu held several engineering President of Operations and CIO in 1996 and its Vice President, 2006 he was President and Chief Operating Officer of Intelsat Ltd. positions.
- Mr Potarazu graduated with a BS in Computer Science and in Mathematics from the Oklahoma Christian University. He also holds an MSc in Electrical Engineering from the John Hopkins University and was a member of the Stanford Executive Program.
 - He is a member of the Remuneration Committee of SES.
- Mr Potarazu is a US national. He is an independent director

Saj-Erik Relander

- Mr Relander became a director on 6 April 2017.
- Development prior to joining Sonera Corporation where he held eft Sonera in 2001 to join Accel Partners, a private equity and venture capital group before joining the Emirates Investment Authority in Mr Relander worked for the Finnish National Fund for Research and several management positions, including the position of CEO. He 2009 where he was a member of its Investment and Management Committee. Since 2014, he has been a private investor and board director.
- School of Economics having completed part of it at the Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania (USA), and studied also for a Mr Relander graduated from the Helsinki School of Economics with an MSC in Economics. He also holds an MBA from the Helsinki PhD at the Wharton School and the Aalto University, Helsinki.
- Mr Relander is a board member of the sovereign wealth fund of pany and Acino. He is Chair of the Investment Committee at the ADQ and ADGM, Abu Dhabi Global Markets, Louis Dreyfuss Comprivate equity fund Apis.pe and a board director of Starzplay Arabia.
- He is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee and of the Nomination Committee of SES.
- Mr Relander is a Finnish national. He is an independent director

Jacques Thill

- Mr Thill became a director on 2 December 2021
- Minister and Coordinator at the Luxembourg Prime Minister's Offlice. Since 2018 he is also the Government Delegate to the State as well as to the EU High Representative for the Common Foreign and Security Policy at the Council of the European Union in General of the Luxembourg Government, before becoming Secretary General of the Luxembourg Government until June 2020. From 2015 until 2021, Mr. Thill served as member of the Board of Directors of Mr Thill currently serves as First Government Advisor to the Prime Intelligence Service. Mr Thill joined the Luxembourg diplomatic service in 2004 and has represented Luxembourg in numerous bi- and multi-lateral negotiations. His diplomatic career includes postings to the Luxembourg Permanent Representation to the United Nations in New York and to the Luxembourg Embassy in Moscow, Brussels. From 2009 to 2013, Mr Thill served as diplomatic advisor to the Prime Minister. In 2013, he was appointed Deputy Secretary LUXGOVSAT S.A.
- and Administrative Studies from the College of Europe in Bruges where he specialised in European Competition Law and European Mr Thill holds a Master in European and International Law from the Paris 1 Panthéon-Sorbonne University and an MA in European Political Foreign Policy.
- Mr Thill is a member of the Nomination Committeeof SES.
- Mr Thill is a Luxembourg national. He is not an independent director because he represents an important shareholder

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	OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Covernance (ESG) Report	CORPORATE Governance & Remuneration	CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements	SES S.A. ADI ANNUAL INF ACCOUNTS	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
	Françoise Thoma		MISSION AND COMPOSITION		As of 31 December 2022, six of the board members are considered	are considered
	Chair of the Remuneration Committee	nittee			independent: Jennifer Byrne, Katrin Wehr-Seiter, Frank Esser, Ramu	ik Esser, Ramu
	 Ms Thoma became a director on 16 June 2016. 	n 16 June 2016.	As of 31 December 2022, the Board of SES is composed of 10 non-ex-	omposed of 10 non-ex-	Potarazu, Kaj-Erik Relander and Peter van Bommel.	
	 Ms Thoma is President and Ch 	Ms Thoma is President and Chief Executive Officer of Banque et	ecutive directors, four of them female.			
	Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat, and a	Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat, and a member of the Boards of Directors			The four current directors proposed by the B-shareholders are not	olders are not
	of Cargolux International Airline	of Cargolux International Airlines S.A., Luxair S.A., the Luxembourg	In accordance with the Company's articles of association, two-thirds of	ssociation, two-thirds of	considered independent as they represent a significant shareholder	nt shareholder
	Stock Exchange and of Enovos Luxembourg S.A	Luxembourg S.A.	the board members represent the holders of A-shares and one-third	A-shares and one-third	owning more than 5% of the company's shares.	
	 She was a member of the Luxem 	She was a member of the Luxembourg Council of State from 2000–	of the board members represent the holders of B-shares.	of B-shares.		
	2015 and holds a PhD in Law from the Université de	v from the Université de Paris II			Thai Rubin, Chief Legal Officer, is the Board Secretary. He is supported	le is supported
	Panthéon-Assas and an LL.M. from Harvard Law School.	rom Harvard Law School.	The mandates of the current directors will expire at the AGM of share	re at the AGM of share-	by Mathis Prost, Senior Manager, Legal Services Corporate	Corporate and
	 Ms Thoma is the Chair of the Rer 	Ms Thoma is the Chair of the Remuneration Committee and a mem-	holders in April 2023, 2024 and 2025 respectively.	ively.	Finance, as Assistant Secretary to the Board of Directors.	ors.
	ber of the Audit and Risk Committee of SES.	nittee of SES.				
	 Ms Thoma is a Luxembourg na 	Ms Thoma is a Luxembourg national. She is not an independent	In the event of a vacancy on the Board, the remaining directors may,	maining directors may,	In the context of the Board composition, the SES Nomination Com-	nination Com-
	director because she represents an important shareholder.	s an important shareholder.	upon a proposal from the Nomination Committee and on a temporary	tee and on a temporary	mittee will consider a diverse Board as adding value to the Company,	the Company,
			basis, fill such a vacancy by a majority vote. In this case, the next AGM	this case, the next AGM	not limiting diversity to gender diversity, but also considering, as far	sidering, as far
	Katrin Wehr-Seiter		of shareholders will definitively elect the new director, who will	new director, who will	as possible, professional background, experience and age diversity.	age diversity.
	 Mrs Wehr-Seiter became a director on 1 January 2015. 	tor on 1 January 2015.	complete the term of the director whose seat became vacant.	became vacant.)
	 She is a Managing Director of 	She is a Managing Director of BIP Investment Partners SA and a			RULES OF GOVERNANCE	
	Managing Director/Partner of BIP Capital Partners.	P Capital Partners.	In accordance with internal regulations adopted by the Board, at least	ed by the Board, at least		
	 Prior to joining BIP, she served as 	Prior to joining BIP, she served as a Principal at global investment firm	one-third of the board members must be independent directors.	ndependent directors.	The Board of Directors meets when required by the Company's busi-	ompany's busi-
	Permira and worked also as an i	Permira and worked also as an independent strategy consultant as	A board member is considered independent if he or she has no	t if he or she has no	ness, and at least once per quarter. It can only validly deliberate if	deliberate if a
	well as a Senior Advisor to ir	a Senior Advisor to international private equity group	relationship of any kind with the company or management that may	management that may	majority of the directors are present or represented. The resolutions	he resolutions
	Bridgepoint. She started her profe	Bridgepoint. She started her professional career at Siemens AG where	impact his or her judgment.		of the Board are passed by a simple majority of the votes of the voting	es of the voting
	she held various positions in strat	she held various positions in strategy consulting and engineering. She			directors present or represented, not considering abstentions. The	stentions. The
	serves as a director of Bellevue G	serves as a director of Bellevue Group, Meyer Burger Technology and	Independence for these purposes is defined as:	as:	Chairperson does not have a casting vote.	
	several non-listed corporations.					
	 Mrs Wehr-Seiter holds an MBA froi 	Mrs Wehr-Seiter holds an MBA from INSEAD and an MSc in Mechanical	 not having been an employee or officer of the company over the 	f the company over the	Any material contract that is proposed to be signed by the Company	/ the Company
ð	Engineering from the Technical University of Chemnitz.	University of Chemnitz.	previous five years;		or any of its wholly controlled operating subsidiaries with a share-	with a share-
220	 Mrs Wehr-Seiter is a member of 	Mrs Wehr-Seiter is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee and	2. not having had a material business relationship with the company	ship with the company	holder owning at least 5% of the shares of the Company,	any, directly or
5 T 2		of SES.			indirectly, is subject to a prior authorisation by the Board	ard.
909	 Mrs Wehr-Seiter is a German nation 	Mrs Wehr-Seiter is a German national. She is an independent director.	3. not representing a significant shareholder holding more than 5%	r holding more than 5%	-	
ЗЯ			of the voting shares directly or indirectly.		In 2022, there were no transactions between the Company and a	ompany and a
٦¥١						ares, nor were
ΩN					there any other transactions involving a conflict of interest for any of	erest for any of
NΑ					the directors.	
SB						
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ACTIVITIES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	D OF DIRECTORS	During 2022, the Board also decided to enter into a new liquidity	iter into a new liquidity	BOARD GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE	
IN 2022		agreement with a service provider to be implemented in 2023 and	plemented in 2023 and a decision taken during	& COMMITTEES	
The Board of Directors held six physical meetings and four extraor-	ysical meetings and four extraor-		ם תברופותו ופצבו תתווות	The Board agenda is prepared in close cooperation between the	ion between the
dinary Board calls in 2022, with an attendance rate of more than 95%	attendance rate of more than 95%.			Chairperson, the Vice-Chairpersons and the CEO. The committees	The committees
In accordance with the sanitary measures related to the COVID-19	leasures related to the COVID-19	The Board was regularly updated on the development of the major	velopment of the major	consist of five to six members, at least a third of whom are independ-	om are independ-
pandemic, meetings were held under relevant sanitary control meas-	er relevant sanitary control meas-	projects and it noted updates on the company's risk management	any's risk management	ent board members in line with SES' internal regulations.	tions.
ures, allowing virtual attendance for Board members unable to attend	r Board members unable to attend	report. The Senior Leadership Team (SLT) regularly informed the	regularly informed the		
in person. After endorsement by the Audit and Risk Committee, the	he Audit and Risk Committee, the	Board about the group's activities and financial situation. The Board	cial situation. The Board	The Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board in carrying out its	n carrying out its
Board approved the 2021 audited accounts, the dividend and the	f accounts, the dividend and the	noted updates on: (i) the execution of the Strategic Plan; (ii) the 2022	ategic Plan; (ii) the 2022	oversight responsibilities in relation to corporate policies, risk manage-	cies, risk manage-
	2022.	business objectives, why the impact of COVID-19 of the Company's brieness as well as its staff, and (iv) the Company's continued	Company's continued	requilatory reporting practices it further proceeds to the evaluation	to the evaluation
The Board approved the final version of the 2023 Budget and the	sion of the 2023 Budget and the	corporate simplification program which resulted in an important	sulted in an important	of potential deals. including financial due diligence, risk assessment	risk assessment
2023-2027 Business Plan. It also reviewed the Strategic Plan and held	viewed the Strategic Plan and held	further reduction of the corporate footprint in 2022	in 2022.	and financing options before submission to the Board. It has an	Board. It has an
a detailed Strategic Session in June 2022. On that occasion and	une 2022. On that occasion and			oversight function and provides a link between the internal and	the internal and
throughout the year, Management briefed the Board on the latest	t briefed the Board on the latest	At each meeting, directors receive a report on ongoing matters and	on ongoing matters and	external auditors and the Board. It determines the ESG Targets of the	SG Targets of the
industry trends and the resulting strategic implications for SES.	trategic implications for SES.	the Chairpersons of the committees set up by the Board present a	by the Board present a	Company and monitors progress towards the accomplishment of the	nplishment of the
		report on the latest developments discussed in these respective com-	in these respective com-	ESG Targets.	
The Board approved the investment in a replacement satellite on	ent in a replacement satellite on	mittees. In addition, a business report is distributed to the members	cributed to the members		
orbital position 57 degrees East thus ensuring continuity of service	nus ensuring continuity of service	of the Board on a regular basis.		The Remuneration Committee assists the Board on the determination	he determination
on an important position for SES. The Board also approved the acqui-	he Board also approved the acqui-			of the remuneration of the members of the Senior Leadership Team	Leadership Team
sition of DRS Global Enterprise Services, a leading provider of inte-	srvices, a leading provider of inte-	As a result of the last Board evaluation exercise and in-keeping with	cise and in-keeping with	(SLT) and advises on the overall remuneration policies applied	policies applied
grated satcom solutions for the US Government, followed by the com-	Government, followed by the com-	best practice, each Board meeting concludes with a restricted session,	with a restricted session,	throughout the Company. It acts as administrator of the Company's	of the Company's
bination with the existing and SES Government Solutions business	S Government Solutions business	without the presence of Management.		long-term equity plans.	
resulting in a best-in-class and scaled solutions provider to the US	aled solutions provider to the US			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-
Government.				The Nomination Committee identifies and proposes suitable candi-	es suitable candi-
				dates for the Board of Directors, for election by the AGM of Sharehold-	- הוסוסר Snarenoid
With regard to the Company's corporate governance, the Board	orporate governance, the Board			ers. Proposais are based on submissions from shareholders for a num-	lolders lor a num-
dissolved the Strategic Committee, of which only one meeting was	e, of which only one meeting was			ber of candidates at least equal to the number of posts to be filled for	sts to be filled for
held in 2022. A Strategic laskforce is set up each year on a tempo-	e is set up each year on a tempo-			each class of shareholders. It also identifies and proposes suitable	Jroposes suitable
rary basis, composed of several board and management members, in order to assist with the preparation of the Board's vearly stratedy	ard and management members, in on of the Board's vearly stratedy				
discussion day.					



MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE RATE IN %

4 meetings and 2 calls

91%

3 meetings and 3 calls

%*6

%06

4 meetings

6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		isting directors and the ducted interviews and didates for election by the the Executive Committee ation in close cooperation fanagement and reviewed Planning. riefed in writing about the e.
SES S.A. Annual Accounts	THE NOMINATION COMMITTEE	 Discussed the size and the composition of the Board. It also discussed the renewal of existing directors and the appointment of new directors, conducted interviews and proposed to the Board a list of candidates for election by the shareholders in April 2022. Discussed the future structure of the Executive Committee and was involved in its implementation in close cooperation with the CEO. Instigated a deep dive on Talent Management and reviewed Executive Committee Succession Planning. After each meeting, the Board is briefed in writing about the work of the Nomination Committee.
4 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		Matters addressed related to the determination of the bonuses and the vesting of performance shares allocated to the members of the SLT for their performance in 2021. Adoption of the 2022 corporate business objectives, which are used as one element in the determination of 2022 bonuses for SLT members. Review and proposal of the remuneration packages for new SLT members. Review and proposal of the 2022 long term equity grants for SLT members. Inclusion of ESG targets as a metric to determine vesting of Performance Shares for SLT members. Proposed to review and adjust the Remuneration Policy. The proposed to review and adjust the Board and by the Ordinary Shareholder Meeting. After each meeting, the Board in writing about the work of the Remuneration Committee.
3 CORPORATE COVERNANCE & REMUNERATION	THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	 Matters addressed related to the deter bonuses and the vesting of performant to the members of the SLT for their pelanes are used as one element in the determ bonuses for SLT members. Review and proposal of the remunerati SLT members. Review and proposal of the 2022 long 'SLT members. Inclusion of ESG targets as a metric to Performance Shares for SLT members. Inclusion of ESG targets as a metric to Performance Shares for SLT members. Proposed to review and adjust the Ren The proposal has been approved by th Ordinary Shareholder Meeting. After each meeting, the Board is briefe work of the Remuneration Committee.
PERATIONAL STRATEGIC SOCIAL & COVENNANCE SOCIAL & COVENNANCE (SSC) REPORT (SSC) REPO	RISK	Reviewed the 2021 financial results before their submission to the Board and their subsequent approval by the shareholders at the statutory AGM. Reviewed the H1 2022 financial results of the Company. Reviewed the Company's statement on internal control systems prior to its inclusion in the annual updates on the Internal Audit plan, and received bi-annual updates on the Internal Audit activities and on the follow-up of the major recommenda- tions. It also reviewed the 2021 PwC Management letter. Proposed to the Board and to the shareholders to appoint PwC as external auditor for 2022 including its proposed com- pensation. Received quarterly updates on risk management from the SES risk management committee and was briefed on ongoing compliance matters. Reviewed WACC parameters for remuneration purposes, cus- tomer credit risk and collection and of the Treasury Roadmap. After each meeting, the Board is briefed in writing about the work of the Audit and Risk Committee. Reviewed the Company's Budget and Business Plan Evaluated the DRS Global Enterprise Services acquisition
operational e strategic report Report	THE AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE	 Reviewed the 2021 fin the Board and their su at the statutory AGM. Reviewed the H1 2022 Reviewed the Compaprior to its inclusion in Audit activities and on the Board Audit activities and on the Such as external audit pensation. Received quarterly ur SES risk managemen compliance matters. Reviewed WACC para to After each meeting, the work of the Audit and After each meeting, the work of the Audit and Reviewed the Compa

project, including financial due diligence, risk assessment and financing options.

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DR LEADERSHIP I (SLT) П



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Chief Executive Officer, STEVE COLLAR Chair of the SLT



Chief Financial Officer SANDEEP JALAN \uparrow



PANOREA MACDONALD Chief People Officer

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Chief Strategy and Product Officer JOHN-PAUL HEMINGWAY



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CHRISTOPHE DE HAUWER Chief Development Officer



 \uparrow

Chief Technology Officer

RUY PINTO

Chief Services Officer JOHN BAUGHN



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THAI RUBIN

Chief Legal Officer

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SENIOR LEADERSHIP TEAM (SLT)	FEAM (SLT)	Steve Collar Chief Executive Officer. Chair of the SLT		Panorea Macdonald Chief People Officer	
The SES Executive Committee is Team (SLT):	The SES Executive Committee is known as the Senior Leadership Team (SLT):	 Appointed in April 2018. From 2017 to 2018 he was CEO of SES Networks. Prior to SES he was CEO of 03h Networks and has profound expe- 	stworks. s and has profound expe-	 Appointed in July 2022. Prior to SES, she worked in senior HR leadership roles for technol- oov companies such as Sun Microsystems. Hewitt. Motorola and 	technol- rola and
 It is in charge of the daily management of the group. It functions as a collegial body. 	agement of the group.	rience in a variety of commercial, business development and tech- nical roles at SES WORLD SKIES, New Skies Satellites, Astrium and	s development and tech- es Satellites, Astrium and	GE in the US, Canada, UK, Africa, Dubai, Saudi Arabia, Grece Singapore.	ece and
 It is mandated to prepare and plan the overall p gies of the company for approval by the Board. It may approve intra-croup transactions, irrespec 	 It is mandated to prepare and plan the overall policies and strate- gies of the company for approval by the Board. It may approve intra-croup transactions, irrespective of the amount. 	Matra Marconi Space (now Airbus). • Holds a degree in Mechanical Engineering from Brunel University in London.	ig from Brunel University	 Holds an MBA from York University in Canada, numerous HR coaching qualifications. Mrs Macdonald is a Greek and Canadian national. 	HR and
provided that they are consis budget of the company, as wel	provided that they are consistent with the consolidated annual budget of the company, as well as specific transactions with third	 Mr Collar is a British national. 		John-Paul Hemingway	
parties provided that the cost i	parties provided that the cost to SES does not exceed \mathfrak{E} 10 million	Sandeep Jalan Chiaf Einanzial Officar		Chief Strategy and Product Officer Annovinted on 1st January 2022 as Chief Strateov and Product	Product
 It informs the Board at its next 	It informs the Board at its next meeting of each such transaction,	 Appointed in May 2020. 		Officer.	
it being understood that the a actions can at no time be hig the SLT are appointed by the I	it being understood that the aggregate amount for all such trans- actions can at no time be higher than €30 million. Members of the SLT are appointed by the Board of Directors upon a proposal	 He has 30 years of experience in financial and operational leader- ship roles across Asia and Europe. He was until most recently the CFO of Aperam, a global leader in the stainless, electrical and spe- cition of Aperam, a global leader in the stainless, electrical and spe- cition of Aperam, a global leader in the stainless, electrical and spe- cition of the stainless of the stainless of the standard spe- cition of the stainless of the stainless of the standard spe- cition of the stainless of the stainless of the standard spe- cition of the stainless of the standard spectrum of	I and operational leader- is until most recently the inless, electrical and spe-	 Prior to that he served as CEO of SES Networks and prior to that, he served as the Executive Vice President, Product, Marketing and Strategy of SES Networks where he led Product Management, Marketing Distribution Distributions and Constrate Strategy. 	r to that, ting and gement,
from the Nomination Committee.	90	cialty steel industry, a role he led since 2014. Previously, he worked for the ArcelorMittal Group since 1999 where he held various roles including the CFO of ArcelorMittal Long Carbon Europe and was part of the M&A team responsible for numerous acquisitions in both steel and mining. He was also the CFO & Company Secretary for ispat Alloys Ltd from 1993 to 1999. • He is a Commerce Graduate from Banaras Hindu University (BHU), Chartered Accountant (equivalent to CPA) and Company Secretary from the respective India. He has also completed an Executive Education Programme on Leadership at the London Busi- ness School and an Executive Education program on Strategic Finance at IMD, Lausanne. • Mr Jalan is an Indian national.	1/4. Previously, ne worked nere he held various roles Carbon Europe and was erous acquisitions in both & Company Secretary for 3 and Company Secretary le has also completed an arship at the London Busi- on program on Strategic	 Marketing, business Development and Corporate Strategy. Before SES acquired O3b and formed SES Networks, he was Chief Marketing Officer for O3b Networks. Prior to that, he held a variety of senior management roles in the networking industry within Ciena, Corning Cables, and Netscient. Holds a PhD in Optical Communications and a BSc (Hons) from Manchester Metropolitan University, UK. Mr Hemingway is a British national. 	y. as Chief es in the ttscient. ns) from

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Christophe De Hauwer		John Baughn		RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SENIOR LEADERSHIP TEAM	IP TEAM
Chiet Development Officer		Chief Services Officer			external guar-
	LUILICEL UIL ISL JAILUALY ZUZZ.	 Appointed in January 2019. 		antees, pledges, mortgages and any other encumbrances of the	rances of the
 Prior to that he served as Chief Stratt Member of the Board of SFS ASTRA 	Prior to that he served as Chief Strategy and Development Officer. Member of the Board of SFS ASTRA	 Since 2017, he had been Executive Vice President, Global Services at SFS Networks 	ssident, Global Services	Company, or any wholly-owned affiliate, for as long as the Company will not loss its investment produces as a positive of each facility.	the Company founds fooility
 Having joined SES in 2003. he h 	Having joined SES in 2003. he held several positions of responsi-	He initial SES Networks from 03b Networks where he led the	orks where he led the		
bility in the areas of Strategic N	bility in the areas of Strategic Marketing, Strategic and Business		erre erre erre erre erre erre erre err	 It may approve increases of up to 5% in the capital expenditure 	l expenditure
Planning and Corporate Developr	Planning and Corporate Development, as well as Fleet Development	 Between 2008 and 2015, he was VP Global Services at Ciena, and 	Services at Ciena, and	budget for a satellite procurement already approved by the Board.	by the Board.
and Yield Management.		has a vast Telco experience included leadership roles in Motorola.	ership roles in Motorola.	it being understood that the Internal Rate of Return will need to	n will need to
 Prior to joining SES, he worked in 	Prior to joining SES, he worked in the Strategy Consulting practice	 Holds an MBA from the University of Warwick. 	ick.	comply with certain specific thresholds defined by the Board. The	he Board. The
of the European Telecommuni	of the European Telecommunication and Media Industry with	 Mr Baughn is a British national. 		SLT informs the Board at its next meeting of each such increase.	uch increase.
Arthur Andersen.				 The SLT submits those measures to the Board that it deems nec- 	it deems nec-
 Holds an Engineering and a PhD 	Holds an Engineering and a PhD Degree from the Université Libre	Thai Rubin		essary to be taken in order to meet the purposes of the Company.	the Company.
de Bruxelles.		Chief Legal Officer		Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the SLT submits to the	ubmits to the
 Mr De Hauwer is a Belgian national 	nal.	 Appointed in July 2020. 		Board a consolidated budget for approval.	
		 Prior to that, he was the General Counsel of O3b Networks where 	of O3b Networks where	 The SLT is in charge of implementing all decisions taken by the 	taken by the
Ruy Pinto		he was as a key member of the leadership team, guiding the com-	team, guiding the com-	Board and by the committees specially mandated by the Board.	by the Board.
Chief Technology Officer		pany to its successful commercialisation before it was acquired by	efore it was acquired by	The SLT may, in the interests of the Company, sub-delegate part	delegate part
 Appointed in January 2019. 		SES in 2016.		of its powers and duties to its members acting individually or jointly.	ually or jointly.
 Since 2017, he had been the Dep 	Since 2017, he had been the Deputy Technology Officer and took	 In addition to holding multiple senior leadership roles within SES, 	ership roles within SES,	 The CEO organises the work of the SLT and coordinates the activ- 	ates the activ-
on the additional role of Chief In	on the additional role of Chief Information Officer (CIO) at SES in	he served as General Counsel at New Skies Satellites, guiding it to	s Satellites, guiding it to	ities of its members, who report directly to him. In order to facilitate	er to facilitate
2018.		a public listing on the NYSE in 2005 and its acquisition by SES in	s acquisition by SES in	the implementation by the Board of its overall duty to supervise	r to supervise
Between 1990 to 2016 he was	Between 1990 to 2016 he was working for Inmarsat where he	2006.		the affairs of the Company, the CEO informs the Chair of the Board	r of the Board
covered various technical and m	covered various technical and managerial roles, such as CTO and	 Before joining SES, Mr Rubin worked at PanAmSat Corporation. 	nAmSat Corporation.	on a regular basis of the Company's activities. The latter receives	atter receives
Group Chief Operations Officer (COO).	coo).	 Holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Wiscon- 	e University of Wiscon-	the minutes of all meetings of the SLT in due time.	
 Prior to that he was Chair of UKSp 	Prior to that he was Chair of UKSpace, and Director and VP of Space	sin, Madison and a Juris Doctor from Howard University School of	ird University School of		
for the Association of Defence, St	for the Association of Defence, Security and Aerospace Companies	Law in Washington, D.C.			
(ADS) and Non-Executive Dire	(ADS) and Non-Executive Director of the Space Application	 Mr Rubin is a US national. 			
Catapult.					
 Holds a degree in Electronics 	s Engineering and completed				
post-graduate studies in Digital T	post-graduate studies in Digital Telecommunications Systems, both				
from the Rio de Janeiro Catholic University (PUC-RJ).	University (PUC-RJ).				
 Mr Pinto is a dual British and Brazilian national. 	zilian national.				

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OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	TIONAL Tegic T	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esc) report	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & REMUNERATION	CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements	SES S.A. Annual Accounts	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
INTE	INTERNAL CONTROL PROCEDURES	ROCEDURES	Like all control systems, internal controls cannot provide an absolute	rols cannot provide an absolute	information is designed collaboratively and shared across the	and shared across the
			guarantee that all risks have been totally mitigated or eliminated	tally mitigated or eliminated.	company. To improve operations, SES is standardising its process	standardising its process
OBJE	OBJECTIVES AND PRINCIPLES	SIPLES			mapping using an end-to-end business process framework. This	process framework. This
			CONTROL ENVIRONMENT		framework is designed to ensure control and strategic alignment	ol and strategic alignment
The Boa	ard of Directors has the ov	The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for ensuring that			across the business, while capitalising on the standards of the telecom	he standards of the telecom
SES mai	intains a sound system of i	SES maintains a sound system of internal controls, including financial,	SES has adopted a robust internal control framework based on a set	introl framework based on a set	industry.	
operatic	onal and compliance contro	operational and compliance controls. Such a system is an integral part	of guidelines prepared by the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations	tee of Sponsoring Organisations		
of the c	corporate governance str	of the corporate governance strategy of SES S.A. ('the Company')	of the Treadway Commission ('COSO'). This framework applies to both	i. This framework applies to both	The internal control procedures described here are complemented	ed here are complemented
togethe	together with its subsidiaries and affiliates ('the Group').	l affiliates ('the Group').	the Group's regular satellite business activities as well as to the	ss activities as well as to the	by information concerning employee matters, mandatory trainings	itters, mandatory trainings
			specific and dedicated C-band spectrum clearing activities taking	strum clearing activities taking	and ethics provided in the ESG Report.	
Internal	control procedures help	Internal control procedures help to ensure the proper management	place in connection with the FCC Report & Order dated 3 March 2020.	ort & Order dated 3 March 2020.		
of risks (and provide reasonable as	of risks and provide reasonable assurance that the business objectives	The framework provides reasonable assurance that the internal con-	assurance that the internal con-		
of the C	of the Company can be achieved.		trol objectives are being achieved; it is also consistent with the refer-	s also consistent with the refer-		
			ence framework proposed by the French securities regulator, the	rench securities regulator, the		
The inte	ernal control procedures a	The internal control procedures are defined and implemented by the	Autorité des Marchés Financiers ('AMF')	ΛF').		
Compar	ny to ensure the following	Company to ensure the following objectives in the table below:		-		
			The Board has delegated the design	has delegated the design, implementation, and mainte-		
Interna	Internal Control Objectives		nance of a rigorous and effective sys	rigorous and effective system of internal controls to the		
			Company's Senior Leadership Team, v	Senior Leadership Team, which in turn works closely with		
		tintanian t	the other levels of management in establishing control policies and	stabilshing control policies and		
	Compliance of actions and regulations, standards, int	Compliance of actions and decisions with applicable laws, regulations, standards, internal rules, and contracts	procedures.			
	Safeguarding efficiency ar	Safeguarding effliciency and effectiveness of operations	SES has implemented an organisational structure with defined responsibilities. competencies and reporting lines that provide the	ational structure with defined eporting lines that provide the		
	and the optimal use of the Company's resources	s company's resources	framework in which internal controls are	rols are being executed and		
SAN	Correct implementation of the Company's internal notably those to ensure the safeguarding of assets	Correct implementation of the Company's internal processes, notably those to ensure the safeguarding of assets	controlled to meet the Company's objectives.	ojectives.		
LЭ			Policies and procedures are regularly	d procedures are regularly reviewed and are updated when		
	Integrity and reliability of financial and operational information, both for internal and external use	financial and operational nal and external use	required. These policies and procedures apply to all employees and officers of the Group, and where appropriate, to its directors as well	hese policies and procedures apply to all employees and the Group, and where appropriate, to its directors as well		
ГЯОЧЭЯ	Ensuring that managemer are properly applied	Ensuring that management's instructions and directions are properly applied	as to other groups. A Delegation of Authority Policy is in place, and is regularly updated, providing the rules for the internal approvals and oversial evolution, that are required to enthorise and evternal	groups. A Delegation of Authority Policy is in place, and updated, providing the rules for the internal approvals and sconting that are required to surfacise and external		
				en la antitalise ally exterilat		
	Ensuring that material risks are properly identified, assessed, mitigated, and reported	ks are properly identified, reported	commitment of the company.			

The main SES functions and processes are electronically documented using a centralised Business Process Management software to ensure

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	RISK MANAGEMENT		A dedicated Risk Management Team facilitates and coordinates the reporting process and assists the Risk Management Group with the	ates and coordinates the agement Group with the	Each reported risk is categorised, assessed by the risk owners, and reviewed by the Risk Management Group. Key risk developments are	risk owners, and Jevelopments are
	SES adopted a risk manag	SES adopted a risk management framework based on principles	assessment of risks. The Risk Management Group reports to the	nt Group reports to the	periodically reported to the Senior Leadership Team, the Audit and	m, the Audit and
	proposed by COSO and ISC place representing SES key	proposed by COSO and ISO31000. A Risk Management Group is in place representing SES key functions which is responsible for the	Senior Leadership Team which in turn reports to the Board, which has the ultimate responsibility for oversight of the Company's risks and	s to the Board, which has the Company's risks and	Risk Committee and the Board.	
	adequate reporting of the Company's risks and of the risk management policy and procedures.	adequate reporting of the Company's risks and the implementation of the risk management policy and procedures.	for ensuring that an effective risk management system is in place. The risk management policy is regularly reviewed and updated by the	ment system is in place. ewed and updated by the	INTERNAL CONTROL ACTIVITIES	
			Risk Management Team.		Satellite operations	
	Dick Mananamant Structura				· The operational procedures for satellite control and payload	rol and payload
		D			management cover manoeuvres and configuration changes	uration changes
					required in nonlined structions as well as in the case of technical emergencies. The controllers are trained and certified in the	case of technical certified in the
	BOARD OF	BOARD OF DIRECTORS (BOD)	AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE (ARC)	TTEE (ARC)	execution of such procedures which are periodically reviewed and	ally reviewed and
	OVERALL RE	OVERALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR RM	VERSIGHT OF RM PROCESS	DCESS	updated. Satellite control software is being used and fully validated	nd fully validated
		•			electronic procedures for station-keeping and other regular	d other regular
		→	(SES has designed establish continuanty and amorgany compares 	ES fleet.
	SENIOD LEAD	SENIOD LEADEDSHID TEAM (SIT)			process, crisis management systems, supporting infrastructure and	nfrastructure and
	RESPONSIBLE FOR THE	RESPONSIBLE FOR THE RM AT THE MANAGEMENT LEVEL			tools to address satellite in-orbit anomaly s	situations at an
					appropriate management level. SES applies industry-standard	idustry-standard
		\leftrightarrow	→		incident management, escalation, and reporting processes to provide effective and timely support to customers	ng processes to s
					 SES has adequate satellite control primary and backup capabilities 	č. ckup capabilities
		RISK MANAGE OVERALL IMPLEMENTATION OF	RISK MANAGEMENT GROUP OVERALL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RM POLICY & PROCEDURES		utilising the European and US-based Satellite Operations Centres	erations Centres
					('SOCs'). SOCs can take over the operations of the other in an	f the other in an
		SES GLO NETWORKS SERV	GLOBAL SES SES SERVICES VIDEO		emergency with the fail-over procedure being tested regularly. SOCs can also be controlled remotely from any other dedicated	tested regularly. other dedicated
2					location via secure internet connection if the situation would	situation would
202	STRATEGY &	RISK MANAGEMENT TEAM	SEMENT TEAM	FINANCE	A correction during during and the second	
ТЯС	DEVELOPMENT	INCL: KISK MANAGE	IMENT COORDINATOR		 A curporate poincy deaming with saterine insurance is in place and regularly updated reflecting the SFS Board approved insurance 	te is in place and
REP(structure and approval framework. Most of the launch and in-orbit	unch and in-orbit
JAU		CAPITAL TECHN]	insurance activities of the group are managed through SES' insur- ance and reinsurance cantive commanies based in 1 usemburg	rough SES' insur-
NNA					Both companies are regulated and managed in accordance with	accordance with
\$3					the European Solvency II directive and are therefore subject to	refore subject to
s	← Delegation / Monitoring	← Risk Report. Designated Risk Rep	Designated Risk Representatives of key SES functions		strict supervision and governance rules detailed in the companies'	n the companies'
L 9						

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governance manuals. 'In-orbit Third Party Liability' insurance is placed directly to the market, i.e., not using the captives. Such insurance covers all SES in-orbit satellites in compliance with licencing and other regulatory requirements in the various jurisdictions where SES operates.

 For SES infrastructure redundancy, adequate backup capabilities are implemented.

Global services operations

- Global Services is responsible for the operation and management of the customer-facing network, video services and content operations including the maintenance and oversight of systems and network components supporting SES customer traffic and video services.
- The monitoring and operational procedures address static state as well as anomalous states of network operations. All engineers are trained in the execution of such procedures which are periodically reviewed and updated. SES uses multiple tools and software to manage and monitor the network and these tools have redundancy enabled in the event of a systemic anomaly.
 - Network operations and payload management is performed in Network Operations Centres ('NOCs') mainly located in US and Europe. Video operations centres are in Israel and Europe. SES has instituted disaster recovery procedures and handover to other sites is possible and regularly tested.
 - SES applies industry-standard incident management, escalation, and reporting processes to provide effective and timely support to customers.

Commercial operations

 A Master Service Agreement ('MSA') forms the basis for the contractual relationship with our customers. Deal specifications and commercial terms and conditions are outlined in a Service Order ('SO') which will be subject to the general terms and conditions of the underlying MSA.

- Most SES customer contracts follow this MSA-SO structure for which standard templates exist. Any negotiation of the terms and conditions of the MSA or SO are subject to commercial legal review.
 Customer contract and order management follows predefined workflows which are embedded in a customer relationship management ('CRM') tool. Appropriate segregation of duties is ensured while individual workflow steps and tasks are subject to
- service representatives. Deal pricing for satellite capacity as well as for Network and Video products generally bases on approved rate cards which are linked to the product catalogue and solution configuration tool of CRM. Pricing deviations from approved rate card are governed by an approval matrix with internal hierarchy.

approval from the various sales, finance, legal operations, and

 The Group's Credit & Collections policy defines the rules and principles related to customer credit risk management and cash collection and related revenue recognition as well as deposit and payments terms for a deal.

Procurement operations

- SES' Technology Space Programmes department is responsible for the Space Infrastructure procurement including satellites and launch vehicles.
- A Space Infrastructure procurement process, strategy and policy are in place to govern appropriate procedures such as the creation of Requests for Information and Requests for Proposal generation, satellite manufacturer selection, technical and commercial evaluations as well as legal review.
- Detailed business plans are refined based on RFP responses and the endorsement of the SLT is required before the procurement proposal is presented to the Board for approval.
- Procurement of Space Infrastructure (satellites and launch vehicles) is approved by the Board as a significant investment activity, and contracts are signed in accordance with delegation of authority.
- Payments are made on the complete fulfilment of milestone requirements in accordance with the Milestone Payment Plan defined in the contract Terms and Conditions.

The Vendor Management & Procurement ('VMP') function supports the business for non-satellite procurement, governed by a dedicated policy that sets the framework for an appropriate level of internal controls over purchasing. SAP is used to support the purchasing process with appropriate workflow rules for approvals and the segregation of duties. Contracting with a vendor can be done either by a Purchase Order ("PO") incorporating SES's General Purchasing Terms and Conditions or a separate contract which is subject to legal review prior to the issuance of a PO. Each PO needs workflow approval in line with SES' Delegation of Authority Policy. The requester must ensure that the purchase is within the approved budget. Certain types of purchases – such as capital expenditure and major cost of sales projects – require dedicated budget controls to ensure that sufficient budget is allocated and available before finalising the purchase.

 The supply chain function within VMP optimises and streamlines the exchange of goods or services covering demand planning, logistics and warehouse management. Controls are in place to ensure effective workflows, an efficient use of resources, and compliance with regulatory obligations such as shipment and customs documentation.

Financial operations and reporting

- Appropriate accounting and financial reporting policies and procedures are in place, regularly reviewed and updated for business developments and regulatory changes.
- Staff involved in the Group's accounting, consolidation and reporting are appropriately qualified, trained and are kept up to date with relevant changes in both national requirements and in International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').
- Controls have been established in the processing of accounting transactions to ensure appropriate authorisations, an effective segregation of duties, and the complete, timely and accurate recording of financial information. This control framework continues to be enhanced through the implementation of additional workflow-based controls and validations. Risk-based monitoring controls are implemented for key SAP control configurations and transac-

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tions. Specific controls are in p	tions. Specific controls are in place, such as monthly reviews and	 The Legal & Regulatory function is also responsible for maintaining 	ponsible for maintaining	 SES applies an Information Security Management System ('ISMS') 	agement System ('ISMS')
data validation procedures, t	data validation procedures, to ensure the correct and timely	and improving SES's compliance program. A Group-wide 'Code of	A Group-wide 'Code of	in line with the ISO 27001 standard which is subject to regular	nich is subject to regular
recognition of revenues.		Conduct and Ethics' ('Code of Conduct') was implemented to	") was implemented to	ISO 27001:2013 certification for the scope of data services deliv-	pe of data services deliv-
 Treasury activities are centre 	Treasury activities are centrally managed within a framework	enable all employees, officers, and directors as well as other groups	s as well as other groups	ered through high-throughput GEO satellites.	llites.
approved by the Board, and v	approved by the Board, and which reflects the Group's current	to take a consistent approach to integrity issues and to make sure	ssues and to make sure	· The SES Azure Cloud Platform has been put in place with an	en put in place with an
Treasury Policy. Appropriate su	Treasury Policy. Appropriate segregation of duties, including the	that the Group conducts its business in compliance with	in compliance with all	adequately designed control environment, leading to an improved	nt, leading to an improved
assignment of bank mandates	assignment of bank mandates between members of SES manage-	applicable laws and regulations and observes the highest stand-	rves the highest stand-	level of standardisation and harmonisation of the SES IT landscape.	n of the SES IT landscape.
ment, Treasury, and accounting	ment, Treasury, and accounting departments, is in place. Specialist	ards of business ethics.		The Cloud Centre of Excellence programme with Microsoft has	amme with Microsoft has
software helps ensure the efficie	software helps ensure the efficiency and control of foreign exchange	 SES implemented a Sales Agent Policy and developed 	and developed a com-	been completed and is fully operational and is facilitating standards	nd is facilitating standards
transactions, interest and liquid.	transactions, interest and liquidity management, and the implemen-	prehensive process and dedicated controls for ensuring SES	trols for ensuring SES	setting and development of new products and platforms in the	icts and platforms in the
tation of SES' hedging strategy 1	tation of SES' hedging strategy for interest rate and foreigncurrency	representatives act with integrity. A dedicated team within the	icated team within the	Cloud. The Cloud solution provides state-of-the-art backup	state-of-the-art backup
fluctuations. Furthermore, to	ensure enhanced security and	Legal Department conducts due diligence into and approves	nce into and approves	facilities to ensure enhanced continuity of all Cloud-based systems.	f all Cloud-based systems.
efficiency of the bank payme	efficiency of the bank payments process, the Company uses a	agent appointments. A Gift and Entertainment Policy is in place to	nent Policy is in place to	 All SES' main trading operations operate on a centrally managed, 	e on a centrally managed,
banking payments system whic	banking payments system which ensures secure authorisation and	provide rules and guidance for giving and receiving gifts and enter-	eceiving gifts and enter-	Cloud-based SAP ERP platform, applying consistent processes,	ng consistent processes,
transfer of payment instructions from SAP to banks.	is from SAP to banks.	tainment.		controls, and backup. A comprehensive SAP security policy has	SAP security policy has
 The main principles of SES' tax 	The main principles of SES' tax risk management are laid down in	· SES is committed to full compliance with competition laws. An	h competition laws. An	been defined and implemented. Appropriate SAP access manage-	iate SAP access manage-
the SES Tax Charter. Tax positic	the SES Tax Charter. Tax positions are analysed based on the most	Antitrust Compliance Policy and Guidelines have been implemented	have been implemented	ment is in place and is continually monitored and enhanced	ionitored and enhanced.
appropriate authoritative inter _l	appropriate authoritative interpretations and reported in internal	to inform employees of the scope of competition laws and how to	etition laws and how to	Segregation of duty principles and approval limits are defined	oval limits are defined and
tax technical memos or tax opir	tax technical memos or tax opinions from external tax consultancy	do the best work for SES whilst complying with the law.	with the law.	embedded in SAP workflows.	
firms. Current and deferred tax	firms. Current and deferred tax liabilities are recorded in the Group's	 Regulatory leads the export control and sanctions compliance with 	nctions compliance with	 SES has disaster recovery plans for its business-critical infrastruc- 	usiness-critical infrastruc-
accounts based on a key co	accounts based on a key control framework that ensures full	laws, regulations, and policies. Controls and workflows have been	id workflows have been	ture. The regular testing of these activities confirms that SES is in	es confirms that SES is in
transparency and understandir	transparency and understanding of all underlying data and recon-	established to interface with commercial and technical teams to	and technical teams to	a good position to recover all mission critical back-office applica-	itical back-office applica-
ciliation between the importan	ciliation between the important sources of information within the	ensure continued compliance with the growing needs associated	owing needs associated	tions within its recovery time objectives. Electronic information is	. Electronic information is
Tax and Accounting departmen	Tax and Accounting departments. A detailed tax accounting policy	with new products and services.		regularly backed up and tested.	
is in place. Transfer pricing docu	is in place. Transfer pricing documentation is continuously updated	· Dedicated training programmes are mandatory for employees	ndatory for employees	 A digital workflow process for managing information technology 	g information technology
and improved including a m	and improved including a master file, local files, and annual	(depending on the nature of their work) to ensure an appropriate	o ensure an appropriate	incidents and service requests is in place on a ServiceNow platform	on a ServiceNow platform
country-by-country reporting.		understanding and awareness of compliance related matters.	ice related matters.	further enhancing the level of automation. Relevant key performance	Relevant key performance
;				indicators are regularly reviewed. Information technology projects	ation technology projects
Compliance operations		Information Technology		are managed and executed using agile methodology based on	e methodology based on
 The Legal & Regulatory functic 	 The Legal & Regulatory function provides legal support to all SES 	 Management is committed to ensuring that SES' data, infrastruc- 	at SES' data, infrastruc-	features and capabilities of Azure Development Operations.	opment Operations.
operational areas and is an inte	operational areas and is an integral part of corporate governance	-	in the cloud and on SES	 SES ensures adequate and secure VPN connectivity and redun- 	connectivity and redun-
and supports all customer cor	and supports all customer contracting activities and processes,	premises are as secure as is reasonably and commercially	bly and commercially	dancy to cater for users working remotely. More applications	iotely. More applications
procurement and vendor mana	procurement and vendor management activities as herein before	practicable. Security controls, policies and procedures are in place	procedures are in place	continue to be progressively added onto our MS Multi-Factor	nto our MS Multi-Factor
mentioned.		to prevent unauthorised access to premises, computer systems,	ses, computer systems,	authentication to protect against unau	against unauthorised access due to
		networks, and data. Policies and procedures are continuously being	s are continuously being	password theft or password guessing attacks.	tacks.
		reviewed and updated.			

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 A dedicated cybersecurity tearr 	A dedicated cybersecurity team is in place to help and guide SES	 The Board also approves all significant investments and receives 	nt investments and receives	 Any material weaknesses in the system of internal controls 	of internal controls
management and business stak	management and business stakeholders to adequately secure SES	monthly financial reports setting out the Group's financial perfor-	the Group's financial perfor-	identified by either internal or external auditors are promptly and	ors are promptly and
systems, information assets and	systems, information assets and customer services. The cyberse-	mance in comparison to the approved budget and prior year figures.	oudget and prior year figures.	fully addressed. Regular reports are provided to the Senior	ided to the Senior
curity team follows a holistic al	curity team follows a holistic approach towards cybersecurity by	In accordance with IFRS requirements, SES discloses detailed	nts, SES discloses detailed	Leadership Team and to the ARC summarising	arising conclusions
Implementing a wide range of	implementing a wide range of security control mechanisms and	Information on the market, credit, and foreign exchange risks to	d toreign exchange risks to		compliance. Caluations last autitus
practices based on industry-lead	practices based on industry-leading standards, as well as cultivating a cultura of awareness and conting throughout our organisation	which it is exposed, as well as its strategy for managing those risks. The Audit and Dick Committee (ABC) is required on	egy tor managing those risks. C') is requilarly undated on	 The proxy structure of the SES Government Solutions Inc. enuty (a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary of SES S A) and its subsidiaries 	Solutions Inc. entity) and its subsidiaries
ם למוימות לו מאם לנולימי מוכל לממ			reporting, treasury, tax, and	and affiliates (together, 'the SES Government Solutions group'), in	Solutions group'), in
INFORMATION AND MONITORING ACTIVITIES	RING ACTIVITIES	legal issues.		line with common practice for businesses serving certain segments	ing certain segments
The SES Internal Communicati	The SES Internal Communication function ensures the effective	• The complete and timely recording of financial information is	of financial information is	of the US Government, imposes various restrictions on the SES	trictions on the SES
circulation of information across	circulation of information across the organisation and supports the	ensured through regular reviews, the monitoring of specific key	e monitoring of specific key	Group Board and executive management in directly supervising the	ectly supervising the
implementation of internal c_{0}	implementation of internal control and risk management by	performance indicators, validation procedures by functional leaders	cedures by functional leaders	maintenance of an internal control system and imposing an internal	imposing an internal
communicating business and 1	communicating business and functional objectives, instructions	and, as an additional check, the process of internal and external	ess of internal and external:	audit structure. Hence the Group's own Internal Audit function does	I Audit function does
and information pertinent to SE	and information pertinent to SES's business activities. Timely and	audit.		not perform direct internal control reviews of the SES Government	the SES Government
transparent information flow ac	transparent information flow across all levels and functions of SES	· The external auditor performs a limited review of the Group's	nited review of the Group's	Solutions group, but rather has an agreement with the SES	ment with the SES
is managed via a wide array of	is managed via a wide array of internal communications channels	interim condensed consolidated financial statements and a full	incial statements and a full	Government Solutions group's management as to required levels	as to required levels
ensuring that SES employees a	ensuring that SES employees around the world have access to all	audit of the annual consolidated financial statements.	ncial statements.	of risk management and internal control. In recent years these	recent years these
information required to do thei	information required to do their job most effectively and to take	· SES' Internal Audit function performs specific analyses of the	ns specific analyses of the	procedures have been subject to evaluation and compliance testing	d compliance testing
informed business decisions th	informed business decisions that are aligned with SES's business	relevance of, and compliance with, Company policies and internal	ompany policies and internal	by a third-party audit services provider, although this activity will	ugh this activity will
priorities and strategic directio	priorities and strategic direction as well as with our identity and	control procedures in accordance with general accepted Internal	th general accepted Internal	likely be suspended for a period to allow the full integration of	he full integration of
aspirational culture.		Audit Standards issued by the Institute of Internal Audit ('IIA'). The	e of Internal Audit ('IIA'). The	business operations of the original SES Government Services	overnment Services
- The Company relies on a co	The Company relies on a comprehensive system of financial	activities of the Internal Audit function are executed in accordance	n are executed in accordance	business and the DRS Global Enterprise Solutions business	Solutions business
information and oversight. Strat	information and oversight. Strategic plans, business plans, budgets	with an annual audit plan, which is reviewed and approved by the	viewed and approved by the	acquired on 1st August 2022. The Group's external auditor is also	ternal auditor is also
and the interim and full-year co	and the interim and full-year consolidated accounts of the Group	ARC. This plan is prepared in close cooperation with the company's	operation with the company's	engaged for the audit of the financial information provided by the	ition provided by the
are drawn up and brought to the Board for approval	le Board for approval.	Risk Management Team to dynamically link it to risks and exposures	/ link it to risks and exposures	SES Government Solutions group in the framework of the audit of	ework of the audit of
		that may affect the organisation and its operations	its operations.	the SES Group's consolidated financial statements.	nents.

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PRINCIPAL RISKS					
SES identified the following and adverse effect on its b operation. This section doe: contains a summary of the normal course of its busines	SES identified the following potential risks, which could have a material and adverse effect on its business, financial condition and results of operation. This section does not purport to be exhaustive, but rather contains a summary of the main risks that SES may face during the normal course of its business. Where mitigations are mentioned in this	section, there is no guarantee that such mitigations will be effective (in whole or in part) to remove or reduce the effect of a risk. SES defines risk as the possibility of a potential event, condition, action or inaction occuring and adversely affecting SES' ability to achieve its business objectives.	ations will be effective (in fect of a risk. SES defines ndition, action or inaction y to achieve its business		
STRATEGIC RISKS					
Competition		The satellite communications business is increasingly competitive. SES competes with national, regional and international geostationary (GEO), non-geostationary (NGSO) and fixed and wireless terrestrial operators. The competition from NGSO systems is potentially the most disruptive trend facing SES. With strong financial backing, vertical integration and technological advancements, such competitors are planning to enter multiple markets targeted by SES. In addition, the trend towards horizontal and vertical consolidation poses the risk of leaving SES behind with a smaller, less powerful relative market position towards customers as well as suppliers. SES regularly evaluates potential partner or merger targets that fit with its strategy.	igly competitive. SES competes with n s. The competition from NGSO system ancements, such competitors are plat is the risk of leaving SES behind with its ther or merger targets that fit with its	ational, regional and international geostatio is is potentially the most disruptive trend fa ining to enter multiple markets targeted by smaller, less powerful relative market posi strategy.	nary (CEO), non-geostationary Icing SES. With strong financial SES. In addition, the trend tion towards customers as well
Technology		The satellite communications industry is subject to rapid technological change. As a result, the technology used by SES could become less suitable for customer requirements leading to a reduced service demand and a negative revenue impact. SES monitors such changes and regularly evaluates opportunities to invest into new technologies.	o rapid technological change. As a res d and a negative revenue impact. SES	ult, the technology used by SES could beco monitors such changes and regularly evalue	me less suitable for customer ates opportunities to invest
Emerging Markets		SES' targets new geographical areas and emerging markets and is developing commercial arrangements with local communications. media and other businesses in these areas. SES may be exposed to political and other risks associated with such business. SES regularly evaluates and monitors conditions for conducting business in such areas and markets to ensure that such risks are identified and mitigated.	g markets and is developing commerci d other risks associated with such bus such risks are identified and mitigate	al arrangements with local communications iness. SES regularly evaluates and monitor d.	. media and other businesses s conditions for conducting
Investment		SES' desired strategic investments may not yield expected benefits due to a number of factors including uncertain or changing market conditions, financing costs and legal and regulatory issues.	expected benefits due to a number of t	actors including uncertain or changing mar	ket conditions, financing costs
eso		We recognise the effect ESG matters have on the company's everyday activities and the importance of having a sound risk management approach around those matters. SES is committed to conduct its business in accordance with highest standard governance processes and in a sustainable and environmentally friendly way. Failure to do so may have an adverse effect on the company's operation. financial results and reputation. SES is in a process of identifying and evaluating way. Failure to do so may have an adverse effect on the company's operation, financial results and reputation. SES is in a process of identifying and evaluating relevant ESC related risks and opportunities (including those related to climate) in order to ensure that necessary mitigating actions are in place. In view of complexity, and developing nature, of ESC related issues to be considered by the company, the above process includes engaging all relevant stakeholders and consulting external professional advisors. A number of such risks are closely linked to other areas covered in this section and are already being mitigated, for example, risks relating to in-orbit failures and consulting external professional advisors. A number of such risks are closely linked to other areas covered in this section and are already being mitigated, for example, risks relating to in-orbit failures and consults.	company's everyday activities and the in accordance with highest standard, n the company's operation, financial r uding those related to climate) in order issues to be considered by the compa er of such risks are closely linked to ot ersecurity. Details of company's >> ESC	fect ESG matters have on the company's everyday activities and the importance of having a sound risk management approach around thou mitted to conduct its business in accordance with highest standard governance processes and in a sustainable and environmentally friend or may have an adverse effect on the company's operation. financial results and reputation. SES is in a process of identifying and evaluating at risks and opportunities (including those related to climate) in order to ensure that necessary mitigating actions are in place. In view of eloping nature, of ESG related issues to be considered by the company, the above process includes engaging all relevant stakeholders and professional advisors. A number of such risks are closely linked to other areas covered in this section and are already being mitigated, for ng to in-orbit failures and cybersecurity. Details of company's <u>> ESG strategy</u> are provided in the Annual Report.	ment approach around those and environmentally friendly identifying and evaluating s are in place. In view of I relevant stakeholders and ready being mitigated, for t.
OPERATIONAL RISKS					
Dependency on key supplier(s)	G	Dependency on a small number of satellite manufacturers may reduce SES' negotiating power and access to advanced technologies and result in increased satellite procurement risk (e.g., due to technical difficulties and design problems with a particular model of satellite). SES mitigates these risks by maintaining a full level physical presence and oversight at manufacturer facilities throughout the spacecraft design, construction and acceptance. SES monitors manufacturers' supplier base and procurement sources and develops relationships with new suppliers where possible. SES is dependent on a limited number of launch service providers. As such, delays may be incurred in launching satellites in the event of a prolonged unavailability of service from a launch service provider. SES monitors developments on the launcher market, including those in respect to new launch service providers and new	iccurers may reduce SES' negotiating fificulties and design problems with a p facturer facilities throughout the spac- ops relationships with new suppliers w rvice providers. As such, delays may b litors developments on the launcher m	oower and access to advanced technologie: articular model of satellite.). SES mitigates 1 acraft design, construction and acceptance here possible. e incurred in launching satellites in the ever larket, including those in respect to new lau	s and result in increased these risks by maintaining a .SES monitors manufacturers' tt of a prolonged unavailability inch service providers and new

OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & BRMINEDATION	CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements	SES S.A. Annuat Accounts	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Launch delay(s) and launch failure(s)	ilure(s)	Launch delays are a possibility. Satellite lau to mitigate the risk of delays by ensuring ac There is always a small but inherent risk of SES mitigates such risks in several ways, in	Launch delays are a possibility. Satellite launch and in-orbit insurance policies do not compensa to mitigate the risk of delays by ensuring adequate margins in satellite procurement schedules. There is always a small but inherent risk of launch or early-orbit failure, resulting in a reduced si SES mitigates such risks in several ways, including by technical risk management of each launc	Launch delays are a possibility. Satellite launch and in-orbit insurance policies do not compensate for lost revenues and other consequential losses. SES attempts to mitigate the risk of delays by ensuring adequate margins in satellite procurement schedules. There is always a small but inherent risk of launch or early-orbit failure, resulting in a reduced satellite lifetime and/or functionality or the total loss of a satellite. SES mitigates such risks in several ways, including by technical risk management of each launch vehicle programme and asset insurance for each launch.	al losses. SES attempts ttal loss of a satellite. or each launch.
In-orbit failure(s)		A satellite may suffer in-orbit failures rangin being able to continue to provide service to tions. For some services, SES is able to offe addition, in respect of its GEO satellites, SE transferred to a GEO satellite of another op	uffer in-orbit failures ranging from a partial impairment of its commercial of ntinue to provide service to some of its customers. SES attempts to mitiga services, SES is able to offer an in-orbit backup strategy in which custome ect of its GEO satellites, SES has restoration agreements with other satelli GEO satellite of another operator in order to protect continuity of service.	A satellite may suffer in-orbit failures ranging from a partial impairment of its commercial capabilities to a total loss of the asset. Such failure may result in SES not being able to continue to provide service to some of its customers. SES attempts to mitigate this risk by careful vendor selection and high quality in-orbit opera- tions. For some services, SES is able to offer an in-orbit backup strategy in which customers using an impaired satellite may be transferred to another satellite. In addition, in respect of its CEO satellites, SES has restoration agreements with other satellite operators whereby customers on an impaired GEO satellite may be transferred to a GEO satellite of another operator in order to protect continuity of service.	e may result in SES not quality in-orbit opera- to another satellite. In 3EO satellite may be
Cybersecurity		SES' operations may be subject to hacking, number of cyber-attacks, it may not always continues to work to implement additional	SES' operations may be subject to hacking, malware and other forms of cyber-attack. Due to the high sophistication of c number of cyber-attacks, it may not always be possible to prevent every such event. SES has protections in place to hely continues to work to implement additional protective measures intended to limit the risks associated with such attacks.	SES' operations may be subject to hacking, malware and other forms of cyber-attack. Due to the high sophistication of certain attackers and an increasing number of cyber-attacks, it may not always be possible to prevent every such event. SES has protections in place to help protect its systems and networks and continues to work to implement additional protective measures intended to limit the risks associated with such attacks.	d an increasing ns and networks and
Space insurance coverage and availability	d avallability	SES maintains pre-launch, launch and initia market exclusions and are subject to limitat increased insurance premiums for SES. In o through its captive entities.	l in-orbit insurances, in-orbit insurance, and th closer. The insurance market has been seeing a closer. The insurance market side to mitigate these risks and optimise the c	SES maintains pre-launch, launch and initial in-orbit insurances, in-orbit insurance, and third-party liability insurance. These policies generally contain customary market exclusions and are subject to limitations. The insurance market has been seeing a reduced availability and significantly increased rates. This results in increased insurance premiums for SES. In order to mitigate these risks and optimise the coverage and premiums, SES maintains a policy of limited self-insurance through its captive entities.	ally contain customary stes. This results in limited self-insurance
Personnel		SES is competing for talent with satellite of qualified candidates, SES may have difficult SES' ability to deliver its business objective	erators as well as large and well-known compr bies in hiring competent talent. If SES is unable s. To mitigate this risk SES uses a dedicated Ti	SES is competing for talent with satellite operators as well as large and well-known companies. In the context of low unemployment rates and a shortage of qualified candidates, SES may have difficulties in hiring competent talent. If SES is unable to source and retain key talent this could have a negative impact on SES' ability to deliver its business objectives. To mitigate this risk SES uses a dedicated Talent Acquisition function to source high-quality condidates.	nd a shortage of negative impact on candidates.
Global Pandemic or other health emergency	ith emergency	SES is subject to the risk of a global pander employees and impact various areas of SES infrastructure and provision of services to o during such situations.	mic or other health emergency such as COVID- y' business including procurement and launch o customers. SES has procedures and measures	SES is subject to the risk of a global pandemic or other health emergency such as COVID-19. A material health emergency could affect availability of our employees and impact various areas of SES' business including procurement and launch of satellites, entry into service of new satellites, procurement of ground infrastructure and provision of services to customers. SES has procedures and measures in place to respond to health risks and to secure business continuity during such situations.	llability of our ocurement of ground ousiness continuity
REGULATORY RISKS					
Legal and Regulatory		SES' operations and business are subject tr will of the governmental authorities of the applicable laws and regulations could expo	o compliance with the laws, regulations (e.g., co countries in which SES operates, uses radio spr se SES to penalties and other enforcement act	SES' operations and business are subject to compliance with the laws, regulations (e.g., communications, export control, sanctions, competition) and political will of the governmental authorities of the countries in which SES operates, uses radio spectrum, offers satellite capacity and services. Violations of any of the applicable laws and regulations could expose SES to penalties and other enforcement actions and may negatively affect commercial operations.	ition) and political ations of any of the tions.
		SES may need to obtain and maintain appr obtain the necessary approvals could lead	SES may need to obtain and maintain approvals from authorities or other entities to operate its sat obtain the necessary approvals could lead to loss of revenues and compliance actions against SES.	SES may need to obtain and maintain approvals from authorities or other entities to operate its satellites and to offer satellite capacity and services. Failure to obtain the necessary approvals could lead to loss of revenues and compliance actions against SES.	services. Failure to
		SES works to ensure that adequate compliar comply with applicable laws and regulations.	ance staff is in place and that all teams have th s.	SES works to ensure that adequate compliance staff is in place and that all teams have the necessary technical and human resources to enable the company to comply with applicable laws and regulations.	hable the company to
Spectrum		The International Telecommunication Union ('ITU') and natic are increasingly charging for access to spectrum through th for it to develop and maintain its satellite fleet and services.	n ('ITU') and national administrations may reallc ctrum through the use of fees and auctions. Th eet and services.	The International Telecommunication Union ('ITU') and national administrations may reallocate satellite spectrum to other uses. In addition, national administrations are increasingly charging for access to spectrum through the use of fees and auctions. This may affect SES' access to orbital locations and frequencies required for it to develop and maintain its satellite fleet and services.	national administrations I frequencies required
		In addition, SES must coordinate the operat SES may be required to modify the propose performance of SES' satellites in some area	ion of its satellites with other satellite operator ad coverage areas or satellite design or transm is could be adversely affected by harmful inter	In addition, SES must coordinate the operation of its satellites with other satellite operators so as to prevent or reduce interference. As a result of such coordination, SES may be required to modify the proposed coverage areas or satellite design or transmission plans which may materially restrict satellite use. Similarly, the performance of SES' satellites in some areas could be adversely affected by harmful interference caused by other operators to SES' satellites.	ult of such coordination, a use. Similarly, the es.
		Operational issues such as satellite launch may enable the relocation of in-orbit satelli	Operational issues such as satellite launch failure, launch delay or in-orbit failure might compron may enable the relocation of in-orbit satellites to satisfy regulatory and spectrum requirements.	Operational issues such as satellite launch failure, launch delay or in-orbit failure might compromise access to the spectrum or orbital locations. SES' large fleet may enable the relocation of in-orbit satellites to satisfy regulatory and spectrum requirements.	tions. SES' large fleet

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OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (ESG) REPORT	CORPORATE Governance 4 Remuneration	CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements	SES S.A. Annual Accounts	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
FINANCE RISKS					
Credit rating		SES' credit rating can be affected by a number of factors, including a change in its financial policy, a deterioration of its financial credit metrics, a downgrade in the rating agencies' assessment of the business risk profile or a change in rating methodology. A change in SES' credit rating could affect the cost and terms of its newly issued debt, as well as its ability to raise financing. SES' policy is to attain and retain a stable investment grade rating with two of the international reputable credit rating agencies (currently Fitch and Moody's).	stors, including a change in its financ profile or a change in rating method. ancing. SES' policy is to attain and re Moody's).	can be affected by a number of factors, including a change in its financial policy, a deterioration of its financial credit metrics, a downgrade in s' assessment of the business risk profile or a change in rating methodology. A change in SES' credit rating could affect the cost and terms of ebt, as well as its ability to raise financing. SES' policy is to attain and retain a stable investment grade rating with two of the international sting agencies (currently Fitch and Moody's).	sial credit metrics, a downgrade in could affect the cost and terms of g with two of the international
Тах		SES is subject to taxation in multiple jurisdictions and may become subject to unforeseen material tax claims, including late payment interest and / or penalties, and in some cases retroactive tax assessments. SES has implemented a tax risk mitigation charter based on, among other things, a framework of tax opinions for the financially material positions taken, transfer pricing policies, and procedures for accurate tax compliance in all jurisdictions.	d may become subject to unforeseer has implemented a tax risk mitigatio ing policies, and procedures for accu	taxation in multiple jurisdictions and may become subject to unforeseen material tax claims, including late payment interest and/or penalties, s retroactive tax assessments. SES has implemented a tax risk mitigation charter based on, among other things, a framework of tax opinions for terial positions taken, transfer pricing policies, and procedures for accurate tax compliance in all jurisdictions.	ayment interest and/or penalties, ngs, a framework of tax opinions for is.
Asset impairment		SES' intangible assets, satellittes and ground segment assets are valued at historic cost less amortisation, depreciation and accumulated impairment charges. The resulting carrying values are validated each year through impairment tasting procedures where they are compared to the discounted present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where future assumptions for a specific asset, as set out in the approved Business Plan, become less favourable, or the discount rates – or perpetual growth rate assumptions ~ applied to the future cash flows change, then this may result in the need for material asset impairment charges.	it assets are valued at historic cost le r through impairment testing proced sset. Where future assumptions for a /th rate assumptions – applied to the	iss amortisation, depreciation and acc ures where they are compared to the specific asset, as set out in the appro future cash flows change, then this n	cumulated impairment charges. a discounted present value of the oved Business Plan, become less may result in the need for material
Foreign exchange		SES' reported financial performance can be impacted by movements in the Euro /U.S. dollar exchange rate, as SES has significant operations, cash flows. assets and liabilities that are denominated in the U.S. dollar whereby the Group's reporting currency is the Euro. To mitigate this exposure, SES may enter into forward foreign exchange or similar derivative contracts to hedge underlying foreign exchange exposures. Further details are provided in <u>>> Note 19</u> to the consolidated financial statements.	ncial performance can be impacted by movements in the Euro/U.S. dollar exchange ra are denominated in the U.S. dollar whereby the Group's reporting currency is the Euro. posure, SES may enter into forward foreign exchange or similar derivative contracts to d in $>>$ Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.	lar exchange rate, as SES has signific ncy is the Euro. :ive contracts to hedge underlying for	cant operations, cash flows. assets reign exchange exposures. Further
Interest rate		SES' exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to SES' floating rate borrowings as well as the renewal of its fixed rate borrowings. SES carefully monitors and adjusts the mix between fixed and floating rate debt from time to time, responding to market conditions. Interest rate derivatives may be used to manage the interest rate risk. Further details are provided in <u>22 Note 19</u> to the consolidated financial statements.	est rates relates primarily to SES' floa fixed and floating rate debt from tim ails are provided in <u>>> Note 19</u> to the	iting rate borrowings as well as the re e to time, responding to market condi consolidated financial statements,	enewal of its fixed rate borrowings. ditions. Interest rate derivatives may
Key customer loss		Bankruptcy and customer consolidation, amongst other reasons, can potentially result in loss of customers, non-renewals or reduction in the demand for services. SES aims for long contract terms with key customers based on strong relationships.	her reasons, can potentially result in s based on strong relationships.	loss of customers, non-renewals or re	eduction in the demand for services.
Customer credit		Failure by customers to fulfil payment obligations is a possibility. Credit risk may increase as SES and / or its customers increase dependency on revenues in emerging markets where credit risk may be higher. This risk is mitigated through a customer credit policy including credit checks, deposits or other forms of security, payment monitoring and credit insurance where possible. Further details are provided in >> Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.	a possibility. Credit risk may increase 'his risk is mitigated through a custo there possible. Further details are pro	ers to fulfil payment obligations is a possibility. Credit risk may increase as SES and / or its customers increase dependency on rever where credit risk may be higher. This risk is mitigated through a customer credit policy including credit checks, deposits or other f monitoring and credit insurance where possible. Further detals are provided in >> Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.	ise dependency on revenues in ecks, deposits or other forms of tinancial statements.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

system of internal controls is in place to ensure the group's business The Board of Directors and the Executive Committee of the company reaffirm their responsibility to ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records disclosing the financial position of the group with reasonable accuracy at any time and ensure that an appropriate operations are carried out efficiently and transparently.

to information about issuers whose securities are admitted to trading In accordance with Article 3 of the Luxembourg law of 11 January 2008, as subsequently amended, on transparency requirements in relation

on a regulated market, we declare that, to the best of our knowledge, latory requirements, and the consolidated financial statements as of the annual statutory accounts as of and for the year ended 31 December 2022, prepared in accordance with Luxembourg legal and reguend for the year ended 31 December 2022, prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of the year of SES taken individually, and of SES and its consolidated subsidiaries taken as a whole, respectively. In addition, the management report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of SES taken individually, and of SES and its consolidated subsidiaries taken

as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

24 February 2023

12.0.5

Chair of the Board of Directors **Frank Esser**

Steve Collar

CEO

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4 Presentation of the main developments during 2022 and of the outlook

A presentation of the main developments during 2022 and of the outlook will be given during the meeting.

Please also refer to our Annual Report available under the following link:

https://www.ses.com/company/investors/reports-and-presentations

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

4 Présentation des principaux développements pendant l'année 2022 et perspectives

Une présentation sur les principaux développements pendant l'année 2022 et les perspectives sera donnée en cours de séance.

Veuillez-vous référer au Rapport Annuel disponible sous le lien suivant :

https://www.ses.com/company/investors/reports-and-presentations

5 Presentation of the 2022 financial results

A presentation on the 2022 financial results will be given during the meeting.

Please also refer to our Annual Report available under the following link:

https://www.ses.com/company/investors/reports-and-presentations

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

5 Présentation des résultats financiers pour l'exercice 2022

Une présentation sur les résultats financiers pour l'exercice 2022 sera donnée en cours de séance.

Veuillez-vous référer au Rapport Annuel disponible au le lien suivant :

https://www.ses.com/company/investors/reports-and-presentations

6 Presentation of the audit report

A presentation of the audit report will be given during the meeting.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

6 Présentation du rapport du réviseur d'entreprises

Une présentation du rapport du réviseur d'entreprises sera donnée en cours de séance.

SES Société Anonyme Château de Betzdorf L-6815 Betzdorf

RCS Luxembourg B 81267

Consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2022 and independent auditor's report

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Audit report

To the Shareholders of **SES S.A.**

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of SES S.A. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

Our opinion is consistent with our additional report to the Audit and Risk Committee.

What we have audited

The Group's consolidated financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 on the audit profession (Law of 23 July 2016) and with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as adopted for Luxembourg by the "Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier" (CSSF). Our responsibilities under the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 and ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF are further described in the "Responsibilities of the "Réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including International Independence Standards, issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities under those ethical requirements.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we declare that we have not provided non-audit services that are prohibited under Article 5(1) of the EU Regulation No 537/2014.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative, 2 rue Gerhard Mercator, B.P. 1443, L-1014 Luxembourg T : +352 494848 1, F : +352 494848 2900, www.pwc.lu



The non-audit services that we have provided to the Company and its controlled undertakings, if applicable, for the year then ended, are disclosed in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Business combination - acquisition of DRS Global Enterprise Solutions, Inc. ('GES')

On 1 August 2022, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire issued and outstanding share capital of DRS Global Enterprise Solutions, Inc. ("GES") for a total consideration of 435 million EUR. During the financial year, the Group completed the purchase price allocation ("PPA") arising from the acquisition of GES and recognised final goodwill of 201 million EUR.

We focused on this area because of the quantitative impact of the acquisition on the consolidated financial statements and because the PPA exercise, which involves the identification of the acquired assets and liabilities and their respective fair values, requires the use of significant management judgment and estimates.

Management has engaged an external valuation expert to assist them with the PPA exercise for the acquisition of GES.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We reviewed the sale purchase agreement and other legal documentation related to the acquisition to obtain an understanding of the transaction and to confirm the acquisition date and the consideration transferred;
- We assessed the completeness and accuracy of the accounting treatment in accordance with IFRS 3 Business Combinations;
- We assessed the competence, objectivity and capabilities of the external valuation expert engaged by the Group to allocate purchase price to identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed;
- We also involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in the valuation, the appropriateness of the valuation methods, and the completeness of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed;
- We considered the appropriateness of the disclosures in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

Impairment of goodwill and orbital slot license rights (indefinite life)

Management performed the annual impairment test based on the value in use determined on the basis of a discounted cash flows model for each of the cash-generating units.



The Group has goodwill of 1,738 million EUR and orbital rights with indefinite useful lives of 2,054 million EUR. An impairment expense of 77 million EUR was recognised in relation to the goodwill at the level of the GEO North America CGU for the year ended 31 December 2022 (see Note 15). An impairment expense of 117 million EUR was recognised in relation to the orbital slot license rights at the level of the GEO North America CGU and of 9 million EUR at the level of the GEO International CGU for the year ended 31 December 2022 (see Note 15).

We focused on this area due to the high level of judgment in relation with the assumptions used in the calculation of the recoverable amounts (forecasted cash flows, long-term growth rates, discount rates, etc.).

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We evaluated the design and implementation of relevant internal controls;
- We evaluated Management's determination of the cash generating units as well as the method and model used for the determination of the value in use, considering the requirements of IAS 36;
- We involved valuation specialists and independently recalculated the weighted average cost of capital based on the use of market data and verified the long-term growth rate to market data;
- We agreed the forecasted cash flows used for the calculation of the value in use to the 2023 Business Plan as approved by the Board of Directors;
- We evaluated the forecasted revenue and costs assumptions, considering our expectations in terms of significant developments during the forecast period (significant new contracts or loss thereof) and corroborated these with market data in respect of demand for satellite capacity and pricing;
- We evaluated the capital expenditure assumptions, considering our expectations in terms of significant developments during the forecast period (capital expenditure programs, replacement of satellites) and the expected capital expenditure level in terminal period in order to maintain the current assets base;
- We performed sensitivity analysis of the models to changes in the key assumptions;
- We considered the appropriateness of the disclosures in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

Impairment of satellites

The Group has a space segment assets balance, representing primarily satellites, of 3,250 million EUR as at 31 December 2022. An impairment expense of 194 million EUR was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2022 in relation to several satellites, due to the change in their forecasted future revenue (see Note 13).

The valuation of the satellites might be impacted by events that may or may not be under Management's control (e.g. solar array issues) or by a decrease in revenue due to unfavorable market developments.

Moreover, there is a risk of impairment of the satellites due to obsolescence in the context of rapid evolution of technology.



How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We evaluated the design and implementation of relevant internal controls;
- We discussed with Management, and in particular the engineering team about any satellite health issues and evaluated their impact on the satellites' capability to generate future cash inflows, and implicitly on the recoverable amount of the satellites;
- We evaluated the forecasted revenue and cost assumptions, considering our expectations in terms of significant developments during the forecast period (significant new contracts or loss thereof) and corroborated these with market data in respect of demand for satellite capacity and pricing;
- We involved valuation specialists and validated the method used to derive the value in use of satellites presenting a risk of impairment. We independently recalculated the weighted average cost of capital based on the use of market data;
- We performed sensitivity analysis of the models to changes in the key assumptions;
- We considered the disclosures in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and assessed their appropriateness.

Other information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information stated in the consolidated management report and the Corporate Governance Statement but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our audit report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



The Board of Directors is responsible for presenting and marking up the consolidated financial statements in compliance with the requirements set out in the Delegated Regulation 2019/815 on European Single Electronic Format ("ESEF Regulation").

Responsibilities of the "Réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

The objectives of our audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related
 to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going
 concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
 audit report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures
 are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up
 to the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease
 to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities and business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate to them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our audit report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

We assess whether the consolidated financial statements have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements laid down in the ESEF Regulation.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

The consolidated management report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

The Corporate Governance Statement is included in the consolidated management report. The information required by Article 68ter Paragraph (1) Letters c) and d) of the Law of 19 December 2002 on the commercial and companies register and on the accounting records and annual accounts of undertakings, as amended, is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have been appointed as "Réviseur d'Entreprises Agréé" by the General Meeting of the Shareholders on 7 April 2022 and the duration of our uninterrupted engagement, including previous renewals and reappointments, is 10 years.

We have checked the compliance of the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2022 with relevant statutory requirements set out in the ESEF Regulation that are applicable to consolidated financial statements.

For the Group it relates to the requirement that:

- the consolidated financial statements are prepared in a valid XHTML format;
- the XBRL markup of the consolidated financial statements uses the core taxonomy and the common rules on markups specified in the ESEF Regulation.



In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2022, identified as "SES 2022 Annual report", have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements laid down in the ESEF Regulation.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative Represented by

Luxembourg, 27 February 2023

François Mousel

Consolidated income statement For the year ended 31 December 2022

€million		2022	2021
Revenue	Note 4	1,944	1,782
C-band repurposing income	Note 33	184	901
Cost of sales	Note 5	(351)	(319
Staff costs	Note 5	(330)	(304
Other operating expenses	Note 5	(205)	(198
Operating expenses	Note 5	(886)	(821
EBITDA	Note 35	1,242	1,862
Depreciation expense	Note 13	(642)	(575
Property, plant and equipment impairment	Note 13	(194)	(51
Amortisation expense	Note 15	(63)	(95
Intangible assets impairment	Note 15	(203)	(673
Operating profit	Note 4	140	468
Net financing costs	Note 7	(88)	(71
Profit before tax		52	397
Income tax (expense)/benefit	Note 8	(87)	49
(Loss)/profit after tax		(35)	446
(Loss)/profit for the year		(35)	446
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(34)	45
Non-controlling interests		(1)	(7
		(35)	446
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share (in euro)	Note 14	(0.4.0)	0.0
Class A shares Class B shares	Note 11	(0.16)	0.92
Uidss d Shales	Note 11	(0.06)	0.37

The notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2022

€million		2022	2021
(Loss)/profit for the year		(35)	446
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation Income tax effect		3 (1)	3 (1)
Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligation, net of tax		2	2
Income tax relating to treasury shares impairment expense or reversal		2	1
Total items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		4	3
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Impact of currency translation	Note 10	295	471
Income tax effect	Note 10	(31)	(36)
Total impact of currency translation, net of tax		264	435
Net investment hedge	Note 19	(88)	(102)
Income tax effect	Note 19	24	26
Total net investment hedge, net of tax		(64)	(76)
Total items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		200	359
Total other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		204	362
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		169	808
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		168	815
Non-controlling interests		1	(7)
		169	808

Consolidated statement of financial position As at 31 December 2022

€million		2022	2021
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	Note 13	3,630	3,773
Assets in the course of construction	Note 14	1,859	1,788
Total property, plant and equipment		5,489	5,561
Intangible assets	Note 15	4,291	3,790
Other financial assets		20	26
Trade and other receivables	Note 17	111	121 ¹
Deferred customer contract costs		7	9
Deferred tax assets	Note 9	499	568
Total non-current assets		10,417	10,075 ¹
Current assets			
Inventories		34	23
Trade and other receivables	Note 17	1,033	1,727 ¹
Deferred customer contract costs		4	3
Prepayments		47	48
Income tax receivable		25	13
Cash and cash equivalents	Note 20	1,047	1,049
Total current assets		2,190	2,863 ¹
Total assets		12,607	12,938 ¹
Equity			
Attributable to the owners of the parent	Note 21	5,596	5,670
Non-controlling interests	Note 22	62	63
Total equity		5,658	5,733
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	Note 24	3,629	3,524
Provisions	Note 25	7	6
Deferred income	Note 16	359	388 ¹
Deferred tax liabilities	Note 9	434	399
Other long-term liabilities	Note 27	107	83
Lease liabilities	Note 30	30	22
Fixed assets suppliers	Note 28	740	472
Total non-current liabilities		5,306	4,894 ¹
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	Note 24	719	57
Provisions	Note 25	67	56
Deferred income	Note 16	189	187 ¹
Trade and other payables	Note 26	367	292
Lease liabilities	Note 30	15	11
Fixed assets suppliers	Note 28	264	1,554
Income tax liabilities		22	154
Total current liabilities		1,643	2,311 ¹
Total liabilities		6,949	7,205 ¹
Total equity and liabilities		12,607	12,938 ¹

¹ Restated in order to reflect the netting of unbilled accrued revenue and deferred income as disclosed in Note 16

Consolidated statement of cash flows For the year ended 31 December 2022

€million		2022	2021
Profit before tax		52	397
Taxes paid during the year		(186)	(31)
Interest expense on borrowings	Note 7	102	95
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	Notes 13, 15	1,102	1,394
Amortisation of client upfront payments		(69)	(65)
Other non-cash items in the consolidated income statement		27	(40)
Consolidated operating profit adjusted for non-cash items			
and tax payments and before working capital changes		1,028	1,750
Changes in working capital			
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(6)	4
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables		441	(492)
Decrease in prepayments		4	15
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables		8	(25)
Increase in upfront payments		1	42
Changes in working capital		448	(456)
Net cash generated by operating activities		1,476	1,294
Cash flow from investing activities			
Payments for acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired		(435)	-
Payments for purchases of intangible assets		(42)	(37)
Payments for purchases of tangible assets		(1,312)	(243)
Other investing activities		(9)	(3)
Net cash absorbed by investing activities		(1,798)	(283)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings	Note 31, 24	744	159
Repayment of borrowings	Note 31, 24	(57)	(614)
Proceeds from Perpetual bond, net of transaction costs	Note 21	-	617
Redemption of Perpetual bond, net of transaction costs	Note 21	-	(768)
Coupon paid on perpetual bond	Note 21	(49)	(85)
Dividends paid on ordinary shares ¹	Note 12	(219)	(181)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest		-	(2)
Interest paid on borrowings		(103)	(121)
Payments for acquisition of treasury shares		-	(119)
Proceeds from treasury shares sold and exercise of stock options		4	1
Lease payments	Note 30	(17)	(14)
Payment in respect of changes in ownership interest in		2	-
subsidiaries			
Net cash generated by / (absorbed by) financing activities		305	(1,127)
Net foreign exchange movements		15	3
Net increase in cash		(2)	(113)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	Note 20	1,049	1,162
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	Note 20	1,047	1,049

¹ Dividends are presented net of dividends received on treasury shares of EUR 11 million (2021: EUR 2 million)

Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity For the year ended 31 December 2022

5,733 (35) 204 169 (49) (219) 5,658 Total equity 4 ი ო 3 Non-controlling interest 62 63 2 E 3 5,596 Total 5,670 202 168 4 (34) (49) (219) ດ ŝ Foreign currency translation reserve 198 (351) 198 (153) Retained earnings 453 (34) (34) (34) (453) Other reserves² 453 (219) (11) 2,428 ດ 2,227 (49) 4 Perpetual bond 1,175 1,175 Treasury shares (80) (189) 4 95 Share premium 1,636 1,564 (72) lssued capital 719 696 (23) Exercise of share-based compensation Tax on perpetual bond coupon (Note 21) Share-based compensation expense Coupon on perpetual bond (Note 21) Total comprehensive income for Transactions with non-controlling Cancellation of shares (Note 21) Dividends provided for or paid¹ Other comprehensive income Allocation of 2021 result At 31 December 2022 At 1 January 2022 Result for the year (Note 23) the year interest €million

Attributable to owners of the parent

Dividends are presented net of dividends received on treasury shares of EUR 11 million. The non-distributable items included in other reserves are described in Note 21.

Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity For the year ended 31 December 2021

5,438 446 362 808 5,733 617 (768) (85) 20 (183) (119) S Total equity controlling interest -uoN 72 63 $\widehat{}$ E 3 815 5,366 453 362 5,670 Total 617 (85) (181) (768) 20 (119) S 359 Foreign currency 359 (351) (710) translation reserve Retained earnings 453 453 453 (86) 88 Other reserves² 2,583 (181) S (86) 18) 85) 20 9 2,227 8 Perpetual bond 1,175 1,300 625 (750) Treasury shares (20) ശ (189) (119) Share 1,636 1,636 premium 719 lssued capital 719 Exercise of share-based compensation Redemption of Perpetual bond, net of Tax on perpetual bond coupon (Note Share-based compensation expense Coupon on perpetual bond (Note 21) ssue of new Perpetual bond, net of Total comprehensive income for Dividends provided for or paid¹ Other comprehensive income Acquisition of treasury shares Allocation of 2020 result At 31 December 2021 At 1 January 2021 Result for the year transaction costs transaction costs (Note 23) the year €million 21)

Attributable to owners of the parent

Dividends are presented net of dividends received on treasury shares of EUR 2 million.

The non-distributable items included in other reserves are described in Note 21.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements 31 December 2022

Note 1 - Corporate information

SES S.A. ('SES' or 'the Company') was incorporated on 16 March 2001 as a limited liability company (Société Anonyme) under Luxembourg Law. References to 'the Group' in the following notes are to the Company and its subsidiaries. SES trades under 'SESG' on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and Euronext, Paris. The registered office of the Company is at: Château de Betzdorf, L-6815 Betzdorf, Luxembourg.

SES is a leader in global content connectivity solutions, leveraging a vast and intelligent network spanning satellite and ground infrastructure to create, deliver and manage video and data solutions enabling customers to connect more people in more places with content that enriches their personal stories with knowledge, entertainment and opportunity.

The consolidated financial statements of SES as at, and for the year ended, 31 December 2022 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 24 February 2023. Under Luxembourg Law, the consolidated financial statements are approved by the shareholders at their Annual General Meeting.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') and endorsed by the European Union ('IFRS'), as at 31 December 2022.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except where fair value is required by IFRS.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro (EUR). Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are rounded to the nearest million, except share and earnings per share data and audit and non-audit fee disclosures.

Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the following new and amended IFRS standards, effective from 1 January 2022 and adopted by the Group. Any new IFRS amendments, effective from 1 January 2022 and not mentioned below are not applicable to the Group.

Amendments to IFRS 3, IAS 16, IAS 37 and annual improvements to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, IAS 41 and IFRS 16

Amendments to IFRS 3, "Business combinations" update a reference in IFRS 3 to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting without changing the accounting requirements for business combinations.

Amendments to IAS 16, "Property, plant and equipment" prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.

Amendments to IAS 37, "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets" specify which costs a company includes when assessing whether a contract will be loss-making.

Annual improvements resulted in minor amendments to IFRS 1, "First-time adoption of IFRS", IFRS 9. "Financial instruments", IAS 41. "Agriculture" and the illustrative examples accompanying IFRS 16, 'Leases'. The amendments were endorsed by the EU and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The adoption of these amendments did not have any impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its controlled subsidiaries, after the elimination of all inter-company transactions. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date the Company obtains control until such time as control ceases. The financial statements of subsidiaries are generally prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. If required, adjustments are made to align any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. For details regarding the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements see Note 36.

Total comprehensive income or loss incurred by a subsidiary is attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance. Should a change in the ownership interest in a subsidiary occur, without a loss of control, this is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Should the Group cease to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purpose of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are presented separately in the consolidated income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position respectively.

Investments in joint arrangements

Under IFRS 11, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method whereby the interest is initially recognised at cost and is then adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture (including any long-term interest which, in substance, forms part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture), the Group does not recognise further losses unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and a joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint venture. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Financial statements of joint ventures are prepared for the same reporting year as the Group with adjustments made as necessary to bring the accounting policies used into line with those of the Group.

The Group assesses investments in joint ventures for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is compared with its recoverable amount, being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the investment is written down to its recoverable amount.

The Group ceases to use the equity method of accounting on the date from which it no longer has joint control over the joint venture or when the investment is classified as held for sale.

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. The Group accounts for investments in associates using the equity method of accounting as described above. Goodwill relating to an associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortised.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount within 'Share of associates' result' in the consolidated income statement.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals, or exceeds, its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. In general, the financial statements of associates are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. If required, adjustments are made to align any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. For details regarding the associates included in the consolidated financial statements see Note 36.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and an associates are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

The Group ceases to use the equity method of accounting on the date from which it no longer has significant influence over the associate, or when the interest becomes classified as an asset held for sale.

Significant accounting judgments and estimates

1) Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

(i) Treatment of orbital slot licence rights

The Group's operating companies have obtained rights to operate satellites at certain orbital locations and using certain frequency bands. These licences are obtained through applications to the relevant national and international regulatory authorities and are generally made available for a defined period. Where the Group has obtained such rights through the acquisition of subsidiaries, the rights have been identified as an asset acquired and recorded at the fair value attributed to the asset at the time of the acquisition as a result of purchase accounting procedure.

In the cases when, on the expiry of such rights, management believes it will be able to successfully re-apply for their usage at insignificant incremental cost, then such rights are deemed to have an indefinite life. Hence these assets are not amortised, but rather are subject to regular impairment reviews to confirm that the carrying value in the Group's financial statements is still appropriate. More details are given in Note 15.

(ii) Taxation

The Group operates in numerous tax jurisdictions and management is required to assess tax issues and exposures across its entire operations and to accrue for potential liabilities based on its interpretation of country-specific tax law and best estimates. In conducting this review management assesses the magnitude of the issue and the likelihood, based on experience and specialist advice, as to whether it will result in a liability for the Group. If this is deemed to be the case, then a provision is recognised for the potential taxation charges. More details are given in Notes 8 and 25.

One significant area of management judgement is around transfer pricing. Whilst the Group employs dedicated members of staff to establish and maintain appropriate transfer pricing structures and documentation, judgement still needs to be applied and hence potential tax exposures can be identified in the different jurisdictions where the Group operates. The Group, as part of its overall assessment of liabilities for taxation, reviews in detail the transfer pricing structures in place and records provisions where this seems appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

(iii) The impact of rising inflation and interest rates

The Group has considered the potential impact of rising inflation and interest rates during the period on its financial statements particularly in its estimations of future cash flows and assumptions about financing costs.

The main effect observed in 2022 has been a mechanical increase in discount rates used to reflect the time value of money and adjustments to cash flows to account for the effect of general inflation principally impacting the valuation of assets. Please refer to note 15 ('Intangible assets') for further details.

(iv) Consolidation of entities in which the Group holds 50% or less

The Group consolidates a subsidiary where it has: power over the subsidiary; exposure, or rights, to variable returns from that subsidiary; and the ability to use its power over the subsidiary to affect the amount of the Group's returns.

• Al Maisan Satellite Communication LLC (trading as 'Yahlive')

Management has concluded that the Group controls Yahlive even though it holds a 35% economic interest in the company since it has the majority of the voting rights on Yahlive's Board of Directors and there are no voting rights at the shareholder level which could affect SES' control. SES has effective control over the relevant activities of Yahlive, such as budget approval, appointment and removal of the Chief Executive Officer and senior management team members as well as over the appointment or removal of the majority of the members of the Board of Directors. The entity is therefore consolidated with a 65% non-controlling interest (see Note 22).

• LuxGovSat S.A. ('LuxGovSat')

SES and the Luxembourg government jointly incorporated LuxGovSat subscribing equally in the equity of the company. Management has concluded that the Group controls LuxGovSat since it has effective control over the relevant activities of the entity. It is therefore consolidated with a 50% non-controlling interest (see Note 22).

• West Africa Platform Services Ltd, Ghana ('WAPS')

Management has concluded that the Group controls WAPS even though it holds a 49% economic interest in the company since it has has the majority of the voting rights on the company's board of directors and there are no voting rights at the shareholder level which could affect SES' control. Through control over the selection of key management positions and oversight of the company's day-to-day operations, the Company has the requisite powers to control and consolidate the company with a 51% non-controlling interest.

(v) SES Space & Defense, Inc. ('SES SD' - formerly SES Government Solutions, Inc.)

SES SD and its 100% subsidiary Global Enterprise Solutions Inc. acquired on 1 August 2022, are subject to specific governance rules and are managed through a Proxy Agreement agreed with the Defense Security Service ('DSS') department of the US Department of Defense ('DOD'). The DSS is a governmental authority responsible for the protection of information deemed classified or sensitive with respect to the national security of the United States of America. A proxy agreement is an instrument intended to mitigate the risk of foreign ownership, control or influence when a foreign person acquires or merges with a US entity that has a facility security clearance. A proxy agreement conveys a foreign owner's voting rights to proxy holders, comprising the proxy board. Proxy holders are cleared US citizens approved by the DSS.

The DSS requires that SES SD enter into a proxy agreement because it is indirectly owned by SES and SES SD has contracts with the DOD which contain classified information. The Proxy Agreement enables SES SD to participate in such contracts with the US Government despite being owned by a non-US corporation.

As a result of the Proxy Agreement, certain limitations are placed on the information which may be shared, and the interaction which may occur, between SES SD and other Group companies. The Proxy Holders, besides acting as directors of SES SD, are entitled to vote in the context of a trust relationship with SES on which basis their activity is performed in the interest of SES's shareholders and of US national security.

SES's assessment of the effective control over the relevant activities of SES SD encompassed the activities of operating and capital decision making, the appointment and remuneration of key management, and the exposure to the variability of financial returns based on the financial performance of SES SD.

Based on this assessment, SES concluded that, from an IFRS 10 perspective, SES has, and is able to exercise, power over the relevant activities of SES SD and has an exposure to variable returns from its involvement in SES SD - and therefore controls the entity.

2) Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year(s), are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in revisions to the assumptions when they occur.

(i) Impairment testing for goodwill and other indefinite-life intangible assets

The Group determines whether goodwill and other indefinite-life intangible assets are impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units ('CGUs') to which the goodwill and other indefinite-life intangible assets are allocated. Establishing the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future pre-tax cash flows from the CGU and to choose a suitable pre-tax discount rate and terminal growth rate to calculate the present value of those cash flows. More details are given in Note 15.

(ii) Impairment testing for space segment assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indicator that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group determines an estimate of the recoverable amount, as the higher of: (1) the fair value less cost of disposal and, (2) its value in use, to determine whether the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount included in the consolidated financial statements. For the Group's satellites, the estimation of the value in use requires estimations of the future commercial revenues to be generated by each satellite, particularly related to new markets or services, and also the impact of past in-orbit anomalies and their potential impact on the satellite's ability to provide its expected commercial service (Note 13).

(iii) Recoverability of deferred tax assets

The Group recognises deferred tax assets primarily in connection with the carry-forward of unused tax losses and tax credits. The Group reviews the tax position in the different jurisdictions in which it operates to assess the need to recognise such assets based mainly on projections of taxable profits to be generated in each of those jurisdictions. The carrying amount of each deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that current projections indicate that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to enable all, or part, of the asset to be recovered.

(iv) Expected credit losses on trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue

The Group estimates expected credit losses on trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenues using a provision matrix based on loss expectancy rates and forward-looking information. The Group records additional losses if circumstances or forwardlooking information cause the Group to believe that an additional collectability risk exists which is not reflected in the loss expectancy rates (Note 17).

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of the subsidiary is measured as the aggregate of the:

- fair value of the assets transferred;
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- equity interests issued by the Group;
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration agreement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

For each business combination, SES measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in other operating expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets acquired and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. Assets acquired, and liabilities assumed, are recognised at fair value.

The excess of the:

- consideration transferred;
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity;

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss. Any contingent consideration to be transferred by SES will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset, or a liability, will be recognised in profit or loss.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is initially recorded at historical cost, representing either the acquisition or manufacturing cost. Satellite cost includes the launcher and launch insurance, less depreciation and impairment charges.

The financial impact of changes resulting from a revision of management's estimate of the cost of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the consolidated income statement in the period concerned.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability;
- any payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT-equipment and small items of office furniture. Costs for the repair and maintenance of these assets are recorded as an expense.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method, generally based on the following useful lives:

٠	Buildings	25 years
٠	Space segment assets	10 to 18 years
٠	Ground segment assets	3 to 15 years
٠	Other fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	3 to 15 years
٠	Right-of-use assets	6 to 12 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the derecognition of an asset is included in the consolidated income statement in the period the asset is derecognised. The residual values, remaining useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted where necessary.

For reimbursable capitalised costs related to the procurement of satellites, launches, and upgraded ground facilities as part of the U.S. C-band repurposing project, the Group applies government grant accounting. The Group records credits to the recorded book values of the related asset when the costs have been incurred and the Group has obtained reasonable assurance that the costs will be reimbursed and that it will comply with the requirements attached to the reimbursement. See additional information in Note 33.

Assets in the course of construction

This caption includes primarily satellites under construction. Costs directly attributable to the purchase of a satellite and bringing it to the condition and location to be used as intended by management, such as launch costs and other related expenses like ground equipment and borrowing costs, are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset.

The cost of satellite construction may include an element of deferred consideration to satellite manufacturers referred to as satellite performance incentives. SES is contractually obligated to make these payments over the lives of the satellites, provided the satellites continue to operate in accordance with contractual specifications. Therefore, SES accounts for these payments as deferred financing, capitalising the present value of the payments as part of the cost of the satellites and recording a corresponding liability to the satellite manufacturers. An interest expense is recognised on the deferred financing and the liability is accreted based on the passage of time and reduced as the payments are made.

Once the asset is satellite enters operational service, the costs are transferred to assets in use and depreciation commences.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the construction period as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Intangible assets

1) Goodwill

Goodwill is measured as described in the accounting policy for business combinations set out in Note 2.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For impairment testing, goodwill from the acquisition date is allocated to each of the Group's CGUs that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units.

The carrying value of acquisition goodwill is not amortised, but rather is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if required to establish whether the value is still recoverable. The recoverable amount is defined as the higher of: (1) fair value less costs to sell and, (2) value in use. Impairment expenses are recorded in the consolidated income statement. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

The Group estimates value in use based on the estimated discounted cash flows to be generated by a CGU, generally using the five-year business plans approved by the Board of Directors. Beyond a five-year period, cash flows are usually estimated on the basis of stable rates of growth or decline, although longer periods may be considered where relevant to accurately calculate the value in use.

Where goodwill forms part of a CGU and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, then the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on its disposal. Goodwill disposed of in this situation is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the CGU unit retained.

2) Other intangibles

(i) Orbital rights

Intangible assets consist principally of rights of usage of orbital frequencies. The Group is authorised by governments to operate satellites at certain orbital locations. Governments acquire rights to these orbital locations through filings made with the International Telecommunication Union ('ITU'), a sub-organisation of the United Nations. The Group will continue to have rights to operate at its orbital locations so long as it maintains its authorisations to do so. Those rights are reviewed at acquisition to establish whether they represent assets with a definite or indefinite life. Those assessed as being definite life assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life not exceeding 30 years.

Indefinite-life intangible assets are held at cost and are subject to impairment testing in line with the treatment outlined for goodwill above. Assets with indefinite lives are reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis. Orbital rights acquired for a non-cash consideration are initially measured at the fair value of the consideration given.

(ii) Software and development costs

Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the software product so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the software product and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the software product;
- it can be demonstrated how the software product will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software product are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the software product during its development can be reliably measured.

Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the software product include the software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Software development costs recognised as assets are amortised over their estimated useful life, not exceeding seven years.

Impairment of other intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. If such an indication exists then the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU is reviewed to determine the amount of the impairment, if any.

Impairments can arise from complete or partial failure of a satellite as well as other changes in expected discounted future cash flows. Such impairment tests are based on a recoverable value determined using estimated future cash flows and an appropriate discount rate. The estimated cash flows are based on the most recent business plans. If an impairment is identified, the carrying value will be written down to its recoverable amount.

Investments and other financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not remeasured to fair value through the consolidated income statement, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value and revalued through the consolidated income statement are expensed in the period when they were incurred. All regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the date that the Group is committed to the purchase or sale of the asset.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Equity investments

Unless SES has significant influence, the Group measures all equity investments at fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

Deferred customer contract costs

Deferred customer contract costs include the cost of equipment provided to customers under the terms of their service agreements, when the equipment and services are not deemed to be distinct and are expensed over the term of those contracts.

Inventories

Inventories primarily consist of equipment held for re-sale, work-in-progress, related accessories and network equipment spares and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, with cost determined on a weighted average-cost method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. For impairment of trade receivables, the Group estimates expected lifetime credit losses that would typically be carried for each receivable based on the credit risk class upon the initial recognition of the receivables. Expected lifetime credit losses are estimated based on historical financial information as well as forward-looking data. Additional provisions are recognised when specific circumstances or forward-looking information lead the Group to believe that additional collectability risk exists with respect to customers that are not adequately reflected in loss expectancy rates. The Group writes off trade receivables when it has no reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group evaluates the credit risk of its customers on an ongoing basis.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Prepayments

Prepayments represent expenditures paid during the financial year but relating to a subsequent financial year. The prepaid expenses comprise mainly insurance, rental of third-party satellite capacity, advertising expenses as well as loan origination costs related to loan facilities which have not been drawn.

Treasury shares

Treasury shares are mostly acquired by the Group in connection with share-based compensation plans and are presented as a set off to equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. Gains and losses on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of treasury shares are not recognised in the consolidated income statement, but rather in the equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash on hand and in banks and short-term deposits which are held to maturity are carried at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Revenues are generated predominantly from customer service agreements for the provision of satellite capacity over contractually agreed periods, including short-term occasional use capacity, with the associated uplinking and downlinking services as appropriate. Other revenue-generating activities mainly include sale of customer equipment; platform services; subscription revenue; income received in connection with satellite interim missions; installation and other engineering services and proceeds from the sale of transponders if the revenue recognition criteria for the transaction are met.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when or as it transfers control of a good or service to a customer. Contract modifications are accounted for either as a separate contract or as part of the existing contract, depending on the nature of the modification. The Group accounts for a modification as a separate contract if:

- the scope of the contract increases because of the addition of distinct goods or services, and
- the price of the contract increases by an amount of consideration that reflects the stand-alone selling prices of the additional goods or services.

A modification that does not meet the above criteria to be accounted for as a separate contract is accounted for as an adjustment to the existing contract, either prospectively or through a cumulative catch-up adjustment. The determination depends on whether the remaining goods or services to be provided to the customer under the modified contract are distinct from those already provided, in which case the modification results in a prospective adjustment to revenue recognition.

For contracts in which the Group sells multiple goods and services, the Group evaluates at contract inception whether the goods and services represent separate performance obligations. When they represent separate performance obligations, the Group allocates consideration to the goods and services based on relative standalone selling prices using either an expected cost plus a margin approach or an adjusted market assessment approach. When they do not represent separate performance obligations, the Group records revenue related to the single performance obligation over the contract period.

Where a contract contains elements of variable consideration, the Group estimates the amount of variable consideration to which it will be entitled under the contract. Variable consideration can arise, for example, as a result of variable prices, incentives or other similar items. Variable consideration is only included in the transaction price if, and to the extent that, it is highly probable that its inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty has been subsequently resolved.

The Group occasionally receives non-cash consideration as part of a revenue transaction. The Group measures non-cash consideration at fair value unless it is unable to reasonably estimate fair value, in which case the Group measures the consideration indirectly based on the standalone selling price of the goods or services promised to the customer.

Revenue from provision of satellite capacity, communications infrastructure services, and related services

For the Group's contracts to provide satellite capacity, communications infrastructure services, and related services, the Group makes the services available to customers in a series of time periods that are distinct and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. Revenue from customers under service agreements for these services is generally recognised on a straight-line basis over the duration of the respective contracts, including any free-of-charge periods. Using a straight-line measure of progress most faithfully depicts the Group's performance because the Group makes available a consistent level of capacity over each distinct time period. For certain performance obligations, we use a cost-based input method to recognize revenue if we determine that a basis reflecting the costs incurred to date relative to the total costs expected to be incurred better reflects the pattern of transfer of control of the services to the customer. Revenue will cease to be recognised if there is an indication of a significant deterioration in a customer's ability to pay for the remaining goods or services.

Revenue from the sale of equipment

The Group recognises revenue for the sale of equipment when it transfers control of the equipment to the customer, which is typically when the Group transfers title, physical possession, and the significant risks and rewards of the equipment to the customer. The Group's equipment contracts do not typically contain a right of return.

For equipment sales requiring the Group to perform significant integration, modification, or customisation of equipment, the Group recognises revenue over time if the equipment does not have an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. For these projects, the Group recognises revenue over time on a basis reflecting the costs incurred to date relative to the total costs expected to be incurred because costs incurred best reflect the pattern of transfer of control of the asset to the customer.

The Group may offer warranties on equipment. For warranties that are separately priced or offered as extended warranties, the Group recognises revenue on a straight-line basis over the duration of the warranty period. Using a straight-line measure of progress most faithfully depicts the Group's performance due to the nature of the Group's stand ready obligation during the warranty period. The Group also offers standard warranties with contract durations which are typically one year and represent assurance-type warranties. Standard warranties do not represent performance obligations separate from the related equipment, and revenue related to standard warranties is recognised at the same time as the related equipment.

Subscription revenue

The subscription revenue related to HD Plus services is recorded on a linear basis over the term of the subscription agreement.

Revenue generated by engineering services

For engineering services, the Group recognises revenue over time on a basis reflecting the costs incurred to date relative to the total costs expected to be incurred since this best reflects the pattern of transfer of control of the services to the customer.

Lease income

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is lessor is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The respective right-of-use assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position together with other assets of the same category.

C-band repurposing income

Income from successfully meeting the separate Phase 1 and Phase 2 C-band Accelerated Relocation Payment deadlines is recognised when the Group has successfully completed Phase 1 and Phase 2 Accelerated Relocations, respectively, and has received validation of the respective relocation certification from the U.S. Federal Communications Commission's ("FCC") Wireless Telecommunications Bureau.

Income arising from settlements from the Relocation Payment Clearinghouse ('the Clearinghouse') are recognised when the expenses have been incurred and the Group has obtained reasonable assurance that the costs will be reimbursed and that it will comply with the requirements attached to the reimbursement. The Group believes it obtains such reasonable assurance either when the Clearinghouse specifically validates the costs as being reimbursable, or where the costs fall within applicable cost ranges published by the Clearinghouse in its cost catalogue. More details are given in Note 33.

Other income

Other income arising from settlements under insurance claims and decreases in provisions for in-orbit incentives are recognised when they are virtually certain of being realised. Other income is presented as part of revenue due to its relative insignificance.

Contract assets and contract liabilities

Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers include trade receivables, unbilled accrued revenue, deferred customer contract costs, and deferred income.

Customer payments received in advance of the provision of service are recorded as contract liabilities and presented as 'deferred income' in the statement of financial position, and for significant advance payments, interest is accrued on the amount received at the effective interest rate at the time of receipt. Our contracts at times contain prepayment terms that range from one month in advance to one year in advance of providing the service. Since the period of time between when the Group transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service is one year or less, the Group does not make an adjustment to the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component.

The unbilled portion of recognised revenues is recorded as a contract asset and presented as 'unbilled accrued revenue' within 'Trade and other receivables', allocated between current and non-current as appropriate.

Customer payments are generally due in advance or by the end of the month of capacity service.

Dividends

The Company declares dividends after the consolidated financial statements for the year have been approved. Accordingly, dividends are recorded in the subsequent year's consolidated financial statements.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as origination costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs.

Current taxes

Current tax assets and liabilities for current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from, or paid to, the tax authorities. The tax rates and laws used to compute these amounts are those enacted, or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes

Deferred tax is determined using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws which have been enacted, or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes are classified according to the classification of the underlying temporary difference either as income or as an expense included in profit or loss, or in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. The adjustment is either treated as a reduction in goodwill (as long as it does not exceed goodwill) if it was incurred during the measurement period or recognised in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Translation of foreign currencies

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro (EUR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the entity's functional currency at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. The cost of non-monetary assets is translated at the rate applicable at the date of the transaction. All other assets and liabilities are translated at closing rates of the period. During the year, expenses and income expressed in foreign currencies are recorded at exchange rates which approximate the rate prevailing on the date they occur or accrue. All exchange differences resulting from the application of these principles are included in the consolidated income statement.

The Group considers that monetary long-term receivables or loans with a subsidiary that is a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future is, in substance, a part of the entity's net investment in that foreign operation. The related foreign exchange differences and income tax effect of the foreign exchange differences are included in the foreign currency translation reserve within equity. On disposal of a foreign operation, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in equity relating to that foreign operation is reclassified to the consolidated income statement.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

The assets and liabilities of consolidated foreign operations are translated into euro at the year-end exchange rates, while the income and expense items of these foreign operations are translated at the average exchange rate of the year. The related foreign exchange differences are included in the foreign currency translation reserve within equity. On disposal of a foreign operation, the deferred cumulative amount recognised in equity relating to that foreign operation is reclassified to the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

The US dollar exchange rates used by the Group during the year were as follows:

	Average rate	Closing rate	Average rate	Closing rate
	for 2022	for 2022	for 2021	for 2021
USD	1.0555	1.0666	1.1894	1.1326

Basic earnings per share

The Company's capital structure consists of Class A and Class B shares, entitled to the payment of annual dividends as approved by the shareholders at their annual meetings. Holders of Class B shares participate in earnings and are entitled to 40% of the dividends payable per Class A share. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders, adjusted by deducting the assumed coupon, net of tax, on the perpetual bonds, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period as adjusted to reflect the economic rights of each class of shares.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to reflect the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation

Changes in the fair value of a derivative or non-derivative instrument that is designated as a hedge of a net investment are recorded in the foreign currency translation reserve within equity to the extent that it is deemed to be an effective hedge. The ineffective portion is recognised in the consolidated income statement as a financial income or expense.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer qualifies for hedge accounting, or the Group revokes the designation. At that point in time, any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognised in equity is kept in equity until the forecasted transaction occurs. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in equity is transferred to net profit or loss for the period.

The Group formally documents all relationships between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk-management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. This process includes allocating all derivatives that are designated as net investment hedges to specific assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group also formally assesses both at the inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, whether each derivative is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item. If it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective as a hedge, or if a derivative ceases to be a highly effective hedge, the Group will discontinue hedge accounting prospectively. The ineffective portion of hedge is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

1) Financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised where:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement;
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either:
 - a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
 - b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of that asset.

2) Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

Accounting for pension obligations

The Company and certain subsidiaries operate defined contribution pension plans.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions to a third-party financial institution. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the financial institution's pension fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Share-based payments

1) Equity-settled share-based compensation plans

Employees (including senior executives) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based compensation transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model for the Stock Appreciation Rights Plan ('STAR Plan') and Equity Based Compensation Plan comprising options ('EBCP Option Plan'), and a Black Scholes Model for the Equity Based Compensation Plan comprising performance shares ('EBCP PS') and restricted shares ('EBCP RS'). Further details are given in Note 23. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any non-market performance conditions, the valuation being linked only to the price of the Company's shares, if applicable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the vesting date). The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The consolidated income statement charge or credit for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share (see Note 11).

2) Cash-settled share-based compensation plans

A liability is recognised for the fair value of cash-settled transactions. The fair value is measured initially at each reporting date up to and including the settlement date, with changes in fair value recognised in employee benefits expense. The fair value is expensed over the period until the vesting date with recognition of a corresponding liability. Further details are given in Note 23.

Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities ("Perpetual bond")

The deeply subordinated fixed rate securities issued by the Company are classified as equity since the Company has no contractual obligation to redeem the securities, and coupon payments may be deferred under certain circumstances (more details are given in Note 21) and recorded at fair value. Subsequent changes in fair value are not recognised in equity. Coupons become payable whenever the Company makes dividend payments. Coupon accruals are considered in the determination of earnings for calculating earnings per share (see Note 11).

Leases

The determination as to whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date, primarily whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the Group as lessee has both the right to direct the identified asset's use and to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from that use.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. At the commencement of a lease the Group recognises a lease asset and a lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance costs are charged directly to expense.

In its accounting policies the Group applies the following practical expedients:

- using a single discount rate for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics; and
- not accounting for leases ending within 12 months of the date of the initial application for low value assets.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are relevant for the Group and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, and have not been early adopted in preparing these consolidated financial statements:

1) Amendments to IAS 1 on classification of liabilities as current or non-current

On 23 January 2020, the IASB issued "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments to IAS 1)". The amendment will affect the presentation of liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. The amendment clarifies that the classification of a liability as current or non-current should be based on rights in existence at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of a liability by at least 12 months. The amendment also clarifies that the classification of a liability should be unaffected by the entity's expectations regarding whether it will exercise its rights to defer payment. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024. The amendment was not yet endorsed by the EU. The Group does not expect any significant impact of these amendments on its consolidated financial statements.

2) Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8

On 12 February 2021, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" regarding the disclosure of accounting policies and as well amendments to IAS 8 "Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors" on the definition of accounting estimates. Both amendments aim to improve accounting policy disclosure and to help users of the financial statements to distinguish between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. The amendments were endorsed by the EU and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The Group does not expect any significant impact of these amendments on its consolidated financial statements.

3) Amendments to IAS 12 deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

On 6 May 2021, the IASB published the amendments to IAS 12 "Income taxes" regarding the deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction, that clarifies how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments were endorsed by the EU and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The Group does not expect any significant impact of these amendments on its consolidated financial statements.

4) Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture – Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28

The IASB has made limited scope amendments to IFRS 10 ('Consolidated Financial Statements') and IAS 28 ('Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures') which clarify the accounting treatment for sales or contribution of assets between an investor and their associates or joint ventures. They confirm that the accounting treatment depends on whether the nonmonetary assets sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture constitute a 'business' (as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations). Where the non-monetary assets constitute a business, the investor will recognise the full gain or loss on the sale or contribution of assets. If the assets do not meet the definition of a business, the gain or loss is recognised by the investor only to the extent of the other investor's interests in the associate or joint venture. The amendments apply prospectively.

The IASB decided to defer the application date of this amendment until such time as the IASB has finalised its research project on the equity method.

Note 3 - Business combinations

Acquisition of DRS Global Enterprise Solutions, Inc. ('GES')

On 22 March 2022, SES announced its intention to acquire all the issued and outstanding share capital of GES, a US-based subsidiary of Leonardo DRS Inc. for USD 450 million via its subsidiary SES Space & Defense Inc. ('SES SD' - formerly SES Government Solutions, Inc.). The transaction closed on 1 August 2022.

SES SD provides multi-orbit, multi-band managed satellite communication services to the US Department of Defense and other governmental agencies, operating in a similar arena to the larger GES business. The combination of the two units, with their established relationships with key governmental customers positions the extended SES SD, and the wider SES Group, as a provider of scalable solutions serving the multi-orbit satellite communications needs of the US Government and supporting missions anywhere on land, at sea, or in the air.

Details of the purchase consideration, net assets acquired, and goodwill arising are as follows:

Purchase consideration

€million	
Cash paid	435
Total consideration	435

The fair values of the assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

Property, plant and equipment (Notes 13, 14)	12
Intangible asset: Customer relationships (Note 15)	292
Current assets	29
Non-current assets	2
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 9)	(65)
Current liabilities	(26)
Deferred income	(10)
Net identifiable assets acquired	234
Add: Goodwill* (Note 15)	201
Net assets acquired	435

*Non-deductible for tax purpose.

Goodwill mostly represents expected synergies resulting reduction of costs by combining the operations of GES with those of other SES companies, particularly SES Space & Defense, Inc., including the opportunity to migrate some of the GES services on to the Group's own satellite fleet.

The fair value of the acquired trade and other receivables and prepayments with aggregated gross contractual amount of EUR 24 million was assumed to equal their book value.

The best estimate at the acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was EUR 1 million.

Purchase consideration - cash outflow	
€million	EUR
Cash paid Less	435
Balance acquired: Cash and cash equivalents	
Net outflow of cash – investing activities	435

Transaction-related costs of EUR 3 million were recognised directly in other operating expenses. The amounts of post-acquisition GES revenue and net loss included in the consolidated income statement were EUR 95 million and EUR 3 million respectively. The Group's 2022 revenue and loss for the year if the acquisition had taken effect on 1 January 2022 would have been EUR 2,045 million and EUR 34 million respectively, instead of SES Group reported revenue and loss for the year of EUR 1,944 million and EUR 35 million respectively.

Note 4 - Segment information

The Group does business in one operating segment, namely the provision of satellite-based data transmission capacity, and ancillary services, to customers around the world.

The Senior Leadership Team ('SLT'), which is the chief operating decision-making committee in the Group's corporate governance structure, reviews the Group's financial reporting and generates those proposals for the allocation of the Group's resources which are submitted for validation to the Board of Directors. The main sources of financial information used by the SLT in assessing the Group's performance and allocating resources are:

- analyses of the Group's revenues from its business units SES Video and SES Networks (comprising the sales verticals Fixed Data, Mobility and Government);
- cost and overall Group profitability development;

 internal and external analyses of expected future developments in the markets into which capacity is being delivered and of the commercial landscape applying to those markets.

When analysing the performance of the operating segment against the prior period figures, these are presented both as reported and at 'constant FX', whereby they are recomputed using the prevailing exchange rates for each corresponding month of the current period.

The segment's financial results for 2022 are set out below:

			Change
€million	2022	2021	Favourable +/- Adverse
Revenue	1,944	1,782	9.1%
C-band repurposing income	184	901	-79.5%
Operating expenses	(886)	(821)	-8.1%
EBITDA	1,242	1,862	-33.3%
EBITDA margin (%)	58.3%	69.4%	-11.1% pts
Depreciation and impairment	(836)	(626)	-33.3%
Amortisation and impairment	(266)	(768)	65.3%
Operating profit	140	468	-70.1%
Adjusted EBITDA	1,105	1,091	1.3%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	56.9%	61.2%	-4.3% pts
C-band repurposing income	184	901	-79.5%
C-band operating expenses	(30)	(122)	75.3%
Other significant special items	(17)	(8)	N/m
EBITDA	1,242	1,862	33.3%

	Constant	Favourable +/-
2022	FX 2021	Adverse
1,944	1,900	2.3%
184	1,055	-82.5%
(886)	(885)	-0.3%
1,242	2,070	-40.0%
58.3%	70.1%	-11.8% pts
(836)	(665)	-25.7%
(266)	(834)	68.1%
140	571	-75.5%
	1,944 184 (886) 1,242 58.3% (836) (266)	2022 FX 2021 1,944 1,900 184 1,055 (886) (885) 1,242 2,070 58.3% 70.1% (836) (665) (266) (834)

Adjusted EBITDA	1,105	1,158	-4.6%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	56.9%	61.0%	-4.1% pts
C-band repurposing other income	184	1,055	-82.5%
C-band operating expenses	(30)	(135)	77.6%
Other significant special items	(17)	(8)	N/m
EBITDA	1,242	2,070	-40.0%

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Revenue by business unit

As reported and at constant FX, the revenue allocated to the relevant business units developed as follows:

Group Total	1,944	1,782	1,900	9.1%	2.3%
Other ³	1	1	2	N/m	N/m
Periodic ²	14	1	1	N/m	N/m
Underlying ¹	1,929	1,780	1,897	8.4%	1.7%
Sub-total	1,943	1,781	1,898	9.1%	2.4%
Periodic ²	4	1	1	N/m	N/m
Underlying ¹	919	734	818	25.3%	12.4%
SES Networks	923	735	819	25.7%	12.7%
Periodic ²	10	-	-	N/m	N/m
Underlying ¹	1,010	1,046	1,079	-3.4%	-6.4%
SES Video	1,020	1,046	1,079	-2.5%	-5.5%
€million	2022	2021	2021	Favourable + /- Adverse	(constant FX)
		Co	nstant FX	Change	Change Favourable +/- Adverse

					Change
			nstant FX	Change	Favourable +/- Adverse
€million	2021	2020	2020	Favourable + /- Adverse	(constant FX)
SES Video	1,046	1,108	1,097	-5.6%	-4.6%
Underlying ¹	1,046	1,108	1,097	-5.6%	-4.6%
Periodic ²	-	-	-	N/m	N/m
SES Networks	735	767	737	-4.2%	-0.4%
Underlying ¹	734	759	730	-3.3%	0.5%
Periodic ²	1	8	7	-86.3%	-85.0%
Sub-total	1,781	1,875	1,834	-5.0%	-2.9%
Underlying ¹	1,780	1,867	1,827	-4.7%	-2.6%
Periodic ²	1	8	7	-86.3%	-85.0%
Other ³	1	1	1	N/m	N/m
Group Total	1,782	1,876	1,835	-5.0%	-2.9%

¹ "Underlying" revenue represents the core business of capacity sales, as well as associated services and equipment. This revenue may be impacted by changes in launch schedule and satellite health status.

^{2.} "Periodic" revenue separates revenues that are not directly related to or would distort the underlying business trends. Periodic revenue includes: the outright sale of transponders or transponder equivalents; accelerated revenue from hosted payloads during the course of construction; termination fees; insurance proceeds; certain interim satellite missions and other such items when material

³ Other includes revenue not directly applicable to SES Video or SES Networks

Revenue by category

The Group's revenue analysis from the point of view of category and timing can be found below:

2022	Revenue recognised	Revenue recognised	
€million	at a point in time	over time	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	49	1,895	1,944
Lease income	-	-	-
Total	49	1,895	1,944
2021	Revenue recognised	Revenue recognised	
€million	at a point in time	over time	Total
Revenue from contracts with customers	28	1,722	1,750
Lease income	-	32	32
Total	28	1,754	1,782

Revenue from contracts with customers recognised at a point in time is related to sales of equipment and amounts to EUR 49 million in 2022 (2021: EUR 28 million).

Remaining performance obligations

Our remaining performance obligations, which the Group refers to as revenue "backlog", represent our expected future revenues under existing customer contracts and include both cancellable and non-cancellable contracts. The backlog was EUR 5.9 billion as of December 31, 2022 (2021: EUR 5.8 billion), EUR 4.8 billion (2021: EUR 5.2 billion) of which related to 'protected' backlog and EUR 1.1 billion (2021: EUR 0.6 billion) of which related to 'unprotected' backlog. Approximately 26% of the backlog is expected to be recognised as revenue in 2023, approximately 22% in 2024, and approximately 16% in 2025, with the remaining thereafter.

Protected backlog includes non-cancellable contracts and cancellable contracts with substantive termination fees. For contracts with termination options that do not have substantive termination fees, protected backlog also includes contract periods up to the first optional termination date. Unprotected backlog includes revenue from contracts that are cancellable and not subject to substantive termination fees.

Revenue by country

The Group's revenue from external customers analysed by country using the customer's billing address is as follows:

€million	2022	2021
Luxembourg (SES country of domicile)	49	54
United States of America	660	554
Germany	345	355
United Kingdom	227	212
France	81	78
Others - Europe	193	203
Others	389	326
Total	1,944	1,782

No single customer accounted for 10%, or more, of total revenue in 2022, or 2021.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets by location

The Group's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are located as set out in the following table. Note that satellites are allocated to the country where the legal owner of the asset is incorporated.

€million	2022	2021
Luxembourg (SES country of domicile)	5,985	5,767
United States of America	2,303	2,036
The Netherlands	1,155	1,206
Sweden	122	145
Germany	43	45
Israel	24	27
Others	148	125
Total	9,780	9,351

Note 5 - Operating expenses

The operating expense categories disclosed include the following types of expenditure:

 Cost of sales, which excludes staff costs and depreciation, represents expenditures which generally vary directly with revenue. They are incurred in delivering services to customers and include a variety of expenses such as rental of third-party satellite capacity, third-party teleports, connectivity, equipment and equipment rental, customer support costs such as hosting, monitoring, implementation, engineering work as well as commissions. Other cost of sales detailed below include an amount of EUR 3 million (2021: EUR 51 million) for C-band repurposing related expenses (Note 33).

€million	2022	2021
Rental of third-party satellite capacity	(94)	(68)
Customer support costs	(100)	(72)
Other cost of sales	(157)	(179)
Total cost of sales	(351)	(319)

- 2) Staff costs of EUR 330 million (2021: EUR 304 million) include gross salaries and employer's social security payments, payments into pension schemes for employees, charges arising under share-based payment schemes, as well as staff-related restructuring charges of EUR 9 million (2021: EUR 8 million) and C-band repurposing related expenses of EUR 12 million (2021: EUR 36 million). At the year-end the total full-time equivalent number of members of staff was 2,298 (2021: 2,037).
- 3) Other operating expenses of EUR 205 million (2021: EUR 198 million) are, by their nature, less variable to revenue development. Such costs include office-related and technical facility costs, in-orbit insurance costs, marketing expenses, general and administrative expenditure, consulting charges, travel-related expenditure and movements in provisions for debtors. Other operating expenses also include an amount of EUR 15 million (2021: EUR 35 million) C-band repurposing related expenses (Note 33), EUR 3 million (2021: nil) costs associated with the acquisition and integration of GES acquisition (Note 3), as well as EUR 5 million one-off regulatory charges arising outside ongoing operations.

Note 6 - Audit and non-audit fees

For 2022 and 2021 the Group recorded charges, billed and accrued, from its independent auditors, and affiliated companies thereof, as set out below:

€million	2022	2021
Fees for statutory audit of annual and consolidated accounts	2.5	2.1
Fees charged for other assurance services	0.1	0.1
Fees charged for other non-audit services	-	-
Total audit and non-audit fees	2.6	2.2

'Other assurance services' represent primarily comfort letters issued in connection with treasury funding operations and interim dividend reviews.

Note 7 - Finance income and costs

€million	2022	2021
Finance income		
Interest income	6	-
Net foreign exchange gains ¹	45	37
Fair value increases on financial assets ²	-	13
Total	51	50
Finance costs		
Interest expense on borrowings (excluding amounts capitalised)	(102)	(95)
Loan fees and origination costs and other	(22)	(26)
Fair value losses on financial assets ²	(15)	-
Total	(139)	(121)

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1 Net foreign exchange gains are mostly related to revaluation of bank accounts, deposits and other monetary items denominated in US dollars.

Represents fair value increases/ losses on assets included as part of 'Other financial assets' in the consolidated statement 2 of financial position and required to be measured at fair value following recent third-party transactions.

Note 8 - Income taxes

Taxes on income comprise the taxes paid or owed in the individual countries, as well as deferred taxes. Current and deferred taxes can be analysed as follows:

€million	2022	2021
Current income tax		
Current income tax charge on result of the year	(65)	(163)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	6	9
Foreign withholding taxes	(5)	(7)
Total current income tax	(64)	(161)
Deferred income tax		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	121	(23)
Relating to tax losses carried forward	(31)	251
Changes in tax rate	3	6
Adjustment of prior years	(116)	(24)
Total deferred income tax	(23)	210
Income tax benefit / (expense) per consolidated income statement	(87)	49
Consolidated statement of changes in equity		
Current and Deferred Income tax related to items (charged) or credited directly in equity		
Post-employment benefit obligation	(1)	(1)
Impact of currency translation	(31)	(36)
Net investment hedge - current tax	24	26
Tax impact of the treasury shares impairment recorded in the stand-alone financial statements	2	1
Tax impact on perpetual bond	14	20
Current and deferred income taxes reported in equity	8	10

A reconciliation between the income tax benefit / (expense) and the profit before tax of the Group multiplied by a theoretical tax rate of 27.19% (2021: 25.69%) which corresponds to the Luxembourg domestic tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

_€million	2022	2021
Profit before tax from continuing operations	52	397
Multiplied by theoretical tax rate	14	102
Effect of different foreign tax rates	4	14
Investment tax credits	(61)	(44)
Non-deductible expenditures	(8)	2
Taxes related to prior years	(3)	3
Effect of changes in tax rate	-	(5)
Other changes in group tax provision not included in separate lines	10	(3)
Impairment on investments in subsidiaries and other assets	-	(107)
Impact of deferred taxes	89	(23)
Foreign withholding taxes	5	7
Translation impact on investments in subsidiaries	33	-
Other	4	5
Income tax reported in the consolidated income statement	87	(49)

Foreign withholding tax

The foreign withholding tax of EUR 5 million includes EUR 2 million of Indian withholding tax retained by customers and paid to the Indian tax authorities. A final decision on Indian withholding taxes is still pending at the level of the Supreme Court.

The remaining EUR 3 million relates to withholding tax retained by customers in other jurisdictions.

Investment tax credits ('ITCs')

In 2022, the continuing investment in the O3b mPOWER and 19.2° East replacement satellites triggered the recognition of deferred tax assets for ITCs of EUR 27 million (2021: EUR 19 million) and EUR 31 million (2021: EUR 9 million) respectively. The remaining EUR 3 million of deferred tax assets for ITCs was recognised in connection with other investments by Group companies in Luxembourg.

According to Luxembourg tax law, unused ITCs can be carried forward for a maximum of ten years. SES believes that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the Luxembourg fiscal unity in the next 10 years to use the ITCs recognised in 2022 despite the fact that a partial valuation adjustment is recorded for prior year ITCs

Impact of deferred taxes

GovSat-1 was launched in January 2018 and entered into operational service in March 2018. A deferred tax asset for investment tax credits of EUR 26 million was recognised by its owner LuxGovSat S.A. in the same year. LuxGovSat S.A. is not part of the Luxembourg fiscal unity. As a result of management's analysis of the recoverability of this deferred tax asset, an additional valuation adjustment of EUR 1 million was recorded in 2022 (2021: EUR 11 million).

Considering the estimated future taxable income based on the most recent business plan information the Company has concluded that the ITCs recognised in 2018, 2019 and 2020 cannot be fully used due to the 10-year carry forward limitation rule. Therefore, a valuation adjustment of EUR 110 million (2021: EUR 0 million) on deferred tax assets for prior year ITCs for Luxembourg fiscal unity was recorded in 2022.

An additional deferred tax asset of EUR 17 million (2021: EUR 0 million) for tax losses and interest carried forward was recognised for HD Plus GmbH, as management believes that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in that company in the future to utilise those losses.

Impairment on subsidiaries and other assets

The aggregate impact of EUR 0 million mainly comprises the following:

- The net impairment charge of EUR 142 million (2021: EUR 903 million) recorded on the carrying value of subsidiary investments and other assets held by entities in Luxembourg resulting in an income tax benefit of EUR 38 million (2021: EUR 232 million).
- The reversal of impairment charges of EUR 62 million (2021: EUR 0 million) taken on the carrying value of intercompany receivables held by entities in Luxembourg resulting in an income tax expense of EUR 17 million.
- The impairment charge of EUR 77 million (2021: EUR 673 million) recorded in connection with the goodwill attributed to the GEO North America cash-generating unit (see Note 15) resulting in a negative ETR impact of EUR 16 million (2021: EUR 141 million).

Translation impact on investments in subsidiaries

The elimination of the tax effect on the translation impact resulting from intercompany restructurings resulted in an income tax expense of EUR 33 million (2021: EUR 0 million).

Note 9 - Deferred tax balances

The deferred tax positions included in the consolidated financial statements can be analysed as follows:

	Deferred tax	Deferred tax	Deferred tax	Deferred tax
	assets	assets	liabilities	liabilities
€million	2022	2021	2022	2021
Losses carried forward	296	301	-	-
Tax credits	206	259	-	-
Intangible assets	20	23	(335)	(239)
Tangible assets	-	-	(99)	(160)
Trade and other receivables	15	19	-	-
Other	5	5	(43)	(39)
Total deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	542	607	(477)	(438)
Offset of deferred taxes	(43)	(39)	43	39
Net deferred tax assets/(liabilities)	499	568	(434)	(399)

Deferred tax assets have been offset against deferred tax liabilities where they relate to the same tax authority and the entity concerned has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities.

In 2022 the Group reversed deferred tax assets for tax losses carried forward in Luxembourg for EUR 25 million (2021: recognition of DTA of EUR 247 million). Tax losses can be carried forward in Luxembourg for 17 years. Using the estimated future taxable income based on the most recent business plan information approved by the Board of Directors, the Company has concluded that the deferred tax assets for the remaining tax losses carried forward are recoverable (EUR 301 million).

In addition to the recoverable tax losses for which the Group has recognised deferred tax assets, the Group has further tax losses of EUR 346 million as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: EUR 488 million) which are available for offset against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. EUR 181 million (31 December 2021: 329 million) of these tax losses were generated in the US. EUR 94 (31 December 2021: EUR 82 million) of these tax losses were generated in Israel. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they cannot be used to offset taxable profits elsewhere in the Group and they have arisen in subsidiaries which are not expected to generate taxable profits against which they could be offset in the foreseeable future.

Considering the total tax losses carried forward and future taxable income based on the most recent business plan information for Luxembourg entities, the Company has concluded that prior year ITCs cannot be fully used due to a 10 year carry forward limitation rule. Therefore, a valuation allowance of EUR 110 million (2021: EUR 0 million) on a deferred tax asset for ITCs for the Luxembourg fiscal unity was recorded in 2022. Considering the valuation allowance and new deferred tax assets recognised for the 2022 investments, the total DTA for ITCs amounts to EUR 206 million (2021: EUR 259 million).

No deferred income tax liabilities have been recognised for withholding tax and other taxes which would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries. Such amounts are permanently reinvested or not subject to taxation.

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances, is as follows:

	Losses			Trade and		
	carried		Intangible	other		
Deferred tax assets	forward	Tax credits	assets	receivables	Other	Total
At 1 January 2021	72	228	26	13	10	349
(Charged)/credited to the						
income statement	227	31	(3)	5	(5)	255
Exchange difference ¹	2	-	-	1	-	3
At 31 December 2021	301	259	23	19	5	607
(Charged)/credited to the						
income statement	(7)	(53)	(4)	(5)	-	(69)
Exchange difference ¹	2	-	1	1	-	4
At 31 December 2022	296	206	20	15	5	542

Deferred tax liabilities	Intangible assets	Tangible assets	Other	Total
At 1 January 2021	219	123	27	369
(Charged)/credited to the income				
statement	2	31	12	45
Exchange difference ¹	18	6	-	24
At 31 December 2021	239	160	39	438
Additions through business combinations				
(Note 3) Charged/(credited) to the income	65	-	-	65
statement	20	(70)	4	(46)
Exchange difference ¹	11	9	-	20
At 31 December 2022	335	99	43	477

¹ A foreign exchange impact arises due to the translation of Group's operations with a different functional currency than euro. This amounts to EUR 4 million as at 31 December 2022 (2021: EUR 21 million)

Note 10 - Components of other comprehensive income

_€million	2022	2021
Impact of currency translation	295	471
Income tax effect	(31)	(36)
Total impact of currency translation, net of tax	264	435

The impact of currency translation in other comprehensive income relates to exchange gains or losses arising on the translation of the net assets of foreign operations from their functional currency to the euro, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

The unrealised gain in 2022 of EUR 295 million (2021: unrealised loss of EUR 471 million) reflects the impact on the valuation of SES's net US dollar assets due to the strengthening of the US dollar against the euro from USD 1.1326 to USD 1.0666 (2021: the strengthening of the US dollar against the euro from USD 1.1326). This effect is partially offset by the impact of the net investment hedge (Note 19).

Note 11 - Earnings per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders of each class of shares by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year as adjusted to reflect the economic rights of each class of share. The net profit or loss for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders has been adjusted to include an assumed coupon, net of tax, on the Perpetual Bonds.

For 2022, a basic loss per share of EUR (0.16) per Class A share (2021: basic earnings per share of EUR 0.92), and EUR (0.06) per Class B share (2021: basic earnings per share of EUR 0.37) have been calculated as follows:

(Loss)/profit attributable to the owners of the parent for calculating basic earnings per share:

€million	2022	2021
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the parent	(34)	453
Assumed coupon on perpetual bond (net of tax)	(36)	(41)
Total	(70)	412

Assumed coupon accruals of EUR 36 million (net of tax) for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: EUR 41 million) related to the Perpetual Bonds in issue have been considered for the calculation of the basic and diluted earnings available for distribution.

The weighted average number of shares based on the capital structure of the Company as described in Note 21, net of own shares held, for calculating basic earnings per share was as follows:

	2022	2021
Class A shares (in million)	364.1	369.7
Class B shares (in million)	185.8	189.2
Total	549.9	558.9

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares which are primarily related to the share-based compensation plans. A calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options and the difference, if it results in a dilutive effect, is considered to adjust the weighted average number of shares.

For 2022, a diluted loss per Class A share of EUR (0.16) (2021: diluted earnings of EUR 0.92), and EUR (0.06) per Class B share (2021: diluted earnings of EUR 0.37) have been calculated as follows:

€million	2022	2021
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the parent	(34)	453
Assumed coupon on perpetual bond (net of tax)	(36)	(41)
Total	(70)	412
The weighted average number of shares, net of own shares held, for calculating diluted earnings per	share was as follow	WS:
	2022	2021
Class A shares (in million)	368.8	372.9
Class B shares (in million)	185.7	189.2
Total	554.5	562.1

Note 12 - Dividends paid and proposed

Dividends declared are paid net of any withholding tax (2022: EUR 24 million, 2021: EUR 20 million).

Gross dividends declared and paid during the year:

€million	2022	2021
Class A dividend for 2021: EUR 0.50 (2020: EUR 0.40)	192	153
Class B dividend for 2021: EUR 0.20 (2020: EUR 0.16)	38	31
Total	230	184

Dividends proposed for approval at the annual general meeting to be held on 1 April 2023, which are not recognised as a liability as at 31 December 2022:

€million	2023
Class A dividend for 2022: EUR 0.50 (2021: EUR 0.50)	192
Class B dividend for 2022: EUR 0.20 (2020: EUR 0.20)	38
Total	230

Note 13 - Property, plant and equipment

Net book value as at 31 December 2022	85	3,250	227	68	3,630
As at 31 December 2022	(215)	(8,118)	(675)	(244)	(9,252)
Impact of currency translation	(4)	(232)	(20)	(3)	(259
Transfers between categories	2	-	8	(10)	
Retirements ¹	7	163	34	9	213
Disposals	2	-	2	-	4
Impairment expense	-	(194)	-	-	(194
Depreciation	(21)	(523)	(59)	(39)	(642
As at 1 January 2022	(201)	(7,332)	(640)	(201)	(8,374
Depreciation					
€million	Buildings	Segment	Segment	equipment	Tota
	Land and	Space	Ground	fittings, tools and	
As at 51 December 2022	500	11,500	502	Other fixtures and	12,002
As at 31 December 2022	300	11,368	902	312	12,882
Impact of currency translation	8	326	30	5	369
Transfers between categories	(7)	5	(17)	14	(5
construction (Note 14) ^{2}	1	490	44	10	553
Transfers from assets in course of	(7)	(163) 490	(34) 44	(9) 18	(213
Disposals Retirements ¹	(4)	- (162)	(3)	-	(7
combinations (Note 3)	(4)		(2)		(7
Additions through business	5	-	-	5	10
Additions	15	1	10	2	28
As at 1 January 2022	289	10,709	872	277	12,147
Cost					
€million	buildings	segment	Segment	equipment	Tota
	Land and	Space	Ground	fittings, tools and	
				Other fixtures and	

1 Satellites Astra 3A and AMC-8 were retired in 2022

2 SES-17, SES-20, SES-21 and SES-22 became operational during 2022

				Other fixtures and	
	Land and	Space	Ground	fittings, tools and	
€million	buildings	segment	Segment	equipment	Total
Cost					
As at 1 January 2021	278	11,091	811	229	12,409
Additions	6	-	7	3	16
Disposals	(3)		(1)	(1)	(5)
Retirements ¹	(6)	(850)	(3)	(1)	(860)
Transfers from assets in course of construction (Note 14)	3	-	17	41	61
Transfers from intangible assets (Note 15)	-	-	3	-	3
Impact of currency translation	11	468	38	6	523
As at 31 December 2021	289	10,709	872	277	12,147

Net book value as at 31 December 2021	88	3,377	232	76	3,773
As at 31 December 2021	(201)	(7,332)	(640)	(201)	(8,374)
Impact of currency translation	(6)	(332)	(29)	(4)	(371)
Retirements ¹	6	850	3	1	860
Disposals	-	-	1	1	2
Impairment reversal	-	22	-	-	22
Impairment expense	-	(73)	-	-	(73)
Depreciation	(15)	(478)	(53)	(29)	(575)
As at 1 January 2021	(186)	(7,321)	(562)	(170)	(8,239)
Depreciation					
€million	Buildings	Segment	Segment	equipment	Total
	Land and	Space	Ground	fittings, tools and	
				Other fixtures and	

¹ Satellites ASTRA 2B, ASTRA 1D, AMC-2, AMC-16, NSS-806 and NSS-5 were retired in 2021

The Group's policy in setting the useful economic life of its satellites is to initially use the satellite design life and then, once sufficient time has passed to allow for initial anomalies to be investigated and future fuel projections to be stabilised, to adjust the depreciation life to take into account factors such as the technical condition of the satellite, its projected remaining fuel life, and replacement or redeployment plans.

The review in 2022 resulted in revisions to the remaining useful economic lives of MEO Block 1-2, 3A, 3B and three GEO Satellites resulting in a net increase in the depreciation expense for 2022 of EUR 4 million. The corresponding review in 2021 resulted in revisions to the remaining useful economic lives of three GEO satellites resulting in a net decrease in the depreciation expense for 2021 of EUR 9 million.

As at 31 December 2022, the amount of the property, plant and equipment pledged in relation to the Group's liabilities is nil (2021: nil). For further information related to right-of-use assets, see Note 30.

Impairment of space segment assets

In 2022, the net impairment expense recorded for space segment assets was EUR 194 million (2021: EUR 51 million). There were no impairment reversals in 2022 (2021: EUR 22 million). The charges and reversals are the aggregation of impairment testing procedures on specific satellites, or combinations of co-located satellites, in the Group's geostationary fleet.

The following table discloses the applicable amounts and discount rates used in the impairment test for those geostationary satellites subject to impairment expenses or reversals during the year.

€million	Carrying value	Value in use	Discount rate	Impairment expense
2022 – Expense	1,084	890	7.5% - 11.1%	194
2021 – Expense	333	260	4.9% - 8.9%	73
2021 – Reversal	66	114	4.9% - 8.9%	(22)
2021 – Net impact				51

The impairment expenses and reversals recorded reflect updated business assumptions for the satellites through to the end of their useful economic lives. In general, these updated assumptions reflect a combination of revised commercial developments and expectations, updated assessments of the regulatory environment impacting certain assets (and hence the Group's ability to achieve the forecast commercial exploitation), changes in the competitive environment in which the Group operates, and certain changes in the operation of the satellites (for example the decision to place a particular satellite into inclined orbit, or changes to the timing thereof) or associated ground segment infrastructure.

Specific developments, largely in the second half of 2022, in these areas contributed to the weakening of cash flow projections for certain satellites and contributed to the recording of the impairment expenses noted above.

As part of standard impairment testing procedures, the Group assesses the impact of changes in the discount rates and reductions in EBITDA. Discount rates are simulated up to 1% below and above the CGU's specific rate used in the base valuation and EBITDA projections are simulated up to 5% below and above the base valuation. In this way a matrix of valuations is generated, which reveals the potential exposure to impairment expenses based on movements in the valuation parameters which are within the range of outcomes foreseeable at the valuation date.

The most recent testing showed that for this category of geostationary space segment assets, then under the least favourable combination of the circumstances above (namely a 1% higher discount rate in conjunction with a 5% lower EBITDA projection) an incremental impairment of EUR 111 million would be recorded. A 1% increase in the discount rate at a constant EBITDA level would increase satellite impairments by EUR 38 million. Taken separately, a 5% decrease in EBITDA would increase satellite impairments by EUR 50 million.

Note 14 - Assets in the course of construction

€million	Land and Buildings	Space segment	Ground segment	Fixtures, tools & equipment	Total
Cost and net book value as at 1 January 2022	7	1,664	107	10	1,788
Movements in 2022					
Additions ¹	2	428	105	18	553
Additions through business combinations (Note 3)	-	-	2	-	2
Transfers to assets in use (Note 13)	(1)	(490)	(44)	(18)	(553)
Transfer between categories	-	7	(17)	6	(4)
Impact of currency translation	-	66	6	1	73
Cost and net book value as at 31 December 2022	8	1,675	159	17	1,859

¹ Additions related to C-band, O3b mPOWER, SES-17, Astra 19.2E (including EUR 37 million non-cash transactions), partly offset by C-band reimbursable space segment (EUR 311 million) and ground cost (EUR 13 million)

€million	Land and Buildings	Space segment	Ground segment	Fixtures, tools & equipment	Total
Cost and net book value as at 1 January 2021	1	1,529	90	31	1,651
Movements in 2021					
Additions ¹	7	360	63	9	439
Transfers to assets in use (Note 14)	(3)	-	(17)	(41)	(61)
Transfer to intangible assets (Note 15)	-	-	(10)	-	(10)
Transfer between categories	2	-	(12)	10	-
C-band repurposing (Note 33) ²	-	(305)	(8)	-	(313)
Impact of currency translation	-	80	1	1	82
Cost and net book value as at 31 December 2021	7	1,664	107	10	1,788

¹ Additions related to O3b mPOWER, SES-17, Astra 19.2E (including EUR 237 million non-cash transactions)

² C-band reimbursable space segment and ground cost (non-cash)

Borrowing costs of EUR 16 million (2021: EUR 6 million) arising from financing specifically relating to satellite procurements were capitalised during the year and are included in additions to 'Space segment' in the above table.

A weighted average effective rate of 2.97% (2021: 2.92%) was used, representing the Group's average weighted cost of borrowing. Excluding the impact of the loan origination costs and commitment fees the average weighted interest rate was 2.87% (2021: 2.76%).

In connection with space segment additions in 2022, the Group recognised EUR 315 million (EUR 309 million) in respect of C-band satellites, partly offset by EUR 311 million C-band reimbursements (Note 33), EUR 218 million (2021: EUR 164 million) in respect of the O3b mPOWER arrangement described in Note 28, EUR 207 million (2021: EUR 56 million) in respect of procurement of satellites in connection with replacements of Astra 19.2°E and NSS-12 at 57°E and EUR 1 million (2021: EUR 140 million) associated with SES-17.

Due to the nature of the arrangements, these transactions are included in the Group's assets in the course of construction space segment and included in 'Payments for purchases of tangible assets' within the consolidated statement of cash flows only to the extent that payments were made to the suppliers.

Orbital slot Orbital slot licence Internally licence rights rights Other generated (definite (indefinite-Customer definite life development Goodwill life) relationships intangibles life) costs Total €million Cost As at 1 January 2022 2,081 2,376 213 469 46 5,185 _ Additions 31 20 3 54 Additions through business 201 292 493 combinations (Note 3) _ _ _ Retirement (8) (8) _ _ (32) Transfers from _ _ 32 _ assets in course of construction Transfers between categories 4 5 9 _ _ _ _ Impact of currency translation 112 163 1 7 1 284 As at 31 December 2022 234 292 507 51 2,193 2,740 6,017 Amortisation As at 1 January 2022 (856) (101) (422) (1,395) (16) _ Amortisation (12)(8) (43)(63)Impairment (126)(77)(203)-Retirement _ 8 8 _ _ Impact of currency translation 3 (69) (7) (73)(1,002) As at 31 December 2022 (139) (464) (113)(8) (1,726)-Net book value as at 31 December 2022 2,054 1,738 121 284 43 51 4,291 Orbital slot Orbital slot licence licence Internally rights rights Other generated (indefinite-(definite definite life development life) Goodwill life) intangibles €million costs Total Cost As at 1 January 2021 1,930 771 470 58 5,402 2,173 Additions 37 9 46 (567)¹ Retirement (70) (637) -_ Transfers from assets in course of _ 49 (49) construction Transfers between categories 4 (4)Transfers to property, plant and equipment _ (3) (3) _ _ -(Note 13) 10 10 Transfers from assets under _ _ _ constructions, property, plant and equipment (Note 14) Impact of currency translation 147 203 17 367

2,081

2,376

213

469

Note 15 - Intangible assets

As at 31 December 2021

5,185

46

	Orbital slot		Orbital slot			
	licence		licence		Internally	
	rights		rights	Other	generated	
	(indefinite-		(definite	definite life	development	
€million	life)	Goodwill	life)	intangibles	costs	Total
Amortisation						
As at 1 January 2021	(14)	(147)	(630)	(419)	-	(1,210)
Amortisation	-	-	(38)	(57)	-	(95)
Impairment	-	(673)	-	-	-	(673)
Retirement	-	-	567 ¹	70	-	637
Impact of currency translation	(2)	(36)	-	(16)	-	(54)
As at 31 December 2021	(16)	(856)	(101)	(422)	-	(1,395)
Net book value as at						
31 December 2021	2,065	1,520	112	47	46	3,790

¹ Concession agreement with Luxembourg government 2001 to 2021

Indefinite-life intangible assets

The Group's indefinite-life intangible assets comprise goodwill and orbital slot licence rights. See Note 2, Significant accounting judgments and estimates, for the Group's policy on determining the useful lives of intangible assets.

Impairment testing procedures are performed annually, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. The annual impairment tests are performed as of 31 October each year. The recoverable amounts are determined based on a value in use calculation (Note 2) using the most recent business plan information approved by the Board of Directors, which covers a period of five years.

The calculations of value in use are most sensitive to:

1) Movements in the underlying business plan assumptions

Business plans are drawn up annually and provide an assessment of the expected developments for a five-year period beyond the end of the year when the plan is drawn up. These business plans reflect both the most up-to-date assumptions concerning the CGU's markets and also developments and trends in the business of the CGU. For the provision of satellite capacity these will particularly take into account the following factors:

- the expected developments in transponder fill rates, including the impact of replacement capacity;
- any changes in the expected capital expenditure cycle, for example due to the technical degradation of a satellite or the need for replacement capacities; and
- any changes in satellite procurement, launch or cost assumptions, including launch schedule.
- 2) Changes in discount rates

Discount rates reflect management's estimate of the risks specific to each CGU. Management uses a pre-tax weighted average cost of capital as discount rate for each CGU. This reflects market interest rates of twenty-year bonds in the market concerned, the capital structure of businesses in the Group's business sector, and other factors, as necessary, applied specifically to the CGU concerned.

3) Changes in perpetuity growth rates assumptions

Growth rate assumptions used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the business planning period are based on the commercial experience relating to the CGUs concerned and the expectations for developments in the markets which they serve.

Definition of cash-generating units for intangible assets

The gross goodwill as at 31 December 2022 of EUR 2,740 million (2021: EUR 2,376 million) derives primarily from the acquisition of two significant GEO businesses: GE Americom in 2001 and New Skies Satellites in 2006.

Management has identified three regional GEO CGUs based reporting and monitoring of goodwill. These three regions ('GEO Europe', 'GEO North America' and 'GEO International') have been defined for impairment testing procedures for both goodwill and orbital slot rights. This reflects the developments in the business environment of the Group, triggered by the increasing demand from market participants in various business areas (primarily telecommunications companies) for bandwidth to support the provision of data connectivity services.

These developments mean that there are increasingly two economic paths available to the Group in commercialising the valuable portfolio of orbital slot rights it has generated over many years, including through the two GEO business acquisitions noted above:

- utilising these rights in the provision of services on its own satellite fleet; and
- generating economic value through entering into transactions with third parties to make these rights available to them in return for an appropriate financial compensation.

A specific example is the ongoing C-band repurposing project in the U.S. following the adoption by the Federal Communications Commission of its Report and Order and Order of Proposed Modification to clear a 300 MHz band of C-band downlink spectrum between 3,700 and 4,000 MHz by December 2025 (see Note 33).

Since the opportunities, and hence potential cash flows, arising from this expanding area of commercialisation of orbital slot rights other than through conventional on-fleet operations, are by their nature arrangements with regional regulatory authorities and market participants, and since the linkage to the orbital slot rights is so strong, it seems appropriate to management to re-align the approach to impairment testing by looking at both areas using on a regional basis and disaggregating the cash-generating units again for the purpose of goodwill testing.

The goodwill has been allocated between the three cash-generating units (as defined above) based on the assets acquired in the above acquisitions, with materially all the assets acquired in the GE Americom acquisition being allocated to 'GEO North America' and materially all the assets acquired in the New Skies Satellites acquisition being allocated to 'GEO International'. Additionally, the net assets from the SES SD acquisition have been allocated between the four CGUs (including MEO) based on the expected value creation. See the goodwill table below for the allocation of goodwill to the new CGUs.

In the case of 'North America' this aggregation reflects the current inter-operability of spacecraft and orbital locations which can be used to serve customers in the U.S., Canada and Mexico, as well as the increasing interdependency of the contractual arrangements for significant customers in those markets which mean that the associated cash flows can no longer be seen as largely independent of each other.

Concerning 'International' then this aggregation again reflects the increasing interdependency of cash flows between regions with an increasing use of Brazilian spectrum by assets such as SES-10 and SES-17 which are also serving 'International' customers, and the fact that the Group is now also serving the Brazilian market from orbital slots other than those allocated to the unit.

Management identifies the Group's MEO assets as a separate CGU. As the Group extends its global connectivity offering integrating both GEO and MEO capacity, the level of interdependency of cash flows between the GEO International and MEO is expected to increase.

The Group's business plan is approved by the Board of Directors based on consolidated data. The consolidated data is based on separate data prepared for each legal entity of the Group (see Note 36). To prepare business plans for the regional CGUs, the following assumptions are made:

- GEO revenue from satellites is allocated to the GEO region primarily covered by the satellite. Non-satellite revenue is included in each CGU based on the legal entity expected to generate the revenue. MEO revenue, including GEO revenue expected to be used servicing primarily MEO contracts, is included in MEO.
- Operating expenses are allocated based on the underlying legal entity expected to incur the expense. Reallocations were performed when costs in one CGU clearly support the business of a different CGU.
- Intercompany transactions between CGUs included in the business plans of the individual legal entities were included, except where the above allocation methodologies made them no longer relevant.
- The Accelerated Relocation Payments related to the C-band repurposing (see Note 33) were allocated between the GEO North America and GEO International CGUs based on the Group's internal allocation of the proceeds, and considering the likely allocation

agreed with the relevant regulatory authorities.

Discount rates applied

The pre-tax discount rates for each CGU are presented below:

	2022	2021
GEO Europe	9.02%	6.40%
GEO North America	12.62%	10.18%
GEO International	12.12%	8.14%
MEO	10.38%	8.04%

These discount rates were computed using market interest rates and commercial spreads, the capital structure of businesses in the Group's business sector, and the specific risk profile of the businesses concerned. Generally, the higher discount rates are caused by higher risk-free rates in the markets the Group operates in, as well as a global increase in market risk premiums.

Perpetual Growth Rate ('PGR') assumptions

Separate GEO terminal growth rates by region were calculated. The terminal growth rate used in the valuations is -2.2% for GEO Europe (2021: -0.4%), -2.7% for GEO North America (2021: -4.5%), and +2.5% for GEO International (2021: +3.0%).

For MEO, management has applied a 'fading growth model', or H-model. Under this model, following the five-year business plan period, cash flows are expected to continue to grow at a higher rate for a time, which then reduces for a period until the terminal growth rate is reached. Management believes this is a valid assumption as the MEO fleet, specifically the mPOWER fleet that is in the middle of its launch campaign, will not reach its maximum utilisation projection until after the business plan period. In line with growth projections at the end of the business plan period, management selected 10% as the higher growth rate, which reduces on a straight-line basis over ten years until the terminal growth rate is reached. The terminal growth rate used for MEO was +3.0% (2021: +3.0%).

These rates reflect the most recent long-term planning assumptions approved by the Board of Directors and can be supported by reference to the trading performance over a longer period and incorporate also projected growth rates for wide-beam and high-throughput satellites markets from external data sources.

Impairment charges recorded for 2022

1) Goodwill

As a result of the impairment tests conducted as of 31 December 2022, an impairment expense of EUR 77 million (2021: EUR 673 million) was recorded on GEO North America. The impairment was mainly driven by the higher discount rates as noted above.

Whilst values in use have developed during the year reflecting the higher discount rates, changed perpetual growth rate projections and updated business assumptions more generally, no impairment charge was recorded against the carrying values of goodwill for the GEO Europe, GEO International, and MEO CGUs.

- For GEO Europe, no impairment charge was recorded reflecting the limited goodwill in this CGU given that the business was developed organically rather than through acquisition.
- For GEO International, no impairment was necessary. This CGU encompasses most of the Group's GEO high-throughput satellites, which are expected to contribute to future revenue growth, although part of the value in use is also attributable to future proceeds receivable in the framework of the FCC Order as set out in more detail in Note 33 below.
- For MEO, the valuation has mainly decreased due to the higher discount rates noted above but the value in use still exceeds the CGU's net assets.

Arising from the impairment reviews above, the Group's remaining goodwill has a net book value as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 by CGU as presented below:

51	19
1,157	1,120
305	224
225	152
-	5
1,738	1,520
	305 225

The increase in goodwill is the effect of the SES SD acquisition and stronger USD, partially offset by the impairment in GEO North America.

Management has integrated SES GS and GES (now combined under a common management team and branded as SES Space & Defense ["S&D"]) into the existing impairment model.

To integrate S&D into the existing CGUs, management estimated the proportion of S&D's value-in-use and net assets attributable to those CGUs. Management analysed the projected 2027 revenues for S&D as well as the current regional usage of GES's network. The result of this analysis is that 16% is allocated to GEO Europe, 21% to GEO North America, 33% to GEO International, and 30% to MEO. This reflects the global nature of the S&D business, as well as the increasing impact of MEO, more specifically the mPOWER constellation, which is expected to be a major growth driver for S&D in the future.

As part of standard impairment testing procedures, the Group assesses the impact of changes in the discount rates and growth assumptions of the valuation surplus, or deficit as the case may be. Both discount rates and terminal values are simulated up to 1% below and above the specific rate used in the base valuation. In this way, a matrix of valuations is generated which reveals the potential exposure to impairment expenses for each CGU based on movements in the valuation parameters which are within the range of outcomes foreseeable at the valuation date.

The most recent testing showed that:

- For GEO Europe, there would not be an impairment applying the most adverse combination of developments (a 1% increase in discount rates and 1% decrease in the perpetual growth rate).
- For GEO North America, the recorded impairment would increase by EUR 6 million in the case of a 1% decrease in the perpetual growth rate, by EUR 30 million in the case of a 1% increase in the discount rate, and by EUR 35 million in the case of both a 1% decrease in the perpetual growth rate and a 1% increase in the discount rate.
- For GEO International, while individually a 1% decrease in the perpetuity growth rate of a 1% increase in the discount rate would not require an impairment charge, a combination of these developments would require an impairment charge of EUR 65 million.
- For MEO, a 1% decrease in the perpetual growth rates (both the higher rate under the H-model and the terminal growth rate), would
 require an impairment of EUR 295 million. A 1% increase in the discount rate would require an impairment of EUR 439 million. An
 impairment of EUR 721 million would be required were there to be a combination of a 1% higher discount rate and a 1% lower
 perpetual growth rate.

Taken separately from changes in discount and perpetuity growth rates, a 5% reduction in EBITDA would not lead to an impairment expense in the GEO Europe or GEO International CGUs. The recorded impairment in GEO North America would increase by EUR 9 million. For MEO, a 5% reduction in EBITDA would require an impairment charge of EUR 125 million.

2) Orbital slot licence rights

The rights conveyed by orbital slot licences in different jurisdictions can have varying characteristics that make them separate and distinct from the orbital slot licence rights in other jurisdictions. The MEO orbital rights are not separable and do not generate separate cash flows, and thus are considered a single CGU, which is tested for impairment together with the related corresponding goodwill and the MEO satellites constellation.

The pre-tax discount rates for each CGU are presented below:

	2022	2021
GEO Europe	10.02%	7.40%
GEO North America	13.62%	11.18%
GEO International	13.12%	9.14%
MEO	10.38%	8.04%

Similar to the pre-tax discount rates used for goodwill testing, these rates were selected to reflect market interest rates and commercial spreads; the capital structure of businesses in the Group's business sector; and the specific risk profile of the businesses concerned. The terminal growth rates used in the valuations are identical to those used in goodwill testing. The Group recorded EUR of 126 million of impairment expense related to orbital slot licence rights for the year ending 31 December 2022 (2021: nil). Of the total impairment expense, EUR 117 million relates to GEO North America and EUR 9 million relates to GEO International.

The orbital slot licence rights have a net book value as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 by CGU as presented below:

€million	2022	2021
GEO Europe	162	168
GEO North America	233	325
GEO International	465	447
MEO	1,194	1,125
Total	2,054	2,065

As part of standard impairment testing procedures, as with goodwill, the Group assesses the impact of changes in the discount rates and growth assumptions of the valuation surplus, or deficit as the case may be. Both discount rates and terminal values are simulated up to 1% below and above the CGU's specific rate used in the base valuation. In this way a matrix of valuations is generated which reveals the potential exposure to impairment expenses for each CGU based on movements in the valuation parameters which are within the range of outcomes foreseeable at the valuation date.

The most recent testing showed that:

- For GEO Europe, the least favourable case a combination of lower terminal growth rates and higher discount rates would not lead to any impairment expense.
- For GEO North America, a 1% decrease in the perpetuity growth rate would increase the impairment charge by EUR 20 million and a 1% increase in the discount rate would increase the impairment charge by EUR 3 million; the combination of these two factors would increase the impairment charge by EUR 22 million.
- For GEO International, a 1% decrease in the perpetuity growth rate would increase the impairment charge by EUR 41 million and a 1% increase in the discount rate would increase the impairment charge by EUR 10 million; the combination of these two factors would increase the impairment charge by EUR 50 million.

Definite-life intangible assets

The definite-life intangible assets as at 31 December 2022 have a net book value by country as presented below:

		2022		
€million	Orbital slot licence rights	Customer relationships	Other	
United States of America	-	284	4	
Luxembourg	105	-	30	
Brazil	9	-	1	
Netherlands	7	-	1	
Germany	-	-	5	
Other	-	-	2	
Total	121	284	43	

The definite-life intangible assets as at 31 December 2021 have a net book value by country as presented below:

	2021	2021	
€million	Orbital slot licence rights	Other	
Luxembourg	105	25	
Israel	-	2	
Brazil	7	-	
Other	-	20	
Total	112	47	

Until 2021, the Group's primary definite life intangible asset was the agreement concluded by SES ASTRA with the Luxembourg government in relation to the usage of Luxembourg frequencies in the orbital positions of the geostationary arc from 45° West to 50° East for the period from 1 January 2001 to 31 December 2021. Given the finite nature of this agreement, these usage rights - valued at EUR 550 million at the date of acquisition - were amortised on a straight-line basis over the 21-year term of the agreement and were retired as of 31 December 2021.

In November 2019, SES and the Luxembourg government reached an agreement to renew SES's concession to operate satellites operating under Luxembourg's jurisdiction for 20 years, effective from January 2022 when the current concession expires, with an annual fee of EUR 1 million payable from 2025 onwards. Under the agreement, and starting from 2022, SES is contributing a maximum of EUR 7 million per year into a space sector fund.

The GES acquisition added EUR 292 million of definite-life intangibles with a useful life of 15 years, primarily relating due to the value of the acquired customer relationships.

The Group also holds orbital slot licence rights in Brazil, which were awarded to a Group subsidiary at auction in 2014 for a 15-year term. These rights are being amortised over a 30-year period, reflecting the Group's ability to renew the rights once in 2029 at a minimal cost, assuming they are being utilised.

As at 31 December 2022, the amount of the intangible assets pledged in relation to the Group's liabilities is nil (2021: nil).

Note 16 - Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

The Group has recognised the following assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers:

€million	2022	2021
Current contract assets		
Trade receivables	433	357
Provision for trade receivables	(100)	(93)
Trade receivables, net of provisions	333	264
Unbilled accrued revenue	160	119 ¹
Provision for unbilled accrued revenue	(6)	(4)
Unbilled accrued revenue, net of provisions	154	115 ¹
Deferred customer contract costs	4	3
	491	382 ¹
Non-current contract assets		
Unbilled accrued revenue	119	130 ¹
Provision for unbilled accrued revenue	(8)	(9)
Unbilled accrued revenue, net of provisions	111	121 ¹
Deferred customer contract costs	7	9
	118	130
Current contract liabilities		
Deferred income	189	187 ¹
Non-current contract liabilities		
Deferred income	359	388 ¹

The following table shows the movement in deferred income recognised by the Group:

€million	Non-current	Current
As at 1 January 2022	388	187
Revenue recognised during the year	-	(1,583)
New billings	-	1,484
Additions through business combinations (Note 3)	-	11
Other movements*	(38)	80
Impact of currency translation	9	10

As at 31 December 2022	359	189

 Other movements include reclassifications (between current and non-current, upfront and deferred, as well as a 	against trade receivables)
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€million	Non-current	Current
As at 1 January 2021	296	454
Revenue recognised during the year	-	(1,132)
New billings	-	1,092
Other movements*	82 ¹	(237) ¹
Impact of currency translation	10	10
As at 31 December 2021	388	187

* Other movements include reclassifications (between current and non-current, upfront and deferred, as well as against trade receivables)

¹ Comparatives have been restated in order to reflect the netting of unbilled accrued revenue and deferred revenue positions at contract level, in line with IFRS requirements. In prior year consolidated financial statements, the Group has presented contract assets and liabilities that arise on a single contract with a customer separately as gross positions on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

€million	As presented	As restated	Difference
Current trade and other receivables	1,746	1,727	(19)
Current deferred income	404	187	(217)
Non-current trade and other receivables	245	121	(124)
Non-current deferred income	314	388	74

Note 17 - Trade and other receivables

€million	2022	2021
Trade receivables, net of provisions	333	264
Unbilled accrued revenue, net of provisions	265	236 ¹
Other receivables	546	1,348
Total trade and other receivables	1,144	1,848 ¹
Of which:		
Non-current	111	121 ¹
Current	1,033	1,727 ¹
Destated in order to reflect the netting of unbilled ensured encourse and deferred income and tiples of in Nete 40		

¹ Restated in order to reflect the netting of unbilled accrued revenue and deferred income as disclosed in Note 16.

Unbilled accrued revenue represents revenue recognised, but not billed, under long-term customer contracts. Billing will occur based on the terms of the contracts. The non-current balance represents entirely unbilled accrued revenue. Other receivables include EUR 480 million (2021: EUR 1,273 million) to be received as part of the C-band repurposing project (refer to Note 33).

An amount of EUR 21 million (2021: EUR 27 million) was expensed in 2022 reflecting an increase in the impairment of trade and other receivables. This amount is recorded in 'Other operating expenses'. As at 31 December 2022, trade and other receivables with a nominal amount of EUR 114 million (2021: EUR 106 million) were impaired. Movements in the provision for the impairment of trade and other receivables were as follows:

€million	2022	2021
As at 1 January	106	102
Increase in provision	41	43
Reversals of provision	(20)	(16)
Utilised	(20)	(32)
Other movements	1	3
Impact of currency translation	6	6
As at 31 December	114	106

Note 18 - Financial instruments

Fair value estimation and hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy levels for determining the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3 Techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the reporting date. For investments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's-length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument, which is substantially the same; discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models. The fair value of forward exchange contracts is calculated by reference to current forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles.

In line with 2021, as at 31 December 2022, the Group does not have any financial derivatives outstanding.

Fair values

The fair value of borrowings has been calculated with the quoted market prices except for the LuxGovSat Fixed Term Loan Facility and the floating tranche of the Schuldschein Loan for which the discounted expected future cash flows at prevailing interest rates has been used. The fair value of foreign currency contracts is calculated by reference to current forward exchange rates for contracts with similar maturity profiles. All borrowings are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets and other financial liabilities measured at amortised cost, have a fair value that approximates their carrying amount.

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of all the Group's financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022

€million		Carried at amortised cost	_	Total		
	Fair value	Carrying	Fair	Carried at		
	hierarchy	amount	value	fair value	Balance Sheet	
As at 31 December 2022						
Financial assets						
Non-current financial assets:						
Other financial assets	2	1	1	17	18	
Trade and other receivables		111	111	-	111	
Total non-current financial assets		112	112	17	129	
Current financial assets:						
Trade and other receivables		1,033	1,033	-	1,033	
Cash and cash equivalents		1,047	1,047	-	1,047	
Total current financial assets		2,080	2,080	-	2,080	

€million		Carried at amortised cost			Total
	Fair value hierarchy	Cornving amount	Fair value	Carried at fair value	Balance Sheet
Financial Liabilities	петагопу	Carrying amount	value		Dalarice Sheet
Borrowings:					
At floating rates:					
Syndicated loan 2019*	2	-	-	-	-
German Bond 2024 (EUR 150 million), non-listed	2	150	152	-	150
At fixed rates:					
US Bond 2023 (USD 750 million)	1	703	700	-	703
German Bond 2025 (EUR 250 million), non-listed	2	250	229	-	250
Eurobond 2026 (EUR 650 million)	1	653	594	-	653
Euro Private Placement 2027 (EUR 140 million) under EMTN	1	140	132	-	140
Eurobond 2027 (EUR 500 million)	1	498	415	-	498
Eurobond 2028 (EUR 400 million)	1	396	338	-	396
Eurobond 2029 (EUR 750 million)	1	745	676	-	745
Fixed Term Loan Facility (LuxGovSat)	2	81	81		81
German Bond 2032 (EUR 50 million), non-listed	2	50	43	-	50
US Bond 2043 (USD 250 million)	1	228	173	-	228
US Bond 2044 (USD 500 million)	1	454	344	-	454
Total borrowings		4,348	3,877		4,348
Non-current financial liabilities:		4,506	4,038	-	4,506
Non-current borrowings		3,629	3,161	-	3,629
Lease liabilities		30	30	-	30
Fixed assets suppliers		740	740	-	740
Other long-term liabilities		107	107	-	107
Current financial liabilities:		1,348	1,345	-	1,348
Current borrowings		719	716	-	719
Lease liabilities		15	15	-	15
Fixed assets suppliers		264	264	-	264
Trade and other payables		350	350	-	350

* As at 31 December 2022 no amount has been drawn down under this facility. As a consequence, the remaining balance of loan origination cost of the Syndicated Loan has been disclosed under prepaid expenses for an amount of EUR 1.7 million (2021: EUR 2.2 million).

As at 31 December 2021

€million		Carried at amortised cost			Total
	Fair value		Fair	Carried at	
	hierarchy	Carrying amount	value	fair value	Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2021	.				
Financial assets					
Non-current financial assets:					
Other financial assets	2	1	1	25	26
Trade and other receivables		121 ¹	121 ¹	-	121 ¹
Total non-current financial assets		122 ¹	122 ¹	25	147 ¹
Current financial assets:					
Trade and other receivables		1,727 ¹	1,727 ¹	-	1,727 ¹
Cash and cash equivalents		1,049	1,049	-	1,049
Total current financial assets		2,776 ¹	2,776 ¹	-	2,776 ¹
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings:					
At floating rates:					
Syndicated loan 2019 ²	2	-	-	-	-
COFACE	2	40	40	-	40
German Bond 2024 (EUR 150 million), non-listed	2	150	152	-	150
At fixed rates:					
US Bond 2023 (USD 750 million)	1	662	682	-	662
German Bond 2025 (EUR 250 million), non-listed	2	250	260	-	250
Eurobond 2026 (EUR 650 million)	1	654	680	-	654
Euro Private Placement 2027 (EUR 140 million) under EMTN	1	140	160	-	140
Eurobond 2027 (EUR 500 million)	1	497	500	-	497
Eurobond 2028 (EUR 400 million)	1	395	417	-	395
Fixed Term Loan Facility (LuxGovSat)	2	99	115		99
German Bond 2032 (EUR 50 million), non-listed	2	50	60	-	50
US Bond 2043 (USD 250 million)	1	214	246	-	214
US Bond 2044 (USD 500 million)	1	430	493	-	430
Total borrowings		3,581	3,805		3,581
Non-current financial liabilities:		4,101	4,323	-	4,101
Non-current borrowings		3,524	3,746	-	3,524
Lease liabilities		22	22	-	22
Fixed assets suppliers		472	472	-	472
Other long-term liabilities		83	83	-	83
Current financial liabilities:		1,894	1,896	-	1,894
Current borrowings		57	59	-	57
Lease liabilities		11	11	-	11
Fixed assets suppliers		1,554	1,554	-	1,554
Trade and other payables		272	272	-	272

¹ Restated in order to reflect the netting of unbilled accrued revenue and deferred income as disclosed in Note 16.

² As at 31 December 2021 no amount has been drawn down under this facility. As a consequence, the remaining balance of loan origination cost of the Syndicated Loan has been disclosed under prepaid expenses for an amount of EUR 2.2 million.

Note 19 - Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments comprise: a syndicated loan, Eurobonds, US dollar bonds (144A), a Euro-dominated Private Placement, German Bonds ('Schuldschein'), committed credit facilities for specified satellites and projects, cash and short-term deposits.

The main purpose of the debt instruments is to raise funds to finance the Group's day-to-day operations, as well as for other general business purposes. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are liquidity risks, foreign currency risks, interest rate risks and credit risks. The general policies are periodically reviewed and approved by the board.

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to efficiently use cash generated to maintain borrowings at an appropriate level. In case of liquidity needs, the Group can call on uncommitted loans, commercial paper programs and a committed syndicated loan. In addition, if deemed appropriate based on prevailing market conditions, the Group can access additional funds through the European Medium-Term Note programme. The Group's debt maturity profile is tailored to allow the Company and its subsidiaries to cover repayment obligations as they fall due.

The Group operates a centralised treasury function which manages, amongst others, the liquidity of the Group to optimise the funding costs. This is supported by a daily cash pooling mechanism.

Liquidity is monitored regularly through a review of cash balances, the drawn and issued amounts and the availability of additional funding under committed credit lines, the two commercial paper programmes and the EMTN Programme (EUR 4,560 million as at 31 December 2022 and EUR 5,010 million as at 31 December 2021 - more details in Note 24).

The table below summarises the projected contractual undiscounted cash flows of the non-derivative financial liabilities based on the maturity profile as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

	Within	Between	After	
€million	1 year	1 and 5 years	5 years	Total
As at 31 December 2022:				
Borrowings	719	1,756	1,903	4,378
Future interest commitments	107	381	673	1,161
Trade and other payables	350	-	-	350
Other long-term liabilities	-	107	-	107
Lease liabilities	15	24	12	51
Fixed assets suppliers	264	740	-	1,004
Total maturity profile	1,455	3,008	2,588	7,051
As at 31 December 2021:				
Borrowings	57	1,778	1,768	3,603
Future interest commitments	98	295	641	1,034
Trade and other payables	272	-	-	272
Other long-term liabilities	-	83	-	83
Lease liabilities	12	19	8	39
Fixed assets suppliers	1,554	472	-	2,026
Total maturity profile	1,993	2,647	2,417	7,057

Foreign currency risk

SES is active in markets outside the Eurozone, with business operations in many locations throughout the world. Consequently, SES uses certain financial instruments to manage its foreign currency exposure. Derivative financial instruments are used mainly to reduce the Group's exposure to market risks resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates by creating offsetting exposures. SES is not a party to leveraged derivatives and, as a matter of policy, does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The Group has significant foreign operations whose functional currency is not the euro. The primary currency exposure in terms of foreign operations is the US dollar and the Group has designated certain US dollar-denominated debt as net investment hedges of these operations. The Group has a corresponding exposure in the consolidated income statement, excluding the impacts of C-band repurposing, of EUR 1,1 million or 57.0% (2021: EUR 905 million or 50.8%) of the Group's revenue and EUR 393 million or 45.8% (2021: EUR 366 million or 52.5%) of its operating expenses being denominated in US dollars. The Group does not enter into derivative instruments to hedge these currency exposures.

The Group may enter into forward currency contracts to eliminate or reduce the currency exposure arising from individual capital expenditure projects, such as satellite procurements, tailoring the maturities to each milestone payment to maximise effectiveness. Depending on the functional currency of the entity with the capital expenditure commitment, the foreign currency risk might be in euro or in the US dollar. The forward contracts are in the same currency as the hedged item and can cover up to 100% of the total value of the contract. It is the Group's policy not to enter into forward contracts until a firm commitment is in place.

Hedge of net investment in foreign operations

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, certain borrowings denominated in US dollars were designated as hedges of the net investments in SES Global Americas Inc. and its subsidiaries ('SES Americas'), SES Holdings (Netherlands) BV and its subsidiaries ('SES Netherlands'), SES Satellite Leasing Limited and MX1 Ltd to hedge the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk on these investments.

As at 31 December 2022, all designated net investment hedges were assessed to be highly effective and a total loss of EUR 64 million, stated net of tax of EUR 24 million is included as part of other comprehensive income for the period (2021: loss of EUR 76 million, stated net of tax of EUR 26 million).

The following table sets out the hedged portion of USD statement of financial position exposure as at 31 December:

	2022	2021
	USD	USD
USD statement of financial position exposure:		
SES Americas	1,652	2,359
SES Netherlands	4,575	4,617
SES Satellite Leasing Limited, Isle of Man	-	-
MX1 Ltd, Israel	38	37
Total	6,265	7,013
Hedged with:		
US Bonds	1,500	1,500
Total	1,500	1,500
Hedged proportion	24%	21%

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a +/- 20% change in the US dollar exchange rate on the nominal amount of the Group's US dollar net investment, with all other variables held constant. All value changes are eligible to be recorded in other comprehensive income with no impact on profit and loss. 2022 was marked with wide EURUSD fluctuation, breaking the parity. The macro-outlook and global uncertainties along with worries regarding high energy prices and inflation suggest to keep the wide range of sensitivity.

		Amount in EUR	Amount in EUR	Amount in EUR
	Amount in	million at closing	million at rate	million at rate
31 December 2022	USD million	rate of 1.0666	of 1.28	of 0.85
USD statement of financial position exposure:				
SES Americas	1,652	1,549	1,291	1,943
SES Netherlands	4,575	4,290	3,575	5,383
SES Satellite Leasing Limited	-	-	-	-
MX1 Ltd, Israel	38	35	29	44
Total	6,265	5,874	4,895	7,370
Hedged with:				
US Bonds	1,500	1,406	1,172	1,765
Other external borrowings	-	-	-	-
Total	1,500	1,406	1,172	1,765
Hedged proportion	24%			
Absolute difference without hedging			(979)	1,497
Absolute difference with hedging			(745)	1,139

		Amount in EUR	Amount in EUR	Amount in EUR
	Amount in	million at closing	million at rate	million at rate
31 December 2021	USD million	rate of 1.1326	of 1.36	of 0.91
USD statement of financial position exposure:				
SES Americas	2,359	2,083	1,735	2,592
SES Netherlands	4,617	4,076	3,395	5,074
SES Satellite Leasing Limited	-	-	-	-
MX1 Ltd, Israel	37	33	27	41
Total	7,013	6,192	5,157	7,707
Hedged with:				
US Bonds	1,500	1,324	1,103	1,648
Other external borrowings	-	-	-	-
Total	1,500	1,324	1,103	1,648
Hedged proportion	21%			
Absolute difference without hedging			(1,035)	1,515
Absolute difference with hedging			(814)	1,191

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market interest rate risk relates primarily to the Group's debt portion at floating rates. In order to mitigate this risk, the Group is generally seeking to contract as much as possible of its debt outstanding at fixed interest rates, and is carefully monitoring the evolution of market conditions, adjusting the mix between fixed and floating rate debt if necessary. To mitigate the Group's interest rate risk in connection with near-term debt refinancing needs, the Group may from time to time enter into interest rate hedges through forward contracts denominated in EUR and USD.

As per 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, the Group had no interest rate hedges outstanding.

The table below summarises the split of the carrying amount of the Group's debt between fixed and floating rate.

	At fixed	At floating	T ()
<u>€million</u> Borrowings at 31 December 2022	rates	rates 150	<u>Total</u> 4,348
Borrowings at 31 December 2021	3,391	190	3,581

In 2022, the Group repaid EUR 40.2 million related to Coface instalments and EUR 16 million of the LuxGovSat Facility.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's pre-tax income to reasonably possible changes in interest rates affecting the interest charged on the floating rate borrowings. All other variables are held constant. The Group believes that a reasonably possible development in the Eurozone interest rates would be an increase of 125-136 basis points (2021: an increase of nil basis points or an increase of 12 basis points).

Euro interest rates	Floating	Increase in rates	Decrease in rates
€million	rate borrowings	Pre-tax impact	Pre-tax impact
Borrowings at 31 December 2022	150	0.7	-
Borrowings at 31 December 2021	190	0.4	-

Credit risk

Risk management

The Group has the following types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model: trade receivables, unbilled accrued revenue, and C-band repurposing receivables.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. To measure expected credit losses on trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue, they are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, country and days past due. The unbilled accrued revenues have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the unbilled accrued revenue.

The credit verification procedures in relation to trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue include the assessment of the creditworthiness of the customer by using sources of quality information such as external specialist reports, audited annual reports, press articles or rating agencies. Should the customer be a governmental entity, the official debt rating of the respective country is a key driver in determining the appropriate credit risk category.

Following this credit analysis, the customer is classified into a credit risk category which can be as follows: 'Prime' (typically publicly rated and listed entities), 'Market' (usually higher growth companies with higher leverage), 'Sub-prime' (customers for which viability is dependent on continued growth with higher leverage), or Government (governments or governmental institutions, subject to the corresponding country meeting minimum credit rating criteria). The credit profile is updated at least once a year for all key customers with an ongoing contractual relationship.

Impairment of trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue

The Group applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses for trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue by measuring the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue have been grouped in portfolios based on shared credit risk characteristics (credit risk profile: Prime, Market, Sub-prime, and Government), country and the days past due.

In order to compute the provision, the gross trade receivables balance is reduced for any portion representing deferred revenue and any securities held. Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group's largest customers are large media companies and government agencies, and hence the credit risk associated with these contracts is assessed as low.

The Company calculates loss expectancy rates based on the history of losses and forward-looking information to create a provision matrix. On that basis, the provision as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 is as follows:

€million

31 December 2022	Current	Less than 1 month	Between 1 and 3 months	More than 3 months	Total
Average expected loss rate (by portfolio)	3.5%	4.7%	7.7%	11.8%	
Gross carrying amount – trade receivables	196	50	21	166	433
Provision	-	-	1	10	11

31 December 2021	Current	Less than 1	Between 1	More than	Total
		month	and 3 months	3 months	
Average expected loss rate (by portfolio)	3.8%	4.9%	6.6%	10.9%	
Gross carrying amount – trade receivables	131	24	32	170	357
Provision	-	-	1	6	7

The provision in respect of unbilled accrued revenue as at 31 December 2022 amounts to EUR 14 million and the corresponding expected credit loss is 5.0% (31 December 2021: EUR 13 million and the corresponding expected credit loss is 5.2%¹).

An amount of EUR 5 million (2021: EUR 0.5 million) was expensed in 2022 reflecting an increase in the IFRS 9 related provision for trade and other receivables.

Additional provisions are recorded for trade receivables balances if specific circumstances or forward-looking information lead the Group to believe that additional collectability risk exists with respect to customers that are not reflected in the loss expectancy rates. A cumulative provision for trade receivables of EUR 89 million has been recorded as of 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: EUR 86 million).

¹ Comparatives have been restated in order to reflect the netting of unbilled accrued revenue and deferred revenue positions at contract level, in line with IFRS requirements. In prior year consolidated financial statements, the Group has presented contract assets and liabilities that arise on a single contract with a customer separately as gross positions on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position. Refer to Note 16 for the detailed restatement.

The movement in provisions for trade receivables and unbilled accrued revenue as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

€million	Provisions for trac	de receivables	Provisions for unbilled acc	crued revenue
	2022	2021	2022	2021
At 1 January	93	93	13	9
Increase in provision recognised in profit or loss during the year	38	39	3	4
Receivables written off during the year as uncollectible	(20)	(32)	-	-
Unused amount reversed	(16)	(13)	(4)	(3)
Other movements	-	-	1	3
Impact of currency translation	5	6	1	-
At 31 December	100	93	14	13

C-band repurposing receivables

The Group recorded C-band repurposing receivables upon receiving validation that the Group successfully met the Phase 1 Accelerated Relocation deadline and for costs incurred related to C-band spectrum clearing for which the Group expects to be reimbursed. The Group considered the credit risk related to the C-band repurposing receivables at the end of 2022 and 2021 and concluded that an estimate of zero expected credit losses is appropriate.

The U.S. government, through the FCC, developed the rules of the C-band auction to ensure incumbent satellite operators such as the Group are paid in full even if one or more individual overlay license winners fails to pay the Group its assigned portion of the Group's relocation costs. An independent third-party Relocation Payment Clearinghouse is administering the C-band transition and related payments with FCC oversight. If an auction winner defaults on an obligation to pay the Group, the FCC could require a license to be re-auctioned with the same payment condition, or the FCC could require the other auction winners to collectively pay the Group for the shortfall as a condition for them to maintain their licenses.

Therefore, as it expects the U.S. government to regulate and ensure the auction winners' compliance with their payment obligations to the Group, the Group has estimated zero expected credit losses on the C-band repurposing receivables. Additional disclosure on the C-band clearing project is included in Note 33.

Financial credit risk

With respect to the credit risk relating to financial assets, this exposure relates to the potential default of the counterparty, with the maximum exposure being equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The counterparty risk from a cash management perspective is reduced by the implementation of several cash pools, accounts and related paying platforms with different counterparties.

To mitigate the counterparty risk, the Group only deals with recognised financial institutions with an appropriate credit rating - generally 'A' and above - and in adherence of a maximum trade limit for each counterparty which has been approved for each type of transactions. All counterparties are financial institutions which are regulated and controlled by the national financial supervisory authorities of the associated countries. The counterparty risk portfolio is analysed on a quarterly basis. Moreover, to reduce this counterparty risk the portfolio is diversified as regards the main counterparties ensuring a well-balanced relation for all categories of products (derivatives as well as deposits).

Capital management

The Group aims to have a balanced mix of equity and debt capital. In addition, it is the Group's policy is to attain and retain an investment grade rating from at least two reputable rating agencies. These investment grade ratings serve to maintain investor, creditor, and market confidence. Within this framework, the Group manages its capital structure and liquidity in order to reflect changes in economic conditions to keep its cost of debt low, maintain the confidence of debt investors at a high level and to create added value for the shareholder. The Group's dividend policy takes into account the financial performance of the year, business plan cash flow requirements and other factors such as yield and pay-out ratio. As per Rating Agencies methodology, when reporting on the Group's Net Debt to EBITDA leverage ratio, the Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities issued by SES (EUR 1,175,000,000 in total) are treated like 50% equity capital and 50% as debt (EUR 587,500,000 respectively).

Note 20 - Cash and cash equivalents

€million	2022	2021
Cash at bank and in hand	388	872
Short-term deposits	659	177
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,047	1,049

Cash at banks is subject to interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods between one day and three months - depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group - and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates. Short-term deposits and cash at bank and in hand are held at various financial institutions meeting the credit rating criteria set out in Note 19 above. See also Note 33 in connection with the receipt of C-band Accelerated Relocation Payments around the year end.

As at 31 December 2022, there were no investments in money market funds, consistent with the year-end 2021 position.

Note 21 - Shareholders' equity

Issued capital

SES has a subscribed capital of EUR 696 million (2021: EUR 719 million), represented by 371,457,600 class A shares (2021: 383,457,600 class A shares) and 185,728,800 class B shares (2021: 191,728,800 class B shares) with no par value.

The movement between the opening and closing number of shares issued per class of share can be summarised as follows:

	Class A shares	Class B shares	Total shares
As at 1 January 2022	383,457,600	191,728,800	575,186,400
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-
Shares cancelled during the year	(12,000,000)	(6,000,000)	(18,000,000)
As at 31 December 2022	371,457,600	185,728,800	557,186,400
	Class A shares	Class B shares	Total shares
As at 1 January 2021	383,457,600	191,728,800	575,186,400
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2021	383,457,600	191,728,800	575,186,400

Fiduciary Deposit Receipts ('FDRs') with respect to Class A shares are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and on Euronext Paris. They can be traded freely and are convertible into Class A shares at any time and at no cost at the option of the holder under the conditions applicable in the Company's articles of association and in accordance with the terms of the FDRs.

All Class B shares are currently held by the State of Luxembourg, or by Luxembourg public institutions. Dividends paid for one share of Class B equal 40% of the dividend for one share of Class A.

A shareholder, or a potential shareholder, who seeks to acquire, directly or indirectly, more than 20% of the shares of the Company must inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company of such intention. The Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company shall forthwith inform the government of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg of the envisaged acquisition which may be opposed by the government within three months from such information should the government determine that such acquisition would be against the general public interest. In case of no opposition from the government, the Board shall convene an extraordinary meeting of shareholders which may decide at a majority provided for in article 450-3 of the law of 10 August 1915, as amended, regarding commercial companies, to authorise the shareholder, or potential shareholder, to acquire more than 20% of the shares. If it is an existing shareholder of the Company, it may attend the general meeting and will be included in the count for the quorum but may not take part in the vote.

Share buyback programme

On 6 May 2021 the Company announced a share buyback programme to be executed by 31 December 2021 under the authorisation given by the Annual General Meeting of shareholders held on 1 April 2021.

During the year the Group acquired 12 million Class A shares at a weighted average price of EUR 6.56 per A-share and 6 million Class B shares at a price of EUR 2.62 per B-share, resulting in a total cost of the programme of EUR 95 million. On 27 September 2022 the shares acquired under the programme were cancelled in order to reduce the total number of voting and economic shares in issue, for a total consideration of EUR 80 million.

Subject to the agreement of the shareholders, the Company purchases FDRs in respect of 'Class A' shares in connection with executives' and employees' share-based payment plans. At the year-end, the Company held FDRs relating to the above schemes as set out below. These FDRs are disclosed as treasury shares in the consolidated statement of financial position and are carried at acquisition cost as a deduction from equity.

	2022	2021
FDRs held as at 31 December	6,565,553	19,748,429
Carrying value of FDRs held (<i>€million</i>)	81	174
Class B shares held as at 31 December	-	6,000,000
Carrying value of Class B shares held (€million)	-	15

EUR 625,000,000 Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities

On 20 May 2021 the Company announced the successful launch and pricing of new Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities for a total amount of EUR 625 million, with a first reset date on 27 August 2026. The securities bear a coupon of 2.875% per annum and were priced at 99.409% of their nominal value. The proceeds of the new issuance were received on 27 May 2021. Tender premium and transaction costs for these transactions amounted to EUR 26 million and have been deducted from "Other reserves".

EUR 550,000,000 Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities

In 2016 SES issued a second perpetual bond of EUR 550,000,000 (the 'EUR 550 million perpetual bond') at a coupon of 5.625 percent to the first call date, a price of 99.304 and a yield of 5.75 percent. Transaction costs related to this transaction amounted to EUR 8 million and have been deducted from 'Other reserves'. This brought the aggregate perpetual bond issued by the Group to EUR 1,300 million. SES is entitled to call the EUR 550 million perpetual bond on 29 January 2024 and on subsequent coupon payment dates.

As the Company has no obligation to redeem either of the bonds, and the coupon payments are discretionary, it classified the net proceeds from the issuance of the securities (together EUR 1,121 million net of transaction costs and tax) as equity. The perpetual bonds are guaranteed on a subordinated basis by SES Global Americas Holdings GP. SES used the net proceeds from the offerings for the repayment of O3b debt, the repayment of certain existing indebtedness of the Group, as well as for general corporate purposes.

Coupon payments in respect of the perpetual bonds occurred on 31 January 2022 (EUR 31 million), 29 August 2022 (EUR 18 million) and have been deducted from 'Other reserves'. The corresponding payments in 2021 were on 4 January 2021 (EUR 35 million) and 29 January 2021 (EUR 31 million), 27 May 2021 (EUR 11 million), 21 June 2021 (EUR 3 million) and 27 August 2021 (EUR 5 million) and were also deducted from 'Other reserves'.

Tax on the perpetual bond coupon accrual of EUR 14 million (2021: EUR 20 million) has been credited to 'Other reserves".

Other reserves

In accordance with Luxembourg legal requirements, a minimum of 5% of the yearly statutory net profit of the Company is transferred to a legal reserve which is non-distributable. This requirement is satisfied when the reserve reaches 10% of the issued share capital. As at 31 December 2022 a legal reserve of EUR 72 million (2021: EUR 72 million) is included within other reserves.

Other reserves include a non-distributable amount of EUR 80 million (2021: EUR 189 million) linked to treasury shares, and an amount of EUR 142 million (2021: EUR 181 million) representing the net worth tax reserve for 2017-2019, for which the distribution would result in the payment of net worth tax at a rate of up to 20% of the distributed reserve in accordance with Luxembourg law requirement.

Note 22 - Non-controlling interests

Set out below is the summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests (NCI) that are material to the Group. The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before inter-company eliminations.

			AI M	aisan Satellite
	LuxG	ovSat S.A.	Communicati	ons LLC, UAE
€million	(50% NCI)*		(65% NCI)*
Summarised balance sheet	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current assets	11	18	11	14
Current liabilities	(20)	(18)	(3)	(3)
Current net (liabilities)/assets	(9)	-	8	11
Non-current assets	150	159	26	27
Non-current liabilities	(67)	(83)	-	-
Non-current net assets	83	76	26	27
Net assets	74	76	34	38
Accumulated NCI	37	38	22	25
Transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-

Refer to Note 2

*

			Al Mai	san Satellite
	LuxGov	Sat S.A.	Communication	IS LLC, UAE
€million	(5	0% NCI)		(65% NCI)
Summarised statement of comprehensive income	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue	27	23	9	9
Operating expenses	(15)	(15)	(5)	(4)
Profit/(loss) for the period	(2)	(15)	0	1
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(2)	(15)	0	1
Profit/(loss) allocated to NCI	(1)	(7)	0	1
Dividend paid to NCI	-	-	-	-

			Al Ma	aisan Satellite
	LuxGov	/Sat S.A.	Communicatio	ns LLC, UAE
€million	(5	0% NCI)		(65% NCI)
Summarised cash flows	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash flows from/(absorbed by) operating activities	10	6	6	4
Cash flows from/(absorbed by) investing activities	(0)	(1)	-	(3)
Cash flows from/(absorbed by) financing activities	(10)	(38)	(7)	-
Net foreign exchange movements	-	-	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0)	(33)	(1)	1

Note 23 - Share-based compensation plans

The Group has four share-based compensation plans which are detailed below. In the case of the Stock Appreciation Rights Plan and Equity Incentive Compensation Plan the relevant strike price is defined as the average of the market price of the underlying shares over a period of 15 trading days before the date of the grant.

1) The Stock Appreciation Rights Plan ('STAR Plan')

The STAR Plan is an equity-settled plan available to non-executive staff of Group subsidiaries, where share options are granted. In January 2011, the STAR Plan was amended and, for all options granted 2011 onwards, a third of the share options vest and can be exercised each year. After being fully vested, the share options have a four-year exercise period.

2	022	2021
Outstanding options at the end of the year 372,	,942	700,553
Weighted average exercise price in euro 24	4.37	27.61

All of the 372,942 outstanding options as at 31 December 2022 (2021: 700,553), are fully vested and exercisable. No options were exercised in 2022 or in 2021.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices in euro are as follows:

	2022 Average exercise price		2021 Average exercise price	
	per share option	Number of options	per share option	Number of options
As at 1 January	27.61	700,553	27.31	1,134,170
Forfeited	31.31	(327,611)	26.81	(433,617)
Exercised	-	-	-	-
At 31 December	24.37	372,942	27.61	700,553

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices in euro:

Grant	Expiry date	Exercise price per share options	Number of options	
			2022	2021
2016	2023	24.39	372,942	428,639
2015	2022	32.73	-	271,914
			372,942	700,553

2) Simulated Restricted Share Units ('SRSU')

In 2017 the Group introduced a new compensation plan which is progressively replacing the STAR Plan. SRSU are cash-settled awards delivered on 1 June following a three-year vesting period. The liability for the cash-settled awards is measured initially and at the end of each reporting period until settled, at the fair value of the share appreciation rights, taking into account the terms and conditions on which the stock appreciation rights were granted and recognised to the extent to which the employees have rendered services to date.

During 2022, 940,222 SRSU have been granted (2021: 850,783). During the same period, 230,131 SRSUs have been forfeited (2021: 153,050) and 245,995 SRSU have been vested (2021: 307,754). A liability of EUR 6,886,104 has been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as of 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: EUR 5,453,399) based on the 2,257,531 outstanding SRSUs (31 December 2021: 1,793,435) measured at the Group's share price at the end of the year on a prorata basis over 3 years vesting period.

3) Equity Based Compensation Plan comprising options ('EBCP Option')

The EBCP Option is available to Group executives. Under the plan, the "date of Option Grant" means the first business day that follows fifteen (15) market trading days for Shares after the Allocation Period during which the Fair Market Value is fixed. Generally, one-quarter of the entitlement vests on each 1 January of the four years following the Date of Option Grant, but for one grant, one fifth of the entitlement vests on each 1 June of the five years following the Date of Option Grant. Once vested, the options can be exercised until the tenth anniversary of the original grant. For 2022 EBCP Option Plan grants, one third of the options vest on each 1 June of the following three years.

	2022	2021
Outstanding options at the end of the year	20,348,470	18,767,922
Weighted average exercise price in euro	12.09	13.17

Out of 20,348,470 outstanding options as of the end of 2022 (2021: 18,767,922), 10,456,400 options are exercisable (2021: 9,800,000). In 2022 715,431 treasury shares were delivered at a weighted average price of EUR 5.97 each (2021: 134,836 treasury shares, weighted average price of EUR 5.97 each). On average, in 2022, the related weighted average share price at the time of exercise was EUR 7.83 per share.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices in euro are as follows:

	2022 Average exercise price per share option	Number of options	2021 Average exercise price per share option	Number of options
At 1 January	13.17	18,767,922	15.29	18,364,300
Granted	8.26	4,286,464	6.40	3,418,751
Forfeited	16.25	(1,990,485)	19.00	(2,880,293)
Exercised	5.97	(715,431)	5.97	(134,836)
At 31 December	12.09	20,348,470	13.17	18,767,922

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices in euro:

ons	Number of opti	Exercise price per share options	Expiry date	Grant
2021	2022			
-	3,925,594	8.40	2032	2022
-	247,307	6.00	2032	2022
3,328,751	3,183,714	6.40	2031	2021
4,589,286	3,657,372	5.97	2030	2020
1,953,847	1,755,453	15.01	2029	2019
407,000	407,000	18.23	2028	2018
3,657,848	3,253,658	12.67	2028	2018
2,000,274	1,757,123	21.15	2027	2017
1,407,479	1,181,646	24.39	2026	2016
546,735	447,665	32.73	2025	2015
432,030	347,511	26.5	2024	2014
230,955	184,427	23.51	2023	2013
213,717	-	18.1	2022	2012
18,767,922	20,348,470			

4) Equity Based Compensation Plan ('EBCP ')

Total expected cost for each plan (€million)

The EBCP is also a programme for executives, and senior executives, of the Group, comprising performance shares ('EBCP PS') and restricted shares ('EBCP RS'). Under the plan, restricted shares are allocated to executives at the beginning of May each year and these vest on the 1 June following the third anniversary of the grant. Senior executives also have the possibility to be allocated performance shares whose granting is dependent on the achievement of defined performance criteria which are a) individual objectives and b) the economic value added ('EVA') target established by the Board from time to time. These shares also vest on the 1 June following the third anniversary of the original grant. For 2022 EBCP grants, EVA was replaced by the total shareholder return ('TSR') as the financial performance criteria for vesting of performance shares.

	2022	2021
Restricted and performance shares outstanding at the end of the year	3,473,504	2,252,136
Weighted average fair value in euro	6.07	6.58

During 2022, 1,041,237 restricted shares (2021: 332,257) and 763,102 (2021: 632,226) performance shares were granted; 48,270 restricted shares (2021: 33,175) and 67,256 performance shares (2021: 262,959) were forfeited; and 313,357 performance shares (2021: 268,442) and 144,736 restricted shares (2021: 173,918) were exercised.

The fair value of equity-settled shares (restricted and performance shares) granted is estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model for STARs and EBCP Option and a Black & Scholes model for EBCP, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options (restricted and performance shares) were granted. The following table lists the average value of inputs to the model used for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

		EBCP PS and
2022	EBCP Option	EBCP RS
Dividend yield (%)	6.40%-10.18%	6.29%-9.71%
Expected volatility (%)	32.33%-33.19%	33.54%-34.04%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.66%-1.71%	0.42%-1.54%
Expected life of options (years)	10-9.66	3-2.66
Share price at inception (EUR)	8.59-5.86	8.59-5.86
Fair value per option/share (EUR)	1.376-0.645	7.1-4.41
Total expected cost for each plan (<i>€million</i>)	4.72-0.1	8.95-2.54
		EBCP PS and
2021	EBCP Option	n EBCP RS
Dividend yield (%)	7.43%	7.09%
Expected volatility (%)	32.85%	6 35.53%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	-0.58%	-0.68%
Expected life of options (years)	10) 3
Share price at inception (EUR)	6.22	2 6.22
Fair value per option/share (EUR)	0.78	5.00

The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may or may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

The total charge for the year for share-based compensation amounted to EUR 12 million (2021: EUR 8 million), out of which equitysettled EUR 9 million (2021: EUR 5 million) and cash-settled EUR 3 million (2021: EUR 3 million).

6.01

2.25

Note 24 - Borrowings

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group's interest-bearing borrowings were:

		Д	Mounts outstanding 2022, carried at
€million	Effective interest rate	Maturity	amortised cost
Non-current			
German bond (EUR 150 million), non-listed	EURIBOR 6M + 0.80%	June 2024	150
German bond (EUR 250 million), non-listed	1.71%	December 2025	250
Eurobond 2026 (EUR 650 million)	1.625%	March 2026	653
Euro Private Placement 2027			
(EUR 140 million under EMTN)	4.00%	May 2027	140
Eurobond 2027 (EUR 500 million)	0.875%	November 2027	498
Eurobond 2028 (EUR 400 million)	2.00%	July 2028	396
Eurobond 2029 (EUR 750 million)	3.50%	January 2029	745
Fixed Term Loan (LuxGovSat)	3.30%	December 2027	65
			50
German bond (EUR 50 million), non-listed	4.00%	November 2032	
US Bond (USD 250 million)	5.30%	April 2043	228
US Bond (USD 500 million)	5.30%	March 2044	454
Total non-current			3,629
Current			
US Bond (USD 750 million)	3.60%	April 2023	703
Fixed Term Loan (LuxGovSat)	3.30%	December 2027	16
Total current			719

			Amounts outstanding 2021, carried at
€million	Effective interest rate	Maturity	amortised cost
Non-current			
US Bond (USD 750 million)	3.60%	April 2023	662
German bond (EUR 150 million), non-listed	EURIBOR 6M + 0.80%	June 2024	150
German bond (EUR 250 million), non-listed	1.71%	December 2025	250
Eurobond 2026 (EUR 650 million)	1.625%	March 2026	654
Euro Private Placement 2027			
(EUR 140 million under EMTN)	4.00%	May 2027	140
Eurobond 2027 (EUR 500 million)	0.875%	November 2027	497
Eurobond 2028 (EUR 400 million)	2.00%	July 2028	395
Fixed Term Loan (LuxGovSat)	3.30%	December 2027	82
German bond (EUR 50 million), non-listed	4.00%	November 2032	50
US Bond (USD 250 million)	5.30%	April 2043	214
US Bond (USD 500 million)	5.30%	March 2044	430
Total non-current			3,524
Current			
Coface	EURIBOR 6M + 1.70%	Various in 2021	40
Fixed Term Loan (LuxGovSat)	3.30%	December 2027	17
Total current			57

European Medium-Term Note Programme ('EMTN')

SES has an EMTN Programme enabling SES, or SES Global Americas Holdings GP, to issue as and when required notes up to a maximum aggregate amount of EUR 4,000 million. As at 31 December 2022, SES had issued EUR 2,440 million (2021: EUR 1,690 million) under the EMTN Programme with maturities ranging from 2026 to 2028.

German bond issue of EUR 400 million (2024/2025)

In 2018 the Group closed the issuance of an aggregated amount of EUR 400 million in the German bond ('Schuldschein') market. The transaction consists of two individual tranches - a EUR 150 million tranche with a floating interest rate of a six-month EURIBOR plus a margin of 0.8% and a final maturity date on 18 June 2024 as well as a EUR 250 million tranche with a fixed interest rate of 1.71% and a final maturity date on 18 December 2025.

EUR 650 million Eurobond (2026)

In 2018 SES issued a EUR 500 million 8-year bond under the Company's European Medium-Term Note Programme. On the 22 June 2021 SES announced the successful launch and pricing of a tap of its 1.625% Notes in which it has agreed to sell incremental senior unsecured fixed rate notes for a total amount of EUR 150 million. The new notes were priced at 106.665% of their nominal value. The bond bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.625% and has a final maturity date on 22 March 2026.

EUR 500 million Eurobond (2027)

On 4 November 2019, SES issued a EUR 500 million bond under the Company's European Medium-Term Note Programme. The bond has an 8-year maturity and bears interest at a fixed rate of 0.875% and has a final maturity date on 4 November 2027.

EUR 140 million Private Placement (2027)

In 2012 SES issued three individual tranches of a total EUR 140 million Private Placement under the Company's European Medium-Term Note Programme with ING Bank N.V. The Private Placement has a 15-year maturity, beginning 31 May 2012, and bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.00%.

EUR 400 million Eurobond (2028)

In July 2020, SES issued a EUR 400 million bond under the Company's European Medium-Term Note Programme. The bond has an 8-year maturity and bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.00% and has a final maturity date on 2 July 2028.

EUR 750 million Eurobond (2029)

On 14 June 2022, SES issued a EUR 750 million bond under the Company's European Medium-Term Note Programme. The bond has a 7-year maturity, bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.50%, and has a final maturity date on 14 January 2029.

German bond issue of EUR 50 million (2032)

In 2012 the Group signed an agreement to issue EUR 50 million in the German bond ('Schuldschein') market. The German bond bears a fixed interest rate of 4.00% and matures on 12 November 2032.

144A Bond USD 750 million (2023)

In 2013 SES completed a 144A offering in the US market issuing USD 750 million 10-year bond with a coupon of 3.60% and a final maturity date on 4 April 2023.

144A Bond USD 250 million (2043)

In 2013 SES completed a 144A offering in the US market issuing USD 250 million 30-year bond with a coupon of 5.30% and a final maturity date on 4 April 2043.

144A Bond USD 500 million (2044)

In 2014 SES completed a 144A offering in the US market issuing USD 500 million 30-year bond with a coupon of 5.30% and a final maturity date of 25 March 2044.

Syndicated loan 2019

The facility is being provided by 19 banks and has been structured as a 5-year multi-currency revolving credit facility. In 2021 the Company extended the Termination date from 26 June 2025 to 26 June 2026. The facility is for EUR 1,200 million and the interest payable is linked to a ratings grid. At the current SES credit rating of BBB/ Baa2, the interest rate is 40 basis points over EURIBOR/LIBOR. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no amount has been drawn under this facility.

European Investment Bank (EIB) Financing Facility EUR 300 million (2029)

On 16 December 2022 SES signed the seven-year contract with the EIB which will support the funding of SES's three fully digital satellites serving Western Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The facility is available for disbursement at fixed or floating rates linked to a ratings grid. At the current SES credit rating of BBB/ Baa2 this equates to 0.34% per annum over EURIBOR (in case of a floating rate) or over a base rate as determined by the EIB (in the case of a fixed rate). As at 31 December 2022 no amount has been drawn under this facility.

EUR 523 million Coface facility

In 2009 SES signed a financing agreement with Compagnie Française d'Assurance pour le Commerce Extérieur ('Coface') in respect of the investment in four geostationary satellites (ASTRA 2E, ASTRA 2F, ASTRA 2G, ASTRA 5B). The facility is divided into five loans. The drawings under the facility are based on invoices from the supplier of the satellites.

The first drawing was done on 23 April 2010 and all loan tranches became fully drawn in November 2014. Each Coface tranche is repayable in 17 equal semi-annual instalments where Coface A had a final maturity date of 1 August 2022, Coface F matured on 21 May 2021. SES opted to execute voluntary prepayment clauses pursuant to the Agreement and repaid the remaining outstanding amount of Coface tranche B as per 21 November 2017 and remaining balance of Coface C and D as per 27 April 2022 (initially scheduled for to mature on 3 October 2022). The entire facility born the interest at a floating rate of six-month EURIBOR plus a margin of 1.7%.

EUR 115 million Credit Facility (LuxGovSat)

In 2015 LuxGovSat S.A. signed a financing agreement with BGL BNP Paribas for EUR 115 million at a fixed rate coupon of 3.30%. The facility is repayable in 14 semi-annual instalments and has a final maturity date of 1 December 2027. As at 31 December 2022, total borrowings of EUR 81 million were outstanding under the fixed term facility and the company is in compliance with the covenants specified in the facility.

Negotiable European Commercial Paper "NEU CP" (formerly French Commercial paper programme)

In 2005 SES put in place a EUR 500 million 'NEU CP' programme in accordance with articles L213-1 to L213-4 of the French Monetary and Financial Code and article 6 of the order of 30 May 2016 and subsequent amendments. The maximum outstanding amount of 'NEU CP' issuable under the programme is EUR 500 million or its counter value at the date of issue in any other authorised currency. On 15 June 2022, this programme was extended for one further year. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no borrowings were outstanding under this programme.

European Commercial paper programme

In 2012 SES signed the documentation for the inception of a joint EUR 1,000 million guaranteed European commercial paper programme of SES S.A. and SES Global Americas Holdings GP. Issuances under the programme represent senior unsecured obligations of the issuer and any issuance under the programme is guaranteed by the non-issuing entity. The programme is rated by Moody's Investors Services and Fitch Ratings and is compliant with the standards set out in the STEP Market Convention. On 9 July 2021, this programme was updated and extended. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no borrowings were outstanding under this programme.

LIBOR Reform

Certain benchmark rates used in financing agreements and financial derivatives are currently being modified and either have been terminated (GBP LIBOR or CHF LIBOR) or are planned to be terminated on 30 June 2023 (USD LIBOR). The Group has financing arrangements which are based on USD LIBOR as benchmark rate. These changes have been reviewed and do not have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements and future funding capabilities.

Note 25 - Provisions

€million	2022	2021
Non-current	7	6
Current	67	56
Total	74	62

Movements in each class of provision during the financial year are set out below:

€million	Group tax provision	Restructuring provision	Other provisions	Total
As at 1 January 2022	44	16	2	62
Additional provisions recognised	15	9	-	24
Unused amounts reversed	-	-	-	-
Used during the year	-	(13)	-	(13)
Reclassification to income tax payable	1	-	-	1
Impact of currency translation	(2)	2	-	-
As at 31 December 2022	58	14	2	74
Non-current	5	-	2	7
Current	53	14	-	67

€million	Group tax provision	Restructuring provision	Other provisions	Total
As at 1 January 2021	46	23	3	72
Additional provisions recognised	2	8	-	10
Unused amounts reversed	(7)	-	-	(7)
Used during the year	-	(15)	(1)	(16)
Reclassification to income tax payable	-	-	-	-
Impact of currency translation	3	-	-	3
As at 31 December 2021	44	16	2	62
Non-current	4	-	2	6
Current	40	16	-	56

Group tax provision

Group tax provision mainly relates to Indian withholding taxes and potential associated interest charges. The increase in the Group tax provision was mainly due to a refund of withholding taxes under litigation and higher associated interest charges.

Restructuring provision

Expenses of the year include an amount of EUR 9 million (2021: EUR 8 million) of staff-related restructuring expenses (Note 5). The consolidated statement of financial position includes a provision of EUR 14 million (2021: EUR 16 million). No new initiatives are expected under the current restructuring programme which would result in additional charges in the following years.

Note 26 - Trade and other payables

€million	2022	2021
Trade creditors	81	91
Payments received in advance (please also see Note 27)	25	34
Interest on borrowings	47	31
Personnel-related liabilities	69	75
Tax liabilities other than for income tax	17	20
Other liabilities	128	41
Total	367	292

Tax liabilities mainly relate to VAT payables in the amount of EUR 11 million as of 31 December 2022 (2021: EUR 14 million).

Note 27 - Other long-term liabilities

€million	2022	2021
Employee benefits obligations	15	17
Payments received in advance	70	48
Other long-term liabilities	22	18
Total	107	83

Employee benefits obligations

In the Group's US operations certain employees benefit from an externally insured post-retirement health benefit plan. As at 31 December 2022, accrued premiums of EUR 7 million (2021: EUR 9 million) are included in this position.

There were no contributions made in 2022 to Group pension schemes (2021: EUR 2 million).

In addition, certain employees of the US operations benefit from defined contribution pension plans. A liability of EUR 11 million has been recognised as at 31 December 2022 (2021: EUR 10 million) in this respect, out of which EUR 3 million is included under 'Trade and other payables' (2021: EUR 3 million).

Payments received in advance

In the framework of receivables securitisation transactions completed in June 2018 and June 2019 the Group received a net cash amount of EUR 88 million and EUR 59 million, respectively, from a financial institution as advance settlement of future receivables arising until 2022 under contracts with a specific customer. From the outstanding balance of EUR 82 million as at 31 December 2021, EUR 34 million was repaid to the financial institution in January 2022.

In June 2022, the Company received a net cash amount of EUR 47 million from the financial institution as advance settlement of future receivables arising between 2024 and 2025 under contracts with a specific customer.

A corresponding aggregate liability of EUR 95 million (2021: EUR 82 million), representing SES's obligation towards the financial institution to continue to provide services to the customer in accordance with the terms of the customer contract, is recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 under 'Other long-term liabilities' for EUR 70 million (2021: EUR 48 million) and under 'Trade and other payables' for EUR 25 million (2021: EUR 34 million).

Other long-term liabilities

The other long-term liabilities include customer collateral deposits amounting to EUR 22 million (2021: EUR 18 million).

Note 28 - Fixed assets suppliers

_€million	2022	2021
Non-current	740	472
Current	264	1,554

Fixed assets suppliers represent liabilities for assets being either acquired directly through procurement contracts with asset manufacturers, or in the framework of agreements whereby the asset is being acquired by an intermediary but where in substance SES bears the risks and rewards of the procurement.

In the latter case the Company accrues for construction-related liabilities on the basis of pre-determined milestones agreed between the manufacturer and the relevant parties, see also Note 29. Non-current fixed assets suppliers are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The main procurements under this caption are:

- The O3b mPOWER medium-Earth orbit constellation: EUR 545 million (2021: EUR 1,046 million);
- The SES-17 satellite programme: EUR 157 million (2021: EUR 248 million);
- Six satellites being procured in connection with the C-band repurposing activities: EUR nil million (2021: EUR 655 million), refer to Note 33;
- Two satellites for the replacement of Astra 19.2°E satellites: EUR 226 million (2021: 56 million EUR);
- One satellite for the replacement of NSS-12 at 57°E: EUR 36 million (2021: nil million EUR).

Acquisition of the SES O3b mPOWER medium-Earth orbit constellation and launchers

On 11 September 2017, the Company, jointly with its subsidiary O3b Networks Limited, entered as Procurement Agents into a Master Procurement Agency and Option Agreement with a financial institution in connection with the procurement by that financial institution of seven medium-Earth orbit satellites from a satellite manufacturer. The satellites were divided into 2 sub-blocks (sub-Block 1A consisting of four satellites and sub-block 1B consisting of three satellites) currently under construction. At the end of the satellite construction period the Group will have the right to acquire, or lease, the satellites from the financial institution or to direct their sale to a third-party.

In August 2020 the Company exercised the option under the Purchase and Sale agreement to procure four additional O3b mPOWER satellites. The Company, jointly with its subsidiary O3b Networks Limited, entered as Procurement Agent into a second Master Procurement Agency and Option Agreement with a financial institution in connection with the procurement by that financial institution of the additional satellites. At the end of the satellite construction period, foreseen in 2023, the Group will have the right to acquire, or lease, the satellites from the financial institution or to direct their sale to a third-party.

Since the underlying Satellite Purchase and Sale Agreements are directly between the financial institutions and the satellite manufacturer, there is no contractual obligation on the side of the Procurement Agents during the satellite construction process. However, SES management takes the view that there is a constructive obligation arising over the procurement period and hence the Group is accruing for the costs of this programme. SES has the right to nominate shortly before the end of the construction period the entity within the Group which will acquire or lease those assets. SES management expects that the satellites will be acquired or leased in due course by the company SES mPOWER S.à r.l. in Luxembourg.

Note 29 - Commitments and contingencies

Capital expenditure commitments

The Group had outstanding commitments in respect of contracted capital expenditure totalling EUR 404 million as at 31 December 2022 (2021: EUR 712 million). These commitments largely reflect the procurement of satellites and satellite launchers and are stated net of liabilities under these programmes which are already disclosed under "Fixed assets suppliers", see Note 28. The commitments as at 31 December 2022 also include EUR 68 million (2021: EUR 87 million) in connection with the renewal of the agreement with Luxembourg government in respect of SES's concession to operate satellites under Luxembourg's jurisdiction, as disclosed in Note 15 - "Intangible assets".

The capital expenditure commitments arising under these agreements as at 31 December are as follows:

€million	2022	2021
Within one year	252	512
After one year but not more than five years	103	147
After more than five years	49	53
Total	404	712

Other commitments

The Group's other commitments mainly comprise transponder service agreements for the purchase of satellite capacity from third parties under contracts with a maximum life of eight years, as well as EUR 68 million (2021: EUR 70 million) capital contribution into a Luxembourg space sector fund in connection with the renewal of the agreement with Luxembourg government in respect of SES's concession to operate satellites under Luxembourg's jurisdiction.

€million	2022	2021
Within one year	126	68
After one year but not more than five years	162	126
After more than five years	51	75
Total	339	269

The total expense recognised for transponder service agreements in 2022 was EUR 94 million (2021: EUR 68 million).

Litigation

There were no significant litigation claims against the Group as at 31 December 2022, or as at 31 December 2021.

Guarantees

On 31 December 2022 the Group had outstanding bank guarantees of EUR 72 million (2021: EUR 67 million) with respect to performance and warranty guarantees for services of satellite operations.

Note 30 - Leases

1) Lessor

During 2022 the Group did not recognise any leasing income (2021: EUR 32 million) related to customer lease contract. The lease matured in November 2021, so there is no related carrying amount of property, plant and equipment leased as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: EUR nil).

2) Lessee

The Group has recognised right-of-use assets, and associated liabilities, in relation to contracts previously classified as "operating leases" under the provision of IFRS 16. These assets and liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Group's weighted average incremental borrowing rate of 2.87% as at 31 December 2022 (2.76% as at 31 December 2021). The difference between the operating lease commitments and the right-of-use assets recognised represents impact of discounting over the outstanding lease term.

i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The Group leases office buildings, ground segment assets and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment, information about which is presented below.

		Transponders		Other fixtures	
		(included		and fittings,	
		within Space	Ground	tools and	31 December
€million	Buildings	Segment)	segment	equipment	2022
Right-of-use assets					
Cost	51	5	13	2	71
Accumulated depreciation	(23)	(4)	(3)	(1)	(31)
Total	28	1	10	1	40
				Other fixtures	
				and fittings,	
			Ground	tools and	31 December
€million	Buildings		segment	equipment	2021
Right-of-use assets					
Cost	42		15	3	60
Accumulated depreciation	(19)		(9)	(2)	(30)
Total	23		6	1	30

There were no material additions to the right-of-use assets during 2022, depreciation charge for the year was EUR 19 million (2021: EUR 11 million).

Lease liabilities are presented below as at 31 December:

€million	2022	2021
Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows		
Within one year	15	12
After one year but not more than five years	24	19
More than five years	12	8
Total	51	39
Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position at 31		
December		
Current	15	11
Non-current	30	22
Total	45	33

The leases of office buildings typically run for a period of 2-10 years and leases of ground segment assets for 5 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. The Group assesses at lease commencement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension option. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

ii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement

Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets:

€million	2022	2021
Buildings	10	7
Transponders (included within Space Segment)	4	-
Ground segment	4	3
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	1	1
Total	19	11

Finance cost:

€million	2022	2021
Interest expense	2	1
Total	2	1

The total cash outflow for leases in 2022 was EUR 17 million (2021: EUR 14 million).

Note 31 - Cash flow information

Non-cash investing activities

Purchases of property, plant and equipment or intangible assets not included as a cash outflow in the consolidated statement of cash flows are disclosed in Notes 13, 14 and 15.

Net debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for 2022 and 2021.

€million	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	1,047	1,049
Borrowings - repayable within one year	(719)	(57)
Borrowings - repayable after one year	(3,629)	(3,524)
Net debt ¹	(3,301)	(2,532)
€million	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	1,047	1,049
Borrowings - floating rates	(150)	(190)
Borrowings - fixed interest rates	(4,198)	(3,391)
Net debt ¹	(3,301)	(2,532)

¹Net debt excludes current and non-current lease liabilities. Including these, net debt as at 31 December 2022 was EUR 3,346 million (2021: EUR 2,565 million)

	Cash and cash	Borrowings repayable	Borrowings repayable after	
€million	equivalents	within one year	one year	Total
Net debt as at 1 January 2022	1,049	(57)	(3,524)	(2,532)
Cash flows (net)	(17)	57	(744)	(704)
Foreign exchange adjustments	15	-	(90)	(75)
Transfers	-	(719)	719	-
Other non-cash movements*	-	-	10	10
Net debt as at 31 December 2022	1,047	(719)	(3,629)	(3,301)

		Borrowings	Borrowings	
	Cash and cash	repayable	repayable after	
€million	equivalents	within one year	one year	Total
Net debt as at 1 January 2021	1,162	(613)	(3,317)	(2,768)
Cash flows (net)	(116)	614	(159)	339
Foreign exchange adjustments	3	-	(101)	(98)
Transfers	-	(57)	57	-
Other non-cash movements*	-	(1)	(4)	(5)
Net debt as at 31 December 2021	1,049	(57)	(3,524)	(2,532)

* related to loan origination costs

During 2022 the Group issued European Commercial Paper for EUR nil (2021: EUR 275 million) and reimbursed EUR nil (2021: EUR 275 million). These have been presented net in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Note 32 - Related parties

The state of Luxembourg holds a direct 11.58% voting interest in the Company and two indirect interests, both of 10.88% each, through two state owned banks, Banque et Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat and Société Nationale de Crédit et d'Investissement. These shares constitute the Company's Class B shares, as described in Note 21.

The total remuneration to directors for attendance at board and committee meetings in 2022 amounted to EUR 1.0 million (2021: EUR 1.1 million). These amounts are computed on a fixed and variable basis, the variable part being based upon attendance at board and committee meetings.

The key management of the Group, defined as the Senior Leadership Team, received compensation as follows:

€million	2022	2021
Remuneration including bonuses and other benefits	7	7
Pension benefits	-	1
Share-based compensation plans	3	2
Total	10	10

The total outstanding amount in respect of share-based payment instruments allocated to key management as at 31 December 2022 were 5,455,577 (2021: 4,916,470).

Note 33 - C-band repurposing

At its Open Commission Meeting held on 28 February 2020, the Federal Communications Commission ('FCC') adopted a Report and Order and Order of Proposed Modification ('the FCC Order') in connection with the clearing of a 300 MHz band of C-band downlink spectrum between 3,700 and 4,000 MHz by December 2025 to support the rapid deployment of terrestrial 5G services in the contiguous United States ('CONUS').

On 26 May 2020, SES officially committed to an accelerated version of the C-band clearing programme proposed in the FCC Order, which aims at ensuring a faster deployment of 5G capabilities in the United States. On 1 June 2020, the FCC's Wireless Telecommunications Bureau confirmed that a sufficient number of eligible space station operators had filed similar accelerated relocation elections, triggering the adoption of the accelerated programme pursuant to the schedule set out below:

- Phase I: By 5 December 2021, SES will relocate all of its commercial services out of the 3,700-3,820 MHz band over the CONUS. This will require making equipment changes on all associated incumbent earth stations located in 46 of the top 50 Partial Economic Areas, supplementing telemetry, tracking and control ("TT&C") operations to enhance two earth stations located in Hawley (Pennsylvania, U.S.A.) and Brewster (Washington, U.S.A.) and beginning the consolidation of gateway services currently located at other SES locations, as well as any customer or user gateway services, to Hawley and / or Brewster.
- Phase II: By 5 December 2023, SES will relocate all its CONUS commercial services out of the full 3,700-4,000 MHz band, making
 necessary equipment changes on all associated incumbent earth stations located in all CONUS Partial Economic Areas,
 completing its gateway consolidation to the Hawley and Brewster sites and completing TT&C upgrades across SES teleports.

SES filed its Phase I Certification of Accelerated Relocation with the FCC on 1 October 2021 and an amended certificate on 26 October 2021. The FCC validated the amended certificate on 24 November 2021, at which time the EUR 839 million (USD 977 million) of Accelerated Relocation Payments were fully earned. SES received the Accelerated Relocation Payments on 29 December 2021 and 3 January 2022.

The Group will receive a further USD 2,991 million (EUR 2,641 million) for Phase II if it successfully completes the clearing of the spectrum as described above. In the case of delays in achieving the Phase II spectrum clearing milestone, then the Accelerated Relocation Payments will decrease on a sliding scale to zero over the six-month period beginning 5 December 2023.

The FCC held a public auction for the repurposed spectrum which began on 8 December 2020 with the winning bidders being announced on 24 February 2021.

To facilitate the clearing of the spectrum SES is procuring six C-band satellites and launch vehicles and is consolidating and upgrading its ground facilities to comply with the provisions of the FCC Order. In parallel, customers and affiliated earth stations are being equipped with special filters, new antennae and/or other technology capabilities so that they can be migrated to work with services operating in the remaining 200 MHz of spectrum (between 4,000 MHz and 4,200 MHz) available to satellite operators.

The SES Board of Directors approved an investment envelope of EUR 1.4 billion (USD 1.6 billion) for the implementation of the accelerated clearing programme including the procurement and launch of the new satellites and other equipment and services described above. SES expects these spectrum clearing costs to be reimbursed by the Clearinghouse which is administering the transition and related payments with FCC oversight.

The C-band spectrum clearing operational activities are headed by a member of the Group's Senior Leadership Team supported by a team of dedicated functional managers and full-time and part-time resources. The financial impact of these operations is monitored as part of the ongoing financial reporting to the Group's management and Board.

The C-band repurposing project is not the result of a contract with a customer and therefore proceeds from the contract are not accounted for as revenue under IFRS 15 – 'Revenue from contracts with customers', but rather as C-band repurposing income. The FCC is a U.S. governmental agency that developed the rules of the auction, including requiring the Group to clear the lower 300 MHz of C-band spectrum and requiring overlay license auction winners to reimburse the Group for reasonable relocation costs and pay the Group accelerated relocation payments if earned in accordance with the FCC Order. In consideration of the substance of the FCC's rulemaking, the Group believes the payments the FCC requires auction winners to make to the Group are akin to a government grant. Accordingly, the Group is applying the requirements of IAS 20 ('Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance') to account for the C-band repurposing income related to reimbursements of reasonable relocation costs and accelerated relocation payments.

For capitalised costs related to the procurement of the C-band satellites, launches, and upgraded ground facilities, the Group records credits to the recorded book values of the related asset when the costs have been incurred and the Group has obtained reasonable assurance that the costs will be reimbursed and that it will comply with the requirements attached to the reimbursement. The costs and expected reimbursements recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position under "Assets in the course of construction" (Note 14) are presented in the following table:

	Space	Ground	
€million	segment	segment	Total
Cost as at 1 January 2022	668	37	705
Additions	315	14	329
Impact of currency translation	39	2	41
Cost as at 31 December 2022	1,022	53	1,075
Expected reimbursements as at 1 January 2022	(668)	(37)	(705)
Additions	(311)	(13)	(324)
Repayments	679	1	680
Impact of currency translation	(45)	(2)	(47)
Expected reimbursements as at 31 December 2022	(345)	(51)	(396)

	Space	Ground	
€million	segment	segment	Total
Cost as at 1 January 2021	316	8	324
Additions	309	28	337
Impact of currency translation	43	1	44
Cost as at 31 December 2021	668	37	705
Expected reimbursements as at 1 January 2021	(11)	-	(11)
Additions	(642)	(36)	(678)
Impact of currency translation	(15)	(1)	(16)
Expected reimbursements as at 31 December 2021	(668)	(37)	(705)

In 2022 the Group expended EUR 329 million (2021: EUR 337 million) of capital expenditures which have been partially offset by expected reimbursements as per the above, amounting to EUR 322 million (2021: EUR 678 million), reclassified from assets under construction to other receivables.

The Group records operating expenses as incurred for both equipment transferred to customers and affiliated earth stations to facilitate their migration to the upper 200 MHz of the C-band and other associated spectrum clearing costs. The Group records C-band repurposing reimbursement income related to these expenses when the expenses have been incurred and the Group has obtained reasonable assurance that the costs will be reimbursed and that it will comply with the requirements attached to the reimbursement.

In both cases, the Group believes it obtains such reasonable assurance when either the Clearinghouse validates the costs as being reimbursable or the costs fall within cost ranges for the applicable costs as published by the FCC in a cost catalogue.

In 2022 the Group recorded C-band repurposing income of EUR 184 million (2021: EUR 901 million) including EUR 173 million of Verizon accelerated clearing proceeds (2021: EUR 839 million of accelerated relocation payments recognised pursuant to the FCC's confirmation of Phase 1 completion). C-band-related expenses of EUR 30 million (2021: EUR 122 million) represent cost of sales of EUR 3 million (2021: EUR 51 million), accumulated staff costs of EUR 12 million (2021: EUR 36 million) and other operating expenses (including travel and consulting charges) of EUR 15 million (2021: EUR 35 million).

As at 31 December 2022, in connection with the accelerated relocation payments, operating expenses, and capital expenditures above, the Group has other receivables of EUR 480 million (2021: EUR 1,273 million) related to the C-band repurposing project (see Note 17).

Once the accelerated clearing programme had been confirmed, the Group began the amortisation of the remaining balance of deferred charges in connection with the C-band repurposing of EUR 5 million (31 December 2021: EUR 10 million). These deferred charges, which are presented under 'Prepayments' in the Statement of Financial Position are to be amortised on a straight-line basis through to the completion of Phase II in December 2023.

In 2020 SES entered into procurement agreements with three satellite manufacturers to acquire the six satellites needed to facilitate the repurposing of the C-band spectrum representing an aggregate commitment of EUR 755 million. As at 31 December 2022, SES has a nil balance (2021: EUR 655 million) presented under non-current 'Fixed assets suppliers' in the consolidated statement of financial position (refer to Note 28 as well).

As at 31 December 2022, SES's other commitments for C-band repurposing expenditures represent EUR 22 million (2021: EUR 8 million).

Note 34 - Subsequent events

There have been no material events occurring between the reporting date and the date when the consolidated financial statements were authorised by the Board of Directors.

Note 35 - Alternative performance measures

SES regularly uses alternative performance measures to present the performance of the Group.

These measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies and are not measurements under IFRS or any other body of generally accepted accounting principles, and thus should not be considered substitutes for the information contained in the Group's financial statements.

1) Net debt

Net debt is defined as current and non-current borrowings less cash and cash equivalents, all as disclosed on the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group believes that net debt is relevant to investors, since it gives an indication of the absolute level of non-equity funding of the business. This can be compared to the income and cash flows generated by the business, and available undrawn facilities.

The following table reconciles net debt to the relevant balance sheet line items:

€million	2022	2021
Borrowings - non-current	3,629	3,524
Borrowings - current	719	57
Borrowings, less	4,348	3,581
Cash and equivalents	1,047	1,049
Net debt	3,301	2,532

2) EBITDA and EBITDA margin

EBITDA is defined as profit for the period before the impact of depreciation, amortisation, net financing cost and income tax. EBITDA Margin is defined as EBITDA divided by the sum of revenue and C-band repurposing income. The Group believes that EBITDA and EBITDA margin are useful supplemental indicators that may be used to assist in evaluating a Company's operating performance.

The following table reconciles EBITDA to the consolidated income statement line items from which it is derived:

€million	2022	2021
Profit before tax	52	397
Add: Depreciation and impairment expense	836	626
Add: Amortisation and impairment expense	266	768
Add: Net financing costs	88	71
EBITDA	1,242	1,862

The following table provides a reconciliation of EBITDA margin:

€million	2022	2021
Revenue	1,944	1,782
C-band repurposing income	184	901
EBITDA	1,242	1,862
EBITDA Margin (%)	58.3%	69.4%

3) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA adjusted to exclude significant special items. Significant special items exceeding the threshold of EUR 5 million at first recognition need to be approved by management and primarily consist of restructuring charges announced in the framework of the Group's 'Simplify and Amplify' programme, and other special factors or distortions linked to the C-band repurposing.

€million	2022	2021
EBITDA	1,242	1,862
Deduct: C-band repurposing income (Note 33)	(184)	(901)
Add: C-band repurposing expenses (Note 33)	30	122
Add: Other significant special items (Note 4)	17	8
Adjusted EBITDA	1,105	1,091

Adjusted EBITDA Margin is defined as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue. The following table provides a reconciliation of the Adjusted EBITDA Margin:

€million	2022	2021
Revenue	1,944	1,782
Adjusted EBITDA	1,105	1,091
Adjusted EBITDA Margin (%)	56.9%	61.2%

4) Operating profit and operating profit margin

Operating profit is defined as profit for the year before the impact of net financing charges, income tax, the Group's share of the results of associates and includes any extraordinary line item between revenue and profit before tax in the Group's consolidated income statement. The Group uses operating profit to monitor its financial return after both operating expenses and a charge representing the cost of usage of both its property, plant and equipment and definite-life intangible assets.

The following table reconciles operating profit to the income statement line items from which it is derived:

€million	2022	2021
Profit before tax	52	397
Add: Net financing costs	88	71
Operating profit	140	468

Operating profit margin is defined as operating profit as a percentage of revenue. SES believes that operating profit margin is a useful measure to demonstrate the proportion of revenue that has been realised as operating profit, and therefore an indicator of profitability. The following table provides a reconciliation of the operating profit margin:

€million	2022	2021
Revenue	1,944	1,782
Operating profit	140	468
Operating profit margin	7.2%	26.3%

5) Adjusted Net Debt

Adjusted Net Debt is defined as current and non-current borrowings less cash and cash equivalents, all as disclosed on the consolidated financial position and also includes 50% of the Group's EUR 1.2 billion of the perpetual bonds (consistent with rating agencies' methodology). The Group believes that Adjusted Net Debt is relevant to investors, since it gives an indication of the absolute level of non-equity funding of the business. This can be compared to the income and cash flows generated by the business, and available undrawn facilities.

The following table reconciles Adjusted Net Debt to the relevant line items on the statement of financial position from which it is derived:

€million	2022	2021
Borrowings – non-current	3,629	3,524
Borrowings – current	719	57
Total borrowings	4,348	3,581
50% of the Group's EUR 1.2 billion (2021: EUR 1.2 billion) of perpetual		
bonds	588	588
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	1,047	1,049
Adjusted Net Debt	3,889	3,120

6) Adjusted Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio

The Adjusted Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio is defined as Adjusted Net Debt divided by Adjusted EBITDA. The Group believes that the Adjusted Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio is a useful measure to demonstrate to investors its ability to generate the recurring income needed to be able to settle its loans and borrowings as they fall due.

€million	2022	2021
Adjusted Net Debt	3,889	3,120
Adjusted EBITDA	1,105	1,091
Adjusted Net debt to Adjusted EBITDA ratio	3.52 times	2.86 times

7) Adjusted Net Profit and Adjusted Earnings per Share

Adjusted Net Profit is defined as profit or loss of the period attributable to shareholders of the group adjusted to exclude the aftertax impact of significant special items. Significant special items exceeding the threshold of EUR 5 million on first recognition, need to be approved by management and primarily consist of restructuring charges announced in the framework of the Group's 'Simplify and Amplify' programme, and other special factors or distortions linked to the C-band repurposing, as well as the impairment expenses, including the tax impact of impairment charges on shareholdings arising at SES S.A. or at the subsidiary level.

The tax rate applied to the pre-tax impact of the C-band operating expenses is the US tax rate and the tax rate applied to the restructuring expenses and impairment expenses represents the computed weighted average tax rate of the jurisdictions where the expenses occurred:

€million	2022	2021
Profit of the group attributable to shareholders of the parent	(34)	453
C-band net of income / operating expenses	(154)	(779)
Other significant special items	17	8
Impairment expenses	397	724
Add/(Less): Total significant special items	260	(47)
Tax on C-band operating expenses (net of income), at 18.3% (2021: 21%)	28	164
Tax on other significant special items, at 25% (2021: nil)	(3)	(2)
Tax on impairment expenses, at 19.3% (2021: 1.8%)	(77)	(13)
Add/(Less): Tax on significant special items	(52)	149
Add/(Less): Tax expense/(benefit) in respect of impairment expenses on		
the carrying value of subsidiary investments and other assets eliminated at		
consolidation level	15	(232)
Adjusted Net Profit	189	323

Adjusted Earnings per Share is the reported earnings share adjusted for the after-tax impact of significant special items as described above. For the year 2022, Adjusted Earnings per Share of EUR 0.35 per Class A share (2021: EUR 0.63), and EUR 0.14 per Class B share (2021: EUR 0.25) have been calculated on the following basis:

€million	2022	2021
Adjusted Net Profit	189	323
Assumed coupon on perpetual bond (net of tax)	(36)	(41)
Total	153	282

The weighted average number of shares, net of own shares held, for calculating Adjusted Earnings per Share – unchanged from the numbers of shares applied in the calculation of basic earnings per share:

2022	2021
364.1	369.7
185.8	189.2
549.9	558.9
2022	2021
0.35	0.63
0.14	0.25
	364.1 185.8 549.9 2022 0.35

8) Free cash flow before dividend and treasury activities

Free cash flow before financing activities is defined as net cash generated by operating activities, adjusted for the net cash absorbed by investing activities. In addition, free cash flow before dividend and treasury activities considers the effect of the coupon paid on perpetual bond, interest paid on borrowings and lease payments on the computed free cash flow before financing activities. The Group believes that the free cash flow before dividend and treasury activities is relevant to the investors, since it gives an indication of the Group's ability to generate cash after payment taxes and other committed financing charges.

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€million	2022	2021
Net cash generated by operating activities	1,476	1,294
Net cash absorbed by investing activities	(1,798)	(283)
Free cash flow before financing activities	(322)	1,011
Interest paid on borrowings	(103)	(121)
Lease payments	(17)	(14)
Free cash flow before equity distributions and treasury activities	(442)	876

Note 36 - Consolidated subsidiaries, associates

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group's subsidiaries and associates listed below:

	Economic	Economic	Method of	Method of
	interest (%)	interest (%)	consolidation	consolidation
	2022	2021	2022	2021
SES Astra S.A., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Global-Americas Inc., U.S.A.	100	100	Full	Full
SES Global Americas Holdings Inc., U.S.A. ³	100	100	Full	Full
SES Participations S.A., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Finance S.à r.l., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V., Netherlands	100	100	Full	Full
SES Astra Services Europe S.à r.l., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Latin America S.à r.l., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Insurance International (Luxembourg) S.A., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Insurance International Re (Luxembourg) S.A., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Networks Lux S.à r.l., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
Northern Americas Satellite Ventures, Inc., Canada	100	100	Full	Full
SES Techcom S.A., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
Redu Operations Services S.A., Belgium	48	48	Equity	Equity
Redu Space Services S.A., Belgium	52	52	Full	Full
HD Plus GmbH, Germany	100	100	Full	Full
SES Germany GmbH, Germany	100	100	Full	Full
SES Media Solutions GmbH, Germany	100	100	Full	Full
MX1 (Thailand) Ltd, Thailand ²	-	100	-	Full
PT MX1 Smartcast Indonesia, Indonesia	100	100	Full	Full
ASTRA Deutschland GmbH, Germany ²	100	100	Full	Full
ASTRA France S.A., France	100	100	Full	Full
ASTRA (GB) Limited, United Kingdom	100	100	Full	Full
ASTRA CEE Sp. z o.o, Poland ²	-	100	-	Full
SES ASTRA (Romania) S.r.I., Romania ²	-	100	-	Full
SES HD Plus Ghana Limited Company), Ghana	84.7	84.7	Full	Full
SES Engineering (Luxembourg) S.à r.l., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
SES Astra AB, Sweden	100	100	Full	Full
Sirius Satellite Services SIA, Latvia	100	100	Full	Full
SES SIRIUS Ukraina, Ukraine	100	100	Full	Full
SES-10 S.à r.l., Luxembourg	100	100	Full	Full
LuxGovSat S.A., Luxembourg ⁶	50	50	Full	Full
SES Satellite Leasing Ltd, Isle of Man	100	100	Full	Full
Al Maisan Satellite Communications Company LLC, United Arab Emirates ⁶	35	35	Full	Full
Satellites Ventures (Bermuda) Ltd, Bermuda	50	50	Full	Full
SES ASTRA Africa Proprietary Limited, South Africa	100	100	Full	Full
SES ASTRA And Prophetary Linned, South Anda	100	100	Full	Full
				Full
SES Telecomunicações do Brasil Ltda., Brazil	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Full Full	
SES Space & Defense, Inc., U.S.A. ^{5, 6} SES Mexico, S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico ⁴				Full
	100	100	Full	Full
SES Telecommunicaciones de Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico ²	-	100	-	Full
SES Satellites International, LLC, U.S.A.	100	100	Full	Full
SES Satellites (Gibraltar) Ltd., Gibraltar	100	100	Full	Full
SES Americom (Asia 1A) LLC, U.S.A.	100	100	Full	Full
Americom Asia Pacific LLC, U.S.A.	100	100	Full	Full
QuetzSat Directo S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico ²	100	100	Full	Full
SES Engineering (US) Inc., U.S.A. ²	100	100	Full	Full
QuetzSat S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico	100	100	Full	Full
Satelites Globales S. de R.L. de C.V., Mexico ²	100	100	Full	Full
SES Satelites Directo Ltda, Brazil	100	100	Full	Full
SES DTH do Brasil Ltda, Brazil	100	100	Full	Full
SES Satélites Ibérica, S.L., Spain	100	100	Full	Full
New Skies Satellites B.V., The Netherlands	100	100	Full	Full

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	SES Marketing India Private Limited, India ¹	100	-	Full	-

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Entity acquired in 2022 Entity sold, merged, liquidated, or merger or liquidation process initiated, in 2022 Change in legal form of entity in 2022 from General Partnership into a US corporation ('Inc.') Formerly Sistemas Satelitales de Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V. Formerly SES Government Solutions, Inc. See Note 2, 'Significant accounting judgments and estimates' Joint venture in which the Group invested in 2022

SES S.A. Société Anonyme Château de Betzdorf L-6815 Betzdorf

R.C.S. Luxembourg B 81267

Annual accounts as at and for the year ended 31 December 2022

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This version of the SES S.A. annual accounts has been prepared based on the ESEF version, which is the only authoritative one, and is available on www.ses.com



Audit report

To the Shareholders of **SES S.A.**

Report on the audit of the annual accounts

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying annual accounts give a true and fair view of the financial position of SES S.A. (the "Company") as at 31 December 2022, and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts.

Our opinion is consistent with our additional report to the Audit and Risk Committee.

What we have audited

The Company's annual accounts comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022;
- the profit and loss account for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in shareholders' equity as at 31 December 2022; and
- the notes to the annual accounts, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 on the audit profession (Law of 23 July 2016) and with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as adopted for Luxembourg by the "Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier" (CSSF). Our responsibilities under the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 and ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF are further described in the "Responsibilities of the "Réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the annual accounts" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, including International Independence Standards, issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code) as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the annual accounts. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities under those ethical requirements.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we declare that we have not provided non-audit services that are prohibited under Article 5(1) of the EU Regulation No 537/2014.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative, 2 rue Gerhard Mercator, B.P. 1443, L-1014 Luxembourg T : +352 494848 1, F : +352 494848 2900, www.pwc.lu



The non-audit services that we have provided to the Company and its controlled undertakings, if applicable, for the year then ended, are disclosed in Note 19 to the annual accounts.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the annual accounts of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the annual accounts as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of the shares in affiliated undertakings

The Company has investments in shares in affiliated undertakings in net amount of 5,422 million EUR (see Note 4), which includes 214 million EUR of value adjustments recorded during the year then ended.

Management's assessment of the recoverable amount of investments in subsidiaries requires significant judgement in the determination of the level at which the investments in affiliated undertakings are tested for impairment taking into account the substance of the business activity, interdependency of the cash flows between the different subsidiaries and their level of integration.

Moreover, the determination of the recoverable value requires significant estimates as it relates to the estimation of the forecasted cash flows and of the discount rates and long-term growth rates.

We focused on this area due to the inherent complexity and judgement in the estimate for the recoverable amount of the investments in affiliated undertakings and the materiality of the balance.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We tested the design and implementation of relevant internal controls;
- We evaluated Management's methodology used to estimate the recoverable amount of the investments in affiliated undertakings. To that effect, we noted that Management has grouped certain undertakings together for the purposes of testing them for impairment in order to appropriately reflect the substance of the activity, interdependency of cash flows and the level of integration of their operations;
- We evaluated, where Management planned a divestiture/restructuring at undertaking level, the impact on the recoverable amount determined at the individual affiliated undertaking level;
- When Management has grouped certain undertakings together for the purposes of testing them for impairment, we involved valuation specialists and independently recalculated the weighted average cost of capital based on the use of market date and challenged the long-term growth rate applied based on market data;
- We agreed the forecasted cash flows used for the determination of the recoverable value to the 2023 Business Plan as approved by the Board of Directors;
- We evaluated the forecasted revenue and costs assumptions, considering our expectations in terms of significant developments during the forecast period (significant new contracts or loss thereof) and corroborated these with market data in respect of demand for satellite capacity and pricing;



- We evaluated the capital expenditure assumptions, considering our expectations in terms of significant developments during the forecast period (capital expenditure programs, replacement of satellites) and the expected capital expenditure level in terminal period in order to maintain the current assets base;
- We performed sensitivity analysis of the models to changes in the key assumptions;
- When Management has undertaken the testing for impairment at individual affiliated undertaking level, we have obtained the related independent valuation reports and evaluated the related value adjustment calculations where required;
- We considered the appropriateness of the disclosures in Note 4 to the annual accounts.

Other information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information stated in the management report and the Corporate Governance Statement but does not include the annual accounts and our audit report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors and those charged with governance for the annual accounts

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual accounts in accordance with Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors is responsible for presenting the annual accounts in compliance with the requirements set out in the Delegated Regulation 2019/815 on European Single Electronic Format ("ESEF Regulation").



Responsibilities of the "Réviseur d'entreprises agréé" for the audit of the annual accounts

The objectives of our audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual accounts.

As part of an audit in accordance with the EU Regulation No 537/2014, the Law of 23 July 2016 and with ISAs as adopted for Luxembourg by the CSSF, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual accounts, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related
 to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
 going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in
 our audit report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are
 inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to
 the date of our audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease
 to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual accounts, including the disclosures, and whether the annual accounts represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate to them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the annual accounts of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our audit report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

We assess whether the annual accounts have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements laid down in the ESEF Regulation.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

The management report is consistent with the annual accounts and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

The Corporate Governance Statement is included in the management report. The information required by Article 68ter Paragraph (1) Letters c) and d) of the Law of 19 December 2002 on the commercial and companies register and on the accounting records and annual accounts of undertakings, as amended, is consistent with the annual accounts and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have been appointed as "Réviseur d'Entreprises Agréé" by the General Meeting of the Shareholders on 7 April 2022 and the duration of our uninterrupted engagement, including previous renewals and reappointments, is 10 years.

We have checked the compliance of the annual accounts of the Company as at 31 December 2022 with relevant statutory requirements set out in the ESEF Regulation that are applicable to annual accounts.



For the Company it relates to the requirement that annual accounts are prepared in a valid XHTML format.

In our opinion, the annual accounts of the Company as at 31 December 2022, identified as "SES 2022 Annual report", have been prepared, in all material respects, in compliance with the requirements laid down in the ESEF Regulation.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative represented by

Luxembourg, 27 February 2023

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François Mousel

SES Société Anonyme Balance sheet As at 31 December 2022

Assets			
	Note	2022	2021
		€million	€million
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets		0.4	0.4
Payments on account and intangible assets under development	2.2.1	8.3	4.1
Financial assets	2.2.2, 4		
Shares in affiliated undertakings	4 a	5,421.7	5,032.0
Loans to affiliated undertakings	4 b	2,805.3	3,252.7
		8.235.7	8,289.2
Current Assets			
Debtors	2.2.3		
Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings			
becoming due and payable within one year	5 a	3,646.7	3,416.3
becoming due and payable after one year	5 a	269.7	287.1
Other debtors			
becoming due and payable within one year	5 b	30.9	16.6
Investments			
Own shares	2.2.4, 6	40.0	54.0
Cash at bank and cash in hand		890.7	935.1
		4,878.0	4,709.1
Prepayments	2.2.5	24.7	35.3

SES Société Anonyme Balance sheet As at 31 December 2022

Liabilities	Note	2022 €million	2021 €million
Capital and reserves			
Subscribed capital	7	696.5	719.0
Share premium account	7	1,832.3	1,890.2
Reserves			
Legal reserve	8	71.9	71.9
Reserve for own shares	9	40.0	54.0
Profit brought forward		2,132.0	2,776.8
Profit for the financial year		646.9	(428.7)
		5,419.6	5,083.2
Creditors	2.2.6		
Debenture loans - Non-convertible loans	10		
becoming due and payable within one year		778.0	65.9
becoming due and payable after more than one year		4,299.4	4,639.4
Amounts owed to credit institutions	10		
becoming due and payable within one year		-	40.2
becoming due and payable after more than one year		-	-
Trade creditors			
becoming due and payable within one year		2.0	1.0
Amounts owed to affiliated undertakings	10		
becoming due and payable within one year		1,988.9	1,626.8
becoming due and payable after more than one year		188.0	587.3
Other creditors			
Social security authorities		0.4	0.4
Other creditors	11		
becoming due and payable within one year		203.0	711.8
payable after more than one year	<u>.</u>	259.1	277.6
		7,718.8	7,950.4
Total liabilities (Capital, Reserves, Liabilities)		13,138.4	13,033.6

SES Société Anonyme Profit and loss account For the year ended 31 December 2022

Profit and loss account	Note	2022 €million	2021 €million
Other operating income	12	17.8	27.3
Raw material and consumables and other external expenses			
Other external expenses	12	(27.5)	(28.8)
Staff costs	13		
Wages and salaries		(16.2)	(15.6)
Social security costs			
relating to pensions		(1.8)	(1.7)
other social security costs		0.2	(0.6)
Other staff costs		(0.1)	(0.1)
Other operating expenses		(3.3)	(3.0)
Income from participating interest			
derived from affiliated undertakings	2.2.8, 14	688.0	1,896.8
Income from other investments and loans forming part of fixed assets			
derived from affiliated undertakings	15	90.8	85.0
Other interest receivable and similar income			
derived from affiliated undertakings	3, 16 a	235.5	40.5
other interest and similar income	16 b	221.3	228.6
Value adjustment in respect of financial assets and of investments held as current assets	17	(158.7)	(2,252.2)
Interest payable and similar expenses			
concerning affiliated undertakings	3, 18 a	(54.4)	(29.5)
other interest and similar expenses	18 b	(342.8)	(375.0)
Tax on profit or loss		(1.9)	(0.4)
Profit or loss for the financial year		646.9	(428.7)

SES	Société Anonyme	Statement of changes in shareholders' equity	As at 31 December 2022
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Result for Total the year €million	508.8 5, 696.0 (508.8) -	- (184.1) (428.7) (428.7)	(428.7) 5,083.2	(428.7) 5,083.2 428.7 -	- (80.4))	646.9 646.9
Other reserves* €million	2,506.1 508.8	(184.1) -	2,830.8	2,830.8 (428.7)		(230.1)	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Legal reserve €million	71.9	• •	71.9	71.9 -			' 0
Share premium €million	1,890.2 -		1,890.2	1,890.2	(57.9)		- ccc 7
Subscribed capital €million	719.0 -	• •	719.0	719.0 -	(22.5)		- L CC
	At 1 January 2021 Allocation of result	Distribution of dividends Profit for the financial year	At 31 December 2021	At 1 January 2022 Allocation of result	Share Capital reduction	Distribution of dividends	Profit for the financial year

* Including reserves for own shares, other non-available reserves and profit brought forward.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

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Note 1 – General Information

SES S.A. (hereafter 'SES' or 'the Company') was incorporated on 16 March 2001 as a limited liability company (Société Anonyme) under the laws of the Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg for an unlimited period. The registered office of the Company is at: Château de Betzdorf, L-6815 Betzdorf, Luxembourg.

The purpose of the Company is to take generally any interest whatsoever in electronic media and to be active, more particularly, in the communications area via satellites and to invest, directly or indirectly, in other companies that are actively involved in the satellite communication industry.

The Company prepares consolidated financial statements for the SES Group which are drawn up in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as endorsed by the European Union ('IFRS') and are published according to the provisions of the Luxembourg law. The accounting period of the Company is from 1 January to 31 December.

Article 65, Paragraph (1) 2° of the Law of 19 December 2002 on the register of commerce and companies and the accounting and annual accounts of undertakings (the "Law") requires the disclosure of the amount of capital and reserves and profit and loss for the last financial year of each affiliated undertaking. In conformity with Art.67 (3) of the Law, these details have been omitted as the Company prepares consolidated financial statements and these consolidated financial statements, and the related management report and auditors' report thereon, have been lodged with the Luxembourg Trade Registry.

The Company's Fiduciary Deposit Receipts ('FDRs') have been listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange since 1998 and on Euronext Paris since 2004 under the symbol SESG. FDRs can be traded freely and are convertible into an equal number of Class A shares at any time, and at no cost, at the option of the holder under the conditions applicable in the Company's articles of association, and in accordance with the terms of the FDRs.

Until April 2022, the Company had a 99.94% interest in a partnership, SES Global Americas Holdings GP, whose accounts were integrated into those of the Company to the level of its partnership interest. In April 2022 the partnership was converted into a separate legal entity named SES Global Americas Holdings Inc. (refer to Note 3).

Note 2 – Summary of significant accounting policies and valuation rules

2.1. Basis of preparation

The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Luxembourg legal and regulatory requirements under the historical cost convention relating to the preparation and presentation of the annual accounts. Accounting policies and valuation rules are, besides the ones laid down by the amended Law of 19 December 2002, determined and applied by the Board of Directors.

The preparation of annual accounts requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Board of Directors to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the accounting policies. Changes in assumptions may have a significant impact on the annual accounts in the period in which the assumptions are changed. Management believes that the underlying assumptions are appropriate and that the annual accounts therefore present the financial position and results fairly.

Note 2 – Summary of significant accounting policies and valuation rules (continued)

2.1. Basis of preparation (continued)

Management makes estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year(s). Estimates and judgments are regularly reevaluated, and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

2.2. Significant accounting policies

The main accounting policies and valuation rules applied by the Company are the following:

2.2.1. Intangible assets

Amounts related to the development of software and other related expenses, are included in the balance sheet when incurred. Development expenditure is capitalised when its future recoverability can be regarded as assured. The expenditure is transferred to assets in use, and depreciation commences, when the resulting asset is put into service.

2.2.2. Financial assets

Shares in affiliated undertakings held by the Company are recorded at acquisition cost.

In the case of a permanent diminution in the value of a financial fixed asset in the opinion of the Board of Directors, a value adjustment is made such that the investment is valued at the lower figure. Value adjustments are not maintained if the reasons for which they were made have ceased to apply.

In some instances, where the Board of Directors believes that it is more appropriate under the circumstances and better reflects the substance of the activity, the interdependency of cash flows between SES subsidiaries, and their level of integration, have been considered in assessing the carrying value of the financial assets.

In those instances, investments in certain undertakings have been grouped together for the purposes of testing them for impairment - similarly to cash generating units ('CGUs') as defined in IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" under IFRS.

However, as set out in Note 5, where a contractual disposal of an investment included in one of the cash-generating units triggers the recognition of a book loss then this loss is recorded by the Company in the result of the period when the transaction was approved and the magnitude of the loss was ascertained.

Loans to affiliated undertakings are valued at their nominal value. Value adjustments are recorded on loans which appear to be partly or wholly irrecoverable. These value adjustments are not maintained if the reasons for which they were made have ceased to apply.

2.2.3. Debtors

Debtors are recorded at their nominal value. They are subject to value adjustments where their recovery is uncertain. These value adjustments are not continued if the reasons for which they were made have ceased to apply.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Note 2 – Summary of significant accounting policies and valuation rules (continued)

2.2.4. Investments - own shares

Own shares are recorded at acquisition cost, including expenses incidental thereto. At the balance sheet date, own shares are valued at the lower of acquisition cost and a valuation calculated based on weighted average cost or market value.

A value adjustment is recorded where the market value is lower than the acquisition cost. These value adjustments are not maintained if the reasons for which the value adjustments were made have ceased to apply.

2.2.5. Prepayments

Prepayments represent expenditures incurred during the financial year but relating to a subsequent financial year.

Loan origination costs are recorded at their nominal value, and are presented as prepayments. These costs are amortised over the remaining estimated loan periods based on the Company's financing strategy.

2.2.6. Creditors

Debenture loans and amounts owed to credit institutions are recorded at their reimbursement value. Where the amount repayable is greater than the amount received, then the difference is shown as an asset and is written off on a straight-line basis over the term of the borrowing.

2.2.7. Foreign currency translation

The Company maintains its books and records in euro (EUR). Transactions expressed in currencies other than the euro are translated into euros at the exchange rates effective at the time of the transaction.

Except for fixed assets, all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Realised and unrealised gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Fixed assets denominated in currencies other than euro, except for loans to affiliated undertakings classified as financial fixed assets, are translated into euro at the exchange rate effective at the time of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, these assets remain translated at historical exchange rates.

The foreign exchange result for the year has been presented on a net basis.

2.2.8. Dividends paid and received

Dividends are declared after the annual accounts for the year have been approved. Accordingly, dividends payable are recorded in the subsequent year's annual accounts. Dividends receivable on own shares are recorded as income in the year in which the dividend is approved.

Dividends receivable from affiliated undertakings are recorded as income in the year in which they are approved by the subsidiary.

Note 2 – Summary of significant accounting policies and valuation rules (continued)

2.2.9. Share-based compensation

Employees of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share-based compensation, whereby employees render services to the Company as consideration for equity instruments.

Four share-based compensation schemes have been established by the Company and are available to members of the Company's staff, and to employees of the SES Group:

- Equity-settled plans:
 - The Stock Appreciation Rights Plan ('STAR Plan');
 - Executive Incentive Compensation Plan ('EICP');
 - Long-Term Incentive Programme ('LTIP').
- Cash-settled plan:
 - Simulated Restricted Stock Units plan ('SRSU Plan').

A charge, representing the difference between the acquisition cost of own shares and exercise price, is recognised in the profit and loss account on the exercising of share option/shares.

The SRSU Plan was inaugurated in 2017 and is replacing, over time, the Star Plan. SRSUs are delivered on 1 June following a three-year vesting period. Delivery occurs through a gross cash payment in the June payroll cycle instead of in FDR's.

For the cash-settled plan, a charge corresponding to the number of SRSUs outstanding at the share price on 31 December 2022 is recognised in the profit and loss account on a pro-rata basis over the vesting period and is presented as part of 'Wages and salaries' in the profit and loss account. A corresponding liability is recorded and presented in the balance sheet under 'Other creditors'.

Note 3 – Conversion of SES Global Americas Holdings GP

Until April 2022, the Company had a 99.94% interest in a partnership, SES Global Americas Holdings GP, whose accounts were integrated into those of the Company to the level of its share in the partnership. In April 2022 the partnership was converted into a separate legal entity named SES Global Americas Holdings Inc..

On conversion, all assets and liabilities of the partnership were deemed disposed against a fair market value of 99.94% interest in SES Global Americas Holdings Inc. in the amount of EUR 2,117.2 million, generating a gain of EUR 135.5 million.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Note 3 – Conversion of SES Global Americas Holdings GP (continued)

The impact of the conversion on the annual accounts of the Company was as follows:

Shares in affiliated undertakings Disposal of 99.94% in SES Global-Americas, Inc. Disposal of 32.34% in SES Astra A.B. Acquisition of 99.94% in SES Global Americas Holdings Inc	(2,919.2) (29.9) 2,117.2	€million (831.9)
Debtors Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings due and payable within one year		(284.4)
Short term loan to SES Americom Inc.	(284.4)	
Prepayments	(.	(11.7)
Loan origination costs related to 144A Bond USD 500 million (2044)	(11.7)	
Total Assets	=	(1,128.0)
Creditors		
Debenture loans - Non convertible loans due and payable after one year		(476.7)
144A Bond USD 500 million (2044)	(476.7)	
Amounts owed to affiliated undertakings due and payable within one year		(217.5)
Current accounts	(217.5)	
Amounts owed to affiliated undertakings due and payable after one year		(569.3)
Long term loan from SES Americom Inc.	(569.3)	
Total Liabilities	=	(1,263.5)
Other interest receivable and similar income – derived from affiliated undertakings		50.3
Gain on sale of 144A Bond USD 500 million (2044)	50.3	
		85.2
Gain on disposal of shares in .SES Global – Americas, Inc.	75.2	
Gain on disposal of shares SES Astra A.B. Profit for the Financial Year	10.0	135.5
	=	130.0

Note 4 – Financial assets

a) Shares in affiliated undertakings

€million	2022	2021
Historic cost:		
As at 1 January:	7,323.4	7,275.7
Increase	3,933.2	97.0
Decrease	(3,929.1)	(49.3)
Transfer	(104.7)	-
As at 31 December	7,222.8	7,323.4
Accumulated value adjustments		
As at 1 January	(2,291.4)	(104.7)
Increase	(213.5)	(2,186.7)
Decrease	599.1	-
Transfer	104.7	-
As at 31 December	(1,801,1)	(2,291.4)
Net book value:		
As at 1 January	5,032.0	7,171.0
As at 31 December	5,421,7	5,032.0

In April 2022 SES Global Americas Holdings GP was converted from a partnership into a separate legal entity named SES Global Americas Holdings Inc. As a result of the conversion:

- the investment in SES Global-Americas, Inc. decreased by EUR 2,919.2 million (representing a decrease in the historic cost of EUR 3,498.1 million net of accumulated value adjustments of EUR 578.9 million),
- the investment in SES Astra A.B. decreased by 29.9 million (representing a decrease of cost of EUR 50.1 million net of accumulated value adjustments of EUR 20.2 million), and
- the investment in SES Global Americas Holdings Inc. increased by the amount of EUR 2,117.2 million (refer to Note 3).

The Company then acquired the remaining 0.06% interest in SES Global Americas Holdings Inc from SES Astra S.A. for EUR 1.3 million, and contributed all its shares in SES Global Americas Holdings Inc to SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. for EUR 2,118.5 million.

In September 2022, the Company contributed its loan receivable with SES Americom, Inc. in the amount of EUR 470.6 million into the share premium of SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l., increasing the carrying value of its interest in SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. by the same amount.

In November 2022, the Company contributed its loan receivable with SES mPower S.à r.l. in the amount of EUR 578.3 million into the share premium of SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l., increasing the carrying value of its interest in SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. by the same amount.

In November 2022, the Company made a contribution in cash into the share premium of SES Latin America S.à r.l. of EUR 11.0 million, increasing the carrying value of its interest in SES Latin America S.à r.l. by the same amount.

In November 2022, SES Finance S.à r.l. reduced its share premium by means of a capital repayment to the Company of EUR 3.5 million, decreasing the carrying value of its interest in SES Finance S.à r.l. by the same amount.

Note 4 – Financial assets (continued)

a) Shares in affiliated undertakings (continued)

In December 2022, SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. reduced its share premium by means of a capital repayment to the Company in the amount of EUR 377.4 million, resulting in a reduction in the carrying value of its interest in SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. of the same amount.

In December 2022, the Company converted a portion of its current account with SES Networks Lux S.à r.l. of EUR 377.4 million into a long-term loan and contributed this loan into the share premium of SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l., increasing the carrying value of its interest in SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. by the same amount.

In December 2022, the Company made a contribution in cash into share premium of SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. of EUR 377.4 million, increasing the carrying value of its interest in SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. by the same amount.

In 2022, the increase in accumulated value adjustments of EUR 213.5 million represents an impairment of the investment in SES Participations of EUR 18.8 million and an aggregate amount of EUR 194.7 million recorded in connection with the investments in SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l. (EUR 135.6 million), SES Astra S.A. (EUR 47.9 million), SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. (EUR 9.8 million) and SES Latin America S.à r.l. (EUR 1.4 million).

The 2021 increase in historic cost represented a share premium contribution to SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. of EUR 76.5 million and a contribution in kind to SES Global-Americas, Inc. of EUR 20.5 million. The decrease represented a share premium reduction in SES Finance S.à r.I (EUR 28.8 million) and in SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. (EUR 20.5 million).

In 2021, the increase in accumulated value adjustments reflected impairment of investments in SES Global-Americas, Inc. (EUR 578.9 million), SES Finance S.à r.I (EUR 1,502.1 million), SES Participations S.A. (EUR 85.5 million) and SES Astra A.B. (EUR 20.2 million).

	Incorporated in:	2022	2021	2022	2021
				€million	€million
SES Global-Americas, Inc.	United States	-	99.94%	-	2,919.2
SES Finance S.à r.l.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	8.6	12.1
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. ¹	Netherlands	100%	100%	491.4	878.6
SES Astra S.A.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	998.9	1,046.8
SES Participations S.A.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	2.5	21.3
SES Insurance International Re (Luxembourg) S.A.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	90.3	90.3
SES Astra A.B.	Sweden	-	32.34%	-	29.9
SES Insurance International (Luxembourg) S.A.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	15.2	15.2
SES Latin America S.à r.l.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	28.3	18.6
SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l.	Luxembourg	100%	100%	3,786.5	-
Total				5,421.7	5,032.0

As at 31 December the Company held the following investments and associated book values:

SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. has a 100% direct ownership of the entity New Skies Satellites B.V. and 100% indirect ownership of the entity O3b Networks Limited. Therefore for impairment testing purposes the investment is allocated between the SES GEO and SES MEO cash generating units.

Note 4 – Financial assets (continued)

a) Shares in affiliated undertakings (continued)

Management identified the following CGUs for the purpose of impairment testing:

- SES GEO operations ('SES GEO') and
- SES MEO operations ('SES MEO').

The following entities not directly connected to a CGU are considered out of scope: SES Participations S.A., SES Insurance International Re (Luxembourg) S.A. and SES Insurance International (Luxembourg) S.A.

The investment in SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V. of EUR 270.0 million (2021: EUR 878.6 million) includes both SES GEO and SES MEO operations and was analysed accordingly for impairment testing purposes.

In December 2022, the Company contributed a loan to SES Networks Lux S.à r.l. of EUR 377.4 million and cash of EUR 377.4 million into the share premium of SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l.. As both these contributions are MEO-related, they were allocated to the SES MEO CGU.

Impairment testing for SES GEO

Affiliated undertakings listed under "SES GEO" form part of the GEO satellite operations of the SES Group. They are aggregated into one CGU for the purpose of testing their carrying values for impairment, considering the interdependency of their cash flows and their level of integration (see Note 2). Loans to and from SES GEO companies are added to the carrying values of the shares concerned for impairment testing purposes.

The value-in-use of this CGU is determined based on a calculation using the most recent business plan information approved by the Board of Directors which covers a period of five years. This period reflects the long-term contractual base for the satellite business.

The pre-tax discount rate varies based on the geographic region covered by the satellites; the rates used ranged from 9.02% to 12.62% and were selected to reflect market interest rates and commercial spreads, the capital structure of businesses in the SES Group's business sector, and the specific risk profile of the businesses concerned.

Similarly, the terminal growth rates used in the valuation varied from +2.5% to -2.7%, reflecting the most recent long-term planning assumptions approved by the Board, and are supported by reference to the performance of the SES business concerned over a longer period in the relevant markets.

The assessment resulted in EUR 194.7 million impairment being recorded on certain investments.

An impairment test performed on each investment taken individually (the "line-by-line method"), would potentially lead to a different conclusion. However, for the reasons stated above and as described in Note 2.2.2., the Board of Directors of the Company does not believe that the "line-by-line method" is appropriate considering the integrated nature of the SES GEO operations business and the interdependency of its cash flows.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Note 4 – Financial assets (continued)

a) Shares in affiliated undertakings (continued)

Impairment testing for SES MEO operations

SES MEO operations, representing the O3b Networks business acquired in 2016, is considered a separate CGU, as the business currently generates cash inflows that are largely independent from SES GEO operations.

Similar to SES GEO, the value-in-use of this CGU is determined based on a calculation using the most recent business plan information approved by the Board of Directors which covers five years. An specific 'H-model' was used to estimate the cash flows beyond the business plan period in order to capture the projected growth of the business in connection with the O3b mPOWER constellation which is expected to begin commercial service towards the end of 2023. The post-business plan growth rate (2027 to 2028) began at 10.0% and reduced on a straight-line basis to a terminal growth rate of 3.0% over a period of 10 years.

The pre-tax discount rate applied for 2022 was 10.38% (2021: 8.13%) and was selected to reflect market interest rates and commercial spreads; the capital structure of businesses in the CGU's business sector; and the specific risk profile of the businesses concerned. As noted above, the terminal growth rate used was 3.0% (2021: 3.0%), reflecting current long term inflation assumptions.

b) Loans to affiliated undertakings

Loans to affiliated undertakings as of 31 December 2022 consist of:

€million	Principal and accrued interest		
	31 December 2022	Maturity	Interest rate
Counterparty			
SES Astra S.A.	700.0	October 2030	0.64%
SES-10 S.à r.l.	53.4	January 2032	2.29%
SES Networks Lux S.à r.l.	958.2	October 2029	3.33%
SES Networks Satellites S.à r.l.	465.0	October 2029	3.33%
New Skies Satellites B.V.	5.3	December 2024	3.01%
New Skies Satellites B.V.	243.6	December 2032	3.01%
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	180.9	December 2024	3.01%
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	96.1	December 2024	3.01%
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	32.8	December 2024	3.01%
HD Plus GmbH	70.0	November 2030	5.60%
Total	2,805.3		

The Company does not consider any balances on its loans to affiliates as being irrecoverable as at 31 December 2022.

Note 4 – Financial assets (continued)

b) Loans to affiliated undertakings (continued)

Loans to affiliated undertakings as of 31 December 2021 consist of:

€million Counterparty	Principal and accrued interest 31 December 2021	Maturity	Interest rate
SES Astra S.A.	800.0	October 2030	0.64%
SES-10 S.à r.l.	60.0	January 2032	0.41%
SES Networks Lux S.à r.l.	874.9	October 2029	3.33%
SES Networks Satellites S.à r.l.	424.6	October 2029	3.33%
New Skies Satellites B.V.	199.5	November 2023	3.14%
New Skies Satellites B.V.	367.7	November 2023	3.14%
New Skies Satellites B.V.	4.9	December 2024	3.14%
New Skies Satellites B.V.	229.4	December 2032	3.14%
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	170.3	October 2024	3.14%
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	90.5	December 2024	3.14%
SES Holdings (Netherlands) B.V.	30.9	December 2024	3.14%
Total	3,252.7		

Note 5 – Debtors

a) Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings

The SES Group operates a centralised treasury function at the level of the Company, including a cash-pooling mechanism which manages the Group's liquidity and optimises its funding costs.

Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings as at 31 December consist of:

€million	2022	2021
Becoming due and payable within one year		
Intercompany current accounts	2,715.5	2,381.2
Forward Sale Agreement with SES mPower S.à r.l.	197.2	704.2
Short term loan to Luxembourg satellite companies	6.6	6.7
Short term loan to SES Astra S.A.	101.3	101.5
Short term loan to SES Americom	-	262.3
Short term loan to SES New Skies Satellites B.V.	615.2	-
Short term loan to HD Plus GmbH	10.9	30.2
Short term loan to SES Media Solutions GmbH	218.0	210.0
Value adjustments	(218.0)	(279.8)
Total	3,646.7	3,416.3
Becoming due and payable after one year		
Forward Sale Agreement with SES mPower S.à r.l.	259.1	277.6
Long term advance to SES DTH do Brasil Ltda	10.6	9.5
Total	269.7	287.1

Note 5 – Debtors (continued)

a) Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings (continued)

Intercompany current accounts represent short-term advances bearing interest at market rates.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company performed an analysis of the amounts owed by affiliated undertakings and reversed previously recorded value adjustment of EUR 61.8 million (see also Note 18) as these amounts are no longer considered to be irrecoverable:

- Intercompany current account with MX1 Limited of EUR 40.7 million;
- Intercompany current account with SES Media Solutions GmbH of EUR 16.8 million;
- Intercompany current account with SES Astra Services Europe of EUR 4.3 million.

As at 31 December 2021 the Company had recorded value adjustments of EUR 279.8 million with respect to:

- Intercompany current account with MX1 Limited of EUR 40.7 million;
- Short-term loan to SES Media Solutions GmbH of EUR 210.0 million and intercompany current account with SES Media Solutions GmbH of EUR 24.8 million;
- Intercompany current account with SES Astra Services Europe of EUR 4.3 million.

In 2018, SES entered into a forward sale agreement with SES mPower S.à r.I (see Note 11) in connection with seven mPower satellites currently under construction. In August 2020 an option to procure four additional satellites was exercised.

In September 2022 SES aquired six of the seven initial mPower satellites. As at 31 December 2022, SES had a receivable from SES mPower S.à r.I of EUR 456.3 million (2021: EUR 981.8 million) in connection with the procurement of the mPower satellites.

b) <u>Other debtors</u>

Other debtors as at 31 December consist of:

€million	2022	2021
Becoming due and payable within one year		
Trade debtors	0.4	3.1
Receivable related to VAT	16.3	4.2
Other tax receivables	14.2	9.3
Total	30.9	16.6

Note 5 – Debtors (continued)

b) Other debtors (continued)

Other tax receivables

The Company is subject to the tax regulations in Luxembourg and, until April 2022, also in the U.S. for the partnership. In accordance with Article 164bis of the Luxembourg income tax law, SES S.A. is the head of the Luxembourg tax unity with its direct and indirect subsidiaries as follows:

- SES Finance S.à r.l.
- SES Astra S.A.
- SES Asia S.A.
- SES-10 S.à r.l.
- SES Participations S.A.
- SES Engineering S.à r.l.
- SES Astra Services Europe S.A.
- SES Networks Lux S.à r.l.
- SES Techcom S.A.
- SES Latin America S.A.
- SES Insurance International (Luxembourg) S.A.
- SES Insurance International Re (Luxembourg) S.A.
- SES-17 S.à r.l.
- SES mPower S.à r.l.
- SES Networks Satellites S.à r.l.
- SES LU Satellite Holdings S.à r.l.
- Luxembourg Space Sector Development General Partner S.à r.l.
- SES LU US Holdings S.à r.l.

The balance sheet tax position represents the net amount payable to, or receivable from, the Luxembourg tax authorities by the Company in its role as head of the tax unity. The net tax receivable of EUR 14.2 million as at 31 December 2022 includes a payable for corporate income tax of nil million (2021:EUR 7.4 million), municipal business tax receivable of EUR 14.2 million (2021: EUR 16.6 million) and a Net Wealth Tax receivable of EUR nil million (2021: liability of EUR 0.1 million).

The respective tax charge/income of each subsidiary is computed on a stand-alone basis and it is recorded for the entire Luxembourg tax unity by the Company.

Note 6 – Investments – own shares

'Own shares' refers to holdings of the Company's own FDRs. All FDRs held are for use in connection with the share-based compensation plans for executives and staff of the SES Group. FDRs are valued at the lower of the weighted average cost and the market price.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company owned 6,565,553 FDRs (2021: 7,748,429) representing a carrying value of EUR 40.0 million (2021: EUR 54.0 million).

Note 7 – Subscribed capital and share premium account

SES has a subscribed capital of EUR 696.5 million (2021: EUR 719.0 million), represented by 371,457,600 Class A shares (2021: 383,457,600) and 185,728,800 Class B shares (2021: 191,728,800) with no par value. Although they constitute separate classes of shares, Class A and Class B shares have the same rights except that Class B shares, which are held by the State of Luxembourg and by two entities wholly-owned by the State of Luxembourg, entitle their holders to only 40% of the dividend, or in case the Company is dissolved, to 40% of the net liquidation proceeds paid to shareholders of Class A. Class B shares are not freely traded. Each share, whether of Class A or Class B, is entitled to one vote.

In 2022 SES acquired 12 million class A Shares and 6 million class B shares from SES Astra S.A., purchased under the share buy-back programme executed between May and August 2021. Following the acquisition, SES proceeded with a cancellation of these shares and a reduction of its share capital by EUR 22.5 million to EUR 696.5 million, represented by a total of 557,186,400 million shares and a reduction of its share premium account by EUR 57.9 million to EUR 1,832.3 million (2021: EUR 1,890.2 million).

The movement between the opening and closing number of shares issued per class of share can be summarised as follows:

	Class A shares	Class B shares	Total shares
As at 1 January 2022	383,457,600	191,728,800	575,186,400
Reduction of shares during the year	(12,000,000)	(6,000,000)	(18,000,000)
As at 31 December 2022	371,457,600	185,728,800	557,186.400
	Class A shares	Class B shares	Total shares
As at 1 January 2021	383,457,600	191,728,800	575,186,400
As at 31 December 2021	383,457,600	191,728,800	575,186,400

Note 8 – Legal reserve

In accordance with Luxembourg legal requirements, a minimum of 5% of the annual net profit is transferred to a legal reserve. This requirement is satisfied when the reserve reaches 10% of the issued share capital. This reserve may not be distributed.

Note 9 – Reserve for own shares

In accordance with the Law, the Company has created a non-distributable "reserve for own shares" of EUR 40.0 million (2021: EUR 54.0 million), corresponding to the balance of the own shares held as of year end.

Acquisition of treasury shares

SES has historically, in agreement with its shareholders, purchased FDRs in connection with executives' and employees' share-based payments plans, as well as for cancellation.

Note 10 – Creditors

a) Debenture loans - Non convertible loans

The maturity profile of notes and bonds is as follows as at 31 December 2022.

€million	Interest rate	Maturity	2022
Creditors - Financial liabilities		-	
a) Debenture loans - Non convertible loans			
becoming due and payable within one year			778.0
Non-convertible bonds due >1 Y: Accrued interest			74.8
144A Bond USD 750.0 million (2023)	3.60%	April-23	703.2
becoming due and payable between 2 and 5 years			1,690.0
German Bond issue of EUR 150.0 million (2024)	Floating	June-24	150.0
German Bond issue of EUR 250.0 million (2025)	1.71%	December-25	250.0
EUR 650 million Eurobond (2026)	1.625%	March-26	650.0
EUR 140.0 million Private Placement (2027)	4.00%	May-27	140.0
EUR 500 million Eurobond (2027)	0.875%	November-27	500.0
becoming due and payable after 5 years			2,609.4
EUR 750 million Eurobond (2029)	3.50 %	January-29	750.0
144A Bond USD 250.0 million (2043)	5.30%	April-43	234.4
German Bond issue of EUR 50.0 million (2032)	4.00%	November-32	50.0
EUR 550 million deeply subordinated fixed rate resettable securities	5.625%	N/A*	550.0
EUR 625 million deeply subordinated fixed rate resettable securities	2.875%	N/A**	625.0
EUR 400 million Eurobond (2028)	2.00%	July-28	400.0

* First reset date January 2024

** First reset date August 2026

Note 10 – Creditors (continued)

a) Debenture loans - Non convertible loans (continued)

The maturity profile of notes and bonds is as follows as at 31 December 2021.

€million	Interest rate	Maturity	2021
Creditors - Financial liabilities			
a) Debenture loans - Non convertible loans			
becoming due and payable within one year			65.9
Non-convertible bonds due >1 Y: Accrued interest			65.9
becoming due and payable between 2 and 5 years			1,712.2
144A Bond USD 750.0 million (2023)	3.60%	April-23	662.2
German Bond issue of EUR 150.0 million (2024)	Floating	June-24	150.0
German Bond issue of EUR 250.0 million (2025)	1.71%	December-25	250.0
EUR 650 million Eurobond (2026)	1.625%	March-26	650.0
becoming due and payable after 5 years			2,927.2
EUR 140.0 million Private Placement (2027)	4.00%	May-27	140.0
144A Bond USD 250.0 million (2043)	5.30%	April-43	220.7
144A Bond USD 500.0 million (2044)	5.30%	March-44	441.5
German Bond issue of EUR 50.0 million (2032)	4.00%	November-32	50.0
EUR 550 million deeply subordinated fixed rate resettable securities	5.625%	N/A*	550.0
EUR 625 million deeply subordinated fixed rate resettable securities	2.875%	N/A**	625.0
EUR 500 million Eurobond (2027)	0.875%	November-27	500.0
EUR 400 million Eurobond (2028)	2.00%	July-28	400.0

* First reset date January 2024

** First reset date August 2026

European Medium-Term Note Programme ('EMTN Programme')

SES has an EMTN Programme enabling SES, or SES Global Americas Holdings Inc., to issue as and when required notes up to a maximum aggregate amount of EUR 4,000 million. As at 31 December 2022, SES had issued EUR 2,440 million (2021: EUR 1,690 million) under the programme with maturities ranging from 2023 to 2029.

Note 10 – Creditors (continued)

a) Debenture loans - Non convertible loans (continued)

EUR 750.0 million Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities (2022)

In June 2016, SES issued EUR 750.0 million Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities ('perpetual bond') at a coupon of 4.625% to the first call date, a price of 99.666% and a yield of 4.7%. SES was entitled to call the securities on 2 January 2022 and on subsequent coupon payment dates.

In May 2021, SES announced a capped tender offer for its outstanding EUR 750 million 4.625% perpetual bond at a fixed purchase yield of -0.10% to refinance the existing perpetual bond callable in January 2022 in advance of the first call date. The tender offer was accepted by the required number of bondholders such that the Company was able to repurchase 84.5% of the existing bonds on 28 May 2021 at a price representing 102.838% of nominal value, and the remaining 15.5% at par, with a settlement date of 30 June 2021.

EUR 550.0 million Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities (2024)

In November 2016, SES issued a second perpetual bond of EUR 550.0 million at a coupon of 5.625% to the first call date, a price of 99.304% and a yield of 5.75%. SES is entitled to call the second perpetual bond in January 2024 and on subsequent coupon payment dates.

EUR 625.0 million Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities

In May 2021 the Company issued further Deeply Subordinated Fixed Rate Resettable Securities for an amount of EUR 625 million, with a first reset date on 27 August 2026. The securities bear a coupon of 2.875% per annum and were priced at 99.409% of their nominal value.

EUR 650 million Eurobond (2026)

In 2018 SES issued a EUR 500 million 8-year bond under the Company's EMTN Programme. On the 22 June 2021 SES announced the successful lunch and pricing of a tap of its 1.625% Notes in which it agreed to sell incremental senior unsecured fixed rate notes for a total amount of EUR 150 million. The new notes were priced at 106.665% of their nominal value. The bond bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.625% and has a final maturity date on 22 March 2026.

EUR 500 million Eurobond (2027)

In November 2019 SES issued a EUR 500 million bond under the EMTN Programme. The bond has an 8-year maturity and bears interest at a fixed rate of 0.875% with final maturity in November 2027.

EUR 400 million Eurobond (2028)

In July 2020, SES issued a EUR 400 million bond under the Company's EMTN Programme. The bond bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.00% and has a final maturity date in July 2028.

Note 10 – Creditors (continued)

a) Debenture loans - Non convertible loans (continued)

EUR 750 million Eurobond (2029)

In June 2022 SES issued a EUR 750 million bond under the EMTN Programme. The bond bears interest at a fixed rate of 3.50% and has a final maturity date in January 2029.

EUR 140 million Private Placement (2027)

In 2012 SES issued three individual tranches of a total EUR 140 million Private Placement under the Company's EMTN Programme to ING Bank N.V.. The Private Placement has a 15-year term, beginning in May 2012, and bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.00%.

German bond issue of EUR 50 million (2032)

In 2012 the Company issued EUR 50 million in the German bond ('Schuldschein') market. The German bond bears a fixed interest rate of 4.00% and matures in November 2032.

German bond issue of EUR 400 million (2024/2025)

In 2018 the Company issued a EUR 400 million bond in the German bond ('Schuldschein') market. The transaction comprised two tranches: a EUR 150 million tranche with a floating interest rate of a six-month EURIBOR plus a margin of 0.8% and a final maturity date in June 2024; and, a EUR 250 million tranche with a fixed interest rate of 1.71% and a final maturity date in December 2025.

144A Bond USD 750 million (2023)

In 2013 SES issued a USD 750 million 10-year bond in the US 144A bond market with a coupon of 3.60% and a final maturity in April 2023.

144A Bond USD 250 million (2043)

In 2013 SES issued a USD 250 million 30-year bond in the US 144A bond market with a coupon of 5.30% and a final maturity date in April 2043.

144A Bond USD 500 million (2044)

In 2014 SES Global Americas Holdings Inc. completed a 144A offering in the US market issuing for a USD 500 million 30-year bond with a coupon of 5.30% and a final maturity date in March 2044 (see Note 3).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.

Note 10 – Creditors (continued)

b) Amounts owed to credit institutions

There were no amounts owed to credit institutions as of 31 December 2022. Amounts owed to credit institutions as of 31 December 2021 were:

Creditors - Financial liabilities			2021
	Interest rate	Maturity	€million
b) amounts owed to credit institutions			
becoming due and payable within one year			40.2
COFACE facility	EURIBOR +1.70%	various in 2022	40.2

Syndicated Loan Facility 2019

The facility is provided by 19 banks and is structured as a 5-year multi-currency revolving credit facility. In 2021 the Company extended the Termination date from 26 June 2025 to 26 June 2026. The facility is for EUR 1,200 million and the interest payable is linked to a ratings grid. At the current SES credit rating of BBB/ Baa2, the interest rate is 40 basis points over EURIBOR/LIBOR. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, nothing was drawn under this facility.

European Investment Bank ('EIB') Financing Facility EUR 300 million (2029)

On 16 December 2022 SES signed a seven-year facility with the EIB to support the funding of three fully-digital satellites serving the Western Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The facility is available for disbursement at fixed or floating rates linked to a ratings grid. At the current SES credit rating of BBB/ Baa2 this equates to 0.34% per annum over EURIBOR (in the case of a floating rate) or over a base rate as determined by the EIB (in case of fixed rate). As at 31 December 2022 no amount has been drawn under this facility.

EUR 522.9 million COFACE facility

In 2009 SES signed a financing agreement with the Compagnie Française d'Assurance pour le Commerce Extérieur ('Coface') in respect of the investment in four geostationary satellites (ASTRA 2E, ASTRA 2F, ASTRA 2G, ASTRA 5B). The facility is divided into five loans. Drawings under the facility were associated with invoices from the suppliers of the satellites.

The first drawing was made in April 2010 and all loan tranches were fully drawn by November 2014. Each Coface tranche is repayable in 17 equal semi-annual instalments where Coface A had a final maturity date of 1 August 2022, Coface F matured on 21 May 2021. SES opted to execute voluntary prepayment clauses pursuant to the Agreement and repaid the remaining outstanding amount of Coface tranche B in November 2017 and of Coface C and D in April 2022 (contractual maturity in October 2022). The entire facility bore interest at a floating rate of six-month EURIBOR plus a margin of 1.7%.

European commercial paper programme

In 2012 SES incepted a joint EUR 1,000.0 million guaranteed European commercial paper programme of SES S.A. and SES Global Americas Holdings Inc.. Issuances under the programme represent senior unsecured obligations of the issuer and are guaranteed by the non-issuing entity. The programme is rated by Moody's Investors Services and FitchRatuings and is compliant with the standards set out in the STEP Market Convention. On 9 July 2021, this programme was updated and extended. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no borrowings were outstanding under this programme.

Note 10 – Creditors (continued)

b) Amounts owed to credit institutions (continued)

Negotiable European Commercial Paper "NEU CP" (former French Commercial paper programme)

In 2005 SES put in place a EUR 500 million 'NEU CP' programme in accordance with articles L.213-1 to L213-4 of the French Monetary and Financial Code and article 6 of the order of 30 May 2016 and subsequent amendments. The maximum outstanding amount of 'NEU CP' issuable under the programme is EUR 500 million or its counter value at the date of issue in any other authorised currency. In June 2022 the programme was extended for a further year. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, no borrowings were outstanding under this programme.

c) Amounts owed to affiliated undertakings

Amounts owed to affiliated undertakings of EUR 2,176.9 million (2021: EUR 2,214.1 million) include the following:

€million	2022	2021
Current accounts	1,948.4	1,626.8
Long term loans (payable within one year)	40.5	-
Long term loans (payable between 2 and 5 years)	188.0	587.3
Long term loans (payable after five years)	-	-
Total	2,176.9	2,214.1

"Current accounts" are linked to the daily cash pooling mechanism and represent short-term debts bearing interest at market rates. The daily cash pooling mechanism supports the liquidity of the Group and the optimisation of its funding costs.

Following the conversion of SES Global Americas Holdings GP in April 2022 from a partnership into a separate legal entity, current accounts of EUR 217.5 million and a loan of USD 600.4 million (EUR 569.3 million) from SES Americom Inc. with a maturity date of March 2024 and bearing interest at a rate of 3.7%, were deemed disposed of by the Company (see Note 3).

As at 31 December 2022, long-term loans included:

- A loan of SEK 450.3 million (EUR 40.5 million) from SES Astra AB with a maturity date of November 2023 and bearing interest at a rate of 0.72%.
- A loan issued in 2022 of USD 200.5 million (EUR 188.0 million) from New Skies Satellites B.V. with a maturity date of December 2027 and bearing interest at a rate of 3.01%.

Note 11 – Other creditors

Acquisition of SES mPower medium-Earth orbit ('MEO') constellation

In September 2017, the Company, jointly with O3b Networks Limited, entered as 'Procurement Agents' into a Master Procurement Agency and Option Agreement with a financial institution in connection with the procurement by that financial institution of seven MEO satellites from The Boeing Company.

Under the satellite Purchase and Sale agreement between the financial institution and The Boeing Company, seven satellites were procured. At the end of the satellite construction period, SES has the right to acquire, or lease, the satellites from the financial institution or to direct their sale to a third-party. SES has the right to nominate the entity within the SES Group which will acquire or lease those assets shortly before the end of the construction period. This entity is currently defined as being SES mPower S.à r.l. in Luxembourg and to this end the Company entered into a forward sale agreement with that entity in May 2018 whereby as the satellite construction process proceeds, and the Procurement Agents confirm that construction milestones are achieved, the underlying asset-under-construction is transferred by the Company to that entity against an intercompany receivable.

Since the underlying Satellite Purchase and Sale Agreement is directly between the financial institution and The Boeing Company, there is no contractual obligation on the side of the Procurement Agents during the satellite construction process. However, SES management has taken the view that there is a constructive obligation arising over the construction period and hence the SES Group is accruing the programme costs.

In August 2020 the Company exercised its option to procure four additional mPower satellites. At the end of the construction period for the four satellites, foreseen in the 2023 – 2024 time frame, the Company will again have the right to acquire, or lease, the satellites from the financial institution or to direct their sale to a third-party.

In September 2022, SES acquired the first six mPower satellites from the financial institution.

As at 31 December 2022 an amount of EUR 456.3 million (2021: EUR 981.8 million), corresponding to the constructive obligation of the Company towards the financial institution procuring the satellites, was recorded under the caption 'Other creditors – becoming due and payable within one year' with a futher EUR 259.1 million presented under the caption 'Other creditors – becoming due and payable after one year'.

The corresponding amounts due to the Company from SES mPower S.à r.l. under the forward purchase agreement were disclosed on the balance sheet under the caption 'Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings – becoming due and payable within one year' (EUR 197.2 million) and 'Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings – becoming due and payable after one year' (EUR 259.1 million) - see also Note 5.

Note 11 – Other creditors (continued)

Other Creditors as at 31 December consist of:

€million	2022	2021
Becoming due and payable within one year		
SES mPower acquisition	197.2	704.2
Personnel-related accruals	5.8	7.6
Total	203.0	711.8
Becoming due and payable after one year SES mPower acquisition	259.1	277.6
Total	259.1	277.6

Note 12 – Other operating income and other external expenses

Other operating income of EUR 17.8 million (2021: EUR 27.3 million) consists mainly of intra-group recharge income from advisory support services rendered to various affiliates.

Other external expenses of EUR 27.5 million (2021: EUR 28.8 million) consists mainly of intragroup recharge expenses for advisory support services rendered to the Company by various affiliates.

Note 13 – Staff costs

As at 31 December 2022, the number of full-time equivalent employees was 113 (2021: 102) and the average number of employees in the workforce for 2022 was 108 (2021: 101).

The average number of employees staff by functional area is as follows:

	2022	2021
Finance	43	40
Strategy and Product	15	7
People and Culture	14	14
Legal	13	12
Global Services	7	5
Corporate Development	7	7
Internal Audit	4	4
General Management	2	8
Technology	2	3
Sales Networks and Video	1	1
Total	108	101

Note 13 – Staff costs (continued)

Staff costs can be analysed as follows:

€million	2022	2021
Wages and salaries	16.2	15.6
Social security costs relating to pension	1.8	1.7
Other social security costs	(0.2)	0.6
Other staff costs	0.1	0.1
Total	17.9	18.0

Note 14 – Income from participating interest

Income from participating interest concerning affiliated undertakings consists of the following:

€million	2022	2021
Dividends received SES Finance S.à r.l	4.0	1,887.3
Dividends received SES Astra S.A.	545.0	-
Dividends received SES Astra A.B.	-	6.4
Dividends received SES Participations S.A.	14.0	-
Dividends received SES Holdings Netherland B.V.	96.4	-
Dividends received SES Astra Services Europe S.A.	25.0	-
Dividends received on own shares	3.6	3.1
Total	688.0	1,896.8

Note 15 - Income from other investments and loans forming part of fixed assets

Income from other investments and loans forming part of fixed assets comprise the following:

€million	2022	2021
Interest income from affiliated undertakings	90.8	85.0
Total	90.8	85.0

Note 16 – Other interest receivable and similar income

a) Derived from affiliated undertakings

Other interest receivable and similar income derived from affiliated undertakings of EUR 100.0 million (2021: EUR 40.5 million) represents interest income on intercompany current accounts. In 2022, the conversion of SES Global Americas Holdings GP generated a EUR 135.5 million gain on sale of the 144A Bond USD 500 million (2044) (see Note 3).

b) Other interest and similar income

€million	2022	2021
Interest income on bank accounts	0.7	0.1
Interest income on deposits	3.6	0.0
Foreign exchange gain	215.7	228.1
Gain on disposal on own shares	1.3	0.4
Total	221.3	228.6

Note 17 – Value adjustments in respect of financial assets and investments held as current assets

Value adjustments of financial assets and investments held as current assets were recorded in respect of:

€million	2022	2021
Shares in affiliated undertakings (Note 4)	213.5	2,186.7
Amounts owed by affiliated undertakings (Note 5)	(61.8)	62.0
Net loss on SES FDRs	7.0	3.5
Total	158.7	2,252.2

As at 31 December 2022 the Company recorded value adjustments in respect of shares in affiliated undertakings of EUR 213.5 million (2021: EUR 2,186.7) (see Note 4) and released value adjustments of EUR 61.8 million in respect of amounts owed by affiliated undertakings (2021: value adjustments of EUR 62.0 million) (see Note 5).

A net loss of EUR 7.0 million (2021: loss of EUR 3.5 million) was recorded on FDRs comprising a loss on disposals of EUR 7.4 million (2021: loss of EUR 3.9 million) and a revaluation gain on FDRs held as at 31 December 2022 of EUR 0.4 million (2021: EUR 0.4 million [loss]) to account for the FDRs at the lower of the weighted average cost and the market price. The price of the SES FDR listed on Euronext in Paris was EUR 6.09 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: EUR 6.97).

Note 18 – Interest payable and similar expenses

a) Derived from affiliated undertakings

€million	2022	2021
Interest charges on intercompany current accounts	54.4	29.5
Total	54.4	29.5

b) Other interest and similar expenses

Other interest and similar financial expenses include the following:

€million	2022	2021
Interest charges on loans and bank accounts	179.9	186.7
Loan fees and origination costs	4.7	31.0
Foreign exchange loss	158.2	157.3
Total	342.8	375.0

Note 19 – Audit fees

Art. 65 Paragraph (1) 16° of the Law requires the disclosure of the independent auditor fees. In conformity with the Law these details have been omitted as the Company prepares consolidated accounts in which this information is disclosed, and these consolidated accounts and the related consolidated management report and auditors' report thereon have been lodged with the Luxembourg Trade Registry.

Note 19 – Audit fees (continued)

Fees incurred in connection with other assurance and non-audit services rendered to the Company and its controlled undertakings as defined by the Regulation (EU) N°537/2014 amounted to EUR 34,850 (2021: EUR 88,000) and represented comfort letters issued in connection to the Company's treasury funding operations.

Note 20 – Board of Directors' remuneration

Total payments to directors for attendance at board and committee meetings in 2022 amounted to EUR 1.1 million (2021: EUR 1.1 million). These payments are computed on a fixed and variable basis, the variable part being based upon attendance at board and committee meetings.

Note 21 – Off balance sheet commitments

Capital commitments

On 11 September 2017, SES S.A., jointly with O3b Networks Limited, entered as Procurement Agents into a Master Procurement Agency and Option Agreement with a financial institution in connection with the procurement by that financial institution of seven medium-Earth orbit satellites from The Boeing Company. In August 2020 the company exercised its option to procured an additional four satellites. In September 2022, SES acquired six of the initial seven satellites. The outstanding commitment of the Company in respect of the related contracted capital expenditure as at 31 December 2022 was EUR 21.9 million (2021: EUR 55.0 million).

Guarantees

On 31 December 2022 the Company had outstanding bank guarantees provided for an amount of EUR 71.8 million (2021: EUR 66.8 million) with respect to performance and warranty guarantees for services of satellite operations.

Parental guarantees

SES S.A. issued a letter of guarantee to three of its subsidiaries to provide sufficient financial support to meet its obligations in full for at least two years after the issuance date of the 31 December 2022 standalone financial statements of the subsidiary.

Litigation

SES S.A. is not currently subject to any material legal proceedings or litigation arising in the normal course of business.

Note 22 – Subsequent events

There were no significant events between the balance sheet date and the approval of the annual accounts which would have influenced the results of the Company as at 31 December 2022.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the annual accounts.



Annual General Meeting

7 Approval of the balance sheet as of 31 December 2022 and of the 2022 profit and loss accounts

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting to approve the annual accounts and the consolidated annual accounts as shown under agenda item 6 "Presentation of the audit report".

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

7 Approbation du bilan au 31 décembre 2022 et du compte de profits et pertes pour l'exercice 2022

Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée d'approuver les comptes annuels et les comptes consolidés comme indiqués sous le point 6 de l'ordre du jour « Présentation du rapport du réviseur d'entreprises ».

8 Allocation of 2022 profits and transfer between reserve accounts

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting to approve the allocation of the 2022 statutory net income of SES in accordance with enclosed tables entitled "Allocation of 2022 net income".

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

8 Affectation du résultat net de l'exercice 2022 et transferts entre comptes de réserves

Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée d'approuver l'affectation du résultat net de l'exercice 2022 de SES conformément aux indications figurant dans les tableaux ci-joint, intitulés, « Affectation du résultat net de l'exercice 2022 ».

SES^{*}

SES^{*}

Agenda item 8: Allocation of 2022 net income/Affectation du résultat net de l'exercice

Iexercice			EUR
2022 statutory net profit of SES S.A. (unconsolida	ated) available for divide	nd	646,896,758.86
Statutory release (to) / from Legal Reserve 1 Available for distribution after transfer from Legal	I Reserve		646,896,758.86
Payment of a dividend under Article 31: Ordinary A shares Ordinary B shares Total	Shares 371,457,600 185,728,800	Dividend 0.500 0.200	-185,728,800.00 -37,145,760.00 -222,874,560.00
Transfer to / (from) "Other Reserves"			424,022,198.86
Undistributed 2022			0.00

In accordance with Luxembourg legal requirements, a minimum of 5% of the gearly net profit is transferred to a Legal Reserve from which distribution is restricted. This
requirement is satisfied when the reserve reaches 10% of the issued share capital.

SES^{*}

Agenda item 8: Allocation of 2022 net income/Affectation du résultat net de l'exercice

Movement on "Other Reserves"	EUR
	2,172,163,027,57
"Other Reserves" before proposed transfer	
Transfer from 2022 net profit	424,022,198.86
Transfer from Legal Reserve	2,250,000.00
"Other Reserves" after proposed transfer	2,598,435,226.43

Shareholders are specifically asked to note and confirm that a cumulative amount of EUR 40.0 million has been transferred to a nondistributable reserve within "Other reserves" in connection with holdings of own shares (2021: EUR 54.0 million)

2022 Consolidated net loss available for the shareholders of SES S.A.

Management and Maran Decomon	
Movement on "Legal Reserve"	71,898,300.00
"Legal Reserves" before proposed transfer	-2.250,000,00
Transfer to / (from) "Legal reserves" (2022)	69.648.300.00
"Legal Reserves" after proposed transfer - 10% of Subscribed Capital	for some of the second s
Note: Subscribed Capital of SES S.A. is	696,483,000.00

-34,466,798.84



9 Discharge of the members of the Board of Directors

Draft resolution

According to article 27 of the Articles of Association, the Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting to give discharge to the members of the Board.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

9 Décharge à donner aux administrateurs

Projet de résolution

Conformément à l'article 27 des statuts, le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée de donner décharge aux administrateurs.



10 Determination of the number of directors

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to maintain the size of the Board at 11 directors (7 representing the shareholders of class A and 4 representing the shareholders of class B), it being understood that an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders called, if appropriate, at any time before the next ordinary general meeting, may vote on the increase of the size of the Board and proceed with the election of a new director.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

10 Fixation du nombre d'administrateurs

Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée de maintenir la taille du Conseil d'administration à 11 administrateurs (7 représentant les actionnaires A et 4 représentant les actionnaires B), étant entendu qu'une assemblée générale extraordinaire appelée à tout moment avant la tenue de la prochaine assemblée générale ordinaire, pourra au besoin voter sur une augmentation de la taille du Conseil d'administration et procéder à l'élection d'un nouvel administrateur.

11 Confirmation of the co-optation of a Director and determination of the term

Draft resolution

At its meeting of 24 February 2023, the Board of Directors decided to co-opt Fabienne Bozet in lieu of Béatrice de Clermont-Tonnerre. The Shareholders are asked to confirm the co-optation of Fabienne Bozet and elect her for a two-year mandate.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

11 Confirmation de la co-optation d'un administrateur et fixation de son mandat

Projet de résolution

Dans sa réunion du 24 février 2023, le Conseil d'administration a décidé de co-opter Fabienne Bozet en lieu et place de Béatrice de Clermont-Tonnerre. Il est proposé à l'Assemblée de confirmer la co-optation de Fabienne Bozet et de l'élire pour un mandat de deux ans.



Short bio of the candidate proposed for co-optation:

Fabienne Bozet (A-shareholder representative)

Mrs. Bozet was co-opted as Director on 24 February 2023. She is also a member of SES' Audit and Risk Committee.

She is the former CEO and Board member delegated to daily management of Circuit Foil a leading copper foil producer. Since January 2023 she is senior advisor to the new CEO of CircuitFoil. She served as board member in IEE and currently serves as board member in No Nail Boxes of the Alipa Group, Detaille aux Prés, a family business and HEC Liège. She is a member of Women on Board and ILA.

Mrs. Bozet holds a Master in Business Engineering from HEC Liège.

Mrs. Bozet is a Belgian national. She is an independent director.



Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

12 Nomination de cinq administrateurs pour une durée de trois ans

Projet de résolutions

Le Conseil d'Administration propose à l'Assemblée d'élire les Administrateurs suivants pour une durée de trois ans :

Frank Esser Ramu Potarazu Kaj-Erik Relander Jacques Thill Anne-Catherine Ries

Basé sur les propositions du Conseil d'administration, le Conseil serait composé des 11 administrateurs suivants (six hommes et cinq femmes) :

Pour les actionnaires A (tous indépendants) : Fabienne Bozet, Dr. Jennifer Coyle Byrne, Frank Esser, Ramu Potarazu, Kaj-Erik Relander, Peter van Bommel, Katrin Wehr-Seiter.

Pour les actionnaires B : Carlo Fassbinder, Anne-Catherine Ries, Jacques Thill, Françoise Thoma.

12 Election of five Directors for a three-year term

Draft resolutions

The Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting that that the following candidates should be re-elected as Directors for a three-year term:

Frank Esser Ramu Potarazu Kaj-Erik Relander Jacques Thill Anne-Catherine Ries

Based on the proposals from the Board of Directors, the Board would be composed of the following 11 Directors (six men and five women):

For the A-shareholders (all of them independent): Fabienne Bozet, Dr. Jennifer Coyle Byrne, Frank Esser, Ramu Potarazu, Kaj-Erik Relander, Peter van Bommel, Katrin Wehr-Seiter.

For the B-shareholders: Carlo Fassbinder, Anne-Catherine Ries, Jacques Thill, Françoise Thoma.



Short bios of the candidates proposed for election:

Frank Esser (A-shareholders)

Mr. Esser became a Director on 11 February 2020 and is the Chairman of the SES Board of Directors. He is a member of the Nomination Committee and of the Remuneration Committee of SES.

He is the former Chairman and CEO of SFR, the leading private French Telecom Operator. In this function he also served as Board Member of Vivendi Group. Prior to joining SFR, Mr. Esser held several managerial positions with Mannesmann group. He also serves as Vice Chair of Swisscom.

Mr. Esser holds a PhD in Managerial Economics and an MS in Economics both from the University of Cologne.

Mr. Esser is a German national. He is an independent director.

Ramu Potarazu (A-shareholders)

Mr. Potarazu became a Director on 20 February 2014. He is a member of the Remuneration Committee of SES.

He was the CEO of Binary Fountain. He is the Founder and former CEO of Vubiquity. Prior to founding Vubiquity, Mr. Potarazu spent 15 years in various positions at Intelsat (1991–2006). He became Intelsat's Vice President of Operations and CIO in 1996 and its Vice President, Commercial Restructuring in 2000. In 2001 Mr. Potarazu became President of Intelsat Global Service Corporation and from 2002 to 2006 he was President and Chief Operating Officer of Intelsat Ltd. Prior to joining Intelsat, Mr. Potarazu held several engineering positions.

Mr. Potarazu graduated with a BS in Computer Science and in Mathematics from the Oklahoma Christian University. He also holds an MSc in Electrical Engineering from the John Hopkins University and was a member of the Stanford Executive Program.

Mr. Potarazu is a US national. He is an independent director.

SES^{*}

Kaj-Erik Relander (A-shareholders)

Mr. Relander became a Director on 6 April 2017. He is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee and of the Nomination Committee of SES.

Mr. Relander worked for the Finnish National Fund for Research and Development prior to joining Sonera Corporation where he held several management positions, including the position of CEO. He left Sonera in 2001 to join Accel Partners, a private equity and venture capital group before joining the Emirates Investment Authority in 2009 where he was a member of its Investment and Management Committee. Since 2014 he has been a private investor and board director.

Mr. Relander is a board member of the sovereign wealth fund of ADQ and ADGM, Abu Dhabi Global Markets, Louis Dreyfuss Company and Acino. He is Chairman of the Investment Committee at the private equity fund Apis.pe and a board director of Starzplay Arabia.

Mr. Relander graduated from the Helsinki School of Economics with an MSC in Economics. He also holds an MBA from the Helsinki School of Economics having completed part of it at the Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania (USA), and studied also for a PhD at the Wharton School and the Aalto University, Helsinki.

Mr. Relander is a Finnish national. He is an independent director.

Jacques Thill (B-shareholders)

Mr. Thill became a Director on 2 December 2021. He is a member of the Nomination Committee of SES.

Mr. Thill currently serves as First Government Advisor to the Prime Minister and Coordinator at the Luxembourg Prime Minister's Office. Since 2018 he is also the Government Delegate to the State Intelligence Service. Mr. Thill joined the Luxembourg diplomatic service in 2004 and has represented Luxembourg in numerous bi- and multilateral negotiations. His diplomatic career includes postings to the Luxembourg Permanent Representation to the United Nations in New York and to the Luxembourg Embassy in Moscow, as well as to the EU High Representative for the Common Foreign and Security Policy at the Council of the European Union in Brussels. From 2009 to 2013, Mr. Thill served as diplomatic advisor to the Prime Minister. In 2013, he was appointed Deputy Secretary General of the Luxembourg Government, before becoming Secretary General of the Board of Directors of LUXGOVSAT S.A.

Mr. Thill holds a Master in European and International Law from the Paris 1 Panthéon-Sorbonne University and an MA in European Political and Administrative Studies from the College of Europe in Bruges where he specialized in European Competition Law and European Foreign Policy.

Mr. Thill is a Luxembourg national. He is not an independent director because he represents an important shareholder.



Anne-Catherine Ries (B-shareholders)

Mrs. Ries became a Director on 1 January 2015 and is Vice-Chairperson of the SES Board of Directors.

Mrs. Ries is currently First Government Advisor to the Prime Minister and Minister for Media and Telecommunications in Luxembourg, in charge of media, telecom and digital policy. Prior to this appointment in 2019, her focus over the last two decades has consistently been on developing the tech and digital innovation ecosystem in Luxembourg, i.a. through the launch of the "Digital Luxembourg" initiative in 2014. She joined the Luxembourg civil service after starting her professional career at an American law firm in Paris.

Mrs. Ries holds a law degree from the University of Paris II and the University of Oxford, and a postgraduate LL.M degree from the London School of Economics.

Mrs. Ries is a Luxembourg and French national. She is not an independent director because she represents an important shareholder.



13 Approval of the Remuneration Policy

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting to approve the following Remuneration Policy which has been drawn up and approved by the Board.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

13 Approbation de la Politique de Rémunération

Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée d'approuver la Politique de Rémunération établie et approuvée par le Conseil.

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	OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esc) report	CORPORATE Governance & Remuneration	CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements	SES S.A. ADDITIONAL ANNUAL INFORMATION ACCOUNTS	N.
	REMUNERATIO	REMUNERATION POLICY & REPORT	ORT			
	PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE REMUNERATION POLICY	OF THE Y	in other companies and be relative to the pay and employment conditions of the employees of the Company.	ay and employment	A Director can be revoked at any moment by the shareholders. There is no notice period for a Director.	There
	The purpose of the present Policy is to describe the remuneration paid by the Company to the Directors and to the members of its	The purpose of the present Policy is to describe the remuneration paid by the Company to the Directors and to the members of its	REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS	S	The maximum tenure on the Board is limited to 12 years (generally four terms of 3 years each).	erally
	 Executive Committee (SLT members). It describes: How it contributes to the Company's objectives relating t business strategy and long-term interests and sustainability; The different components of remuneration, including all bon 	 Executive Committee (SLT members). It describes: How it contributes to the Company's objectives relating to its business strategy and long-term interests and sustainability; The different components of remuneration, including all bonuses 	The remuneration granted to Directors consists of a fixed annual fee, and a fee per Board or committee meeting attended as described below.	of a fixed annual fee, tended as described	The age limit of the Directors is set at 72 years. Any Director who reaches this age during his/her mandate will resign at the Annual General Assembly (AGM) following this date	· who
	and other benefits in whatever form, if any, awarded to I and SLT members and indicates their relative proportion;The duration of the contracts or arrangements with the I	and other benefits in whatever form, if any, awarded to Directors and SLT members and indicates their relative proportion; The duration of the contracts or arrangements with the Directors	All these fees are net of any Luxembourgish withholding taxes on directors' fees. Board members do not receive any stock options, nor do they receive any bonus.	vithholding taxes on ny stock options, nor	REMUNERATION OF SLT MEMBERS	
	and SLT members, the applicabl teristics of supplementary pensic	and SLT members, the applicable notice periods, the main charac- teristics of supplementary pension or early retirement schemes and	Fixed remuneration per year		The remuneration of SLT members comprises the following two major components:	major
	 the terms of, and payments linked to, termination; and The decision-making process followed for the determine 	the terms of, and payments linked to, termination; and The decision-making process followed for the determination. review	The fixed component of the remuneration amounts to ϵ 40,000 per vear whereas the Vice Chairpersons each receive an annual fixed fee	unts to €40,000 per e an annual fixed fee	 The compensation package which consists of a Yearly base salary ("YBS") Annual bonus ("AR") and Long-term equity ("TE"), and 	salary
	and implementation of the Polic manage conflicts of interests an	and implementation of the Policy, including measures to avoid or manage conflicts of interests and, where applicable, the role of the	of \pounds 48,000 and the Chairperson receives a fee of \pounds 100,000 per year.	of €100,000 per year.	 The benefits including, but not limited to, company car or car allowance pension and health care plans and death and disability. 	eriu r car hility
	Remuneration Committee and the Board; • The procedural conditions under which :	Remuneration Committee and the Board; The procedural conditions under which any derogation from the	Any Director chairing one of the committees set up by the Board (if not the Chairperson of the Board) receives an annual fee of $\epsilon 8,000.$	set up by the Board annual fee of €8,000.	insurance.	61112
	Policy can be applied as well as which a derogation is possible.	Policy can be applied as well as the elements of the Policy from which a derogation is possible.	The Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee (if not the Chairperson of the Board) receives an annual fee of €9,600.	ot the Chairperson of	In line with the Charter of the Remuneration Committee of the Company, remuneration matters of the SLT members are decided by	of the ded by
	THE REMUNERATION POLICY	OLICY	Remuneration per meeting		the Board after review and recommendations from the Remuneration Committee.	ation
5055	The Company must attract suitable Directors and SLT members to continue its success and remuneration is one of the enablers to fulfil	e Directors and SLT members to ation is one of the enablers to	Directors receive €1,600 for each Board meeting or Board committee meeting they attend, except for the Audit and Risk Committee for which a fee of €1920 ner meeting is naid	g or Board committee Risk Committee for	Yearly Base Salary ("YBS") The have calary of the CEO ac woll on of other SUT mombars in	
тяоч	this goal.		The terms of the Directore		reviewed by the Remuneration Committee in its first ordinary meeting	eting
INAL RE	Remuneration must reflect the degree of required qualifications and experience of the Directors and SLT members, the risks that they take	Remuneration must reflect the degree of required qualifications and experience of the Directors and SLT members, the risks that they take	In general, the Company's directors are elected for terms of three years. If a Director leaves the Board during his/her term, the Company	ed for terms of three er term, the Company	on the year, the board has the suthority, bestdes the legally required cost of living adjustments (i.e. Luxemburg index), to adjust the YBS of the CEO and other SLT members.	egally idjust
NNA S	personally, and honour the dedication and efforts that the Directors and SLT members put into the Company. The Remuneration must	tion and efforts that the Directors ompany. The Remuneration must	may co-opt a Director to finish that mandate.			

also be consistent when compared to remunerations for similar roles

5 6 Ses s.a. additional Annual information Accounts	For confidentiality purposes, the details of the annual targets will be reported at the end of each performance year in the annual Remu- neration Report. Long-Term Equity ("LTE") The LTF is regulated by the Fourity Based Compensation Plan (EBCP).	The objective of the EBCP is to enhance the competitiveness of the Company and its affiliates in attracting and retaining the best global leadership talent, and to position the Company as a global employer of choice. Moreover, the EBCP is designed to ensure that SLT members become shareholders of the Company, feel a sense of ownership, and benefit from their contribution to increasing shareholder value.	To this end, the EBCP provides a framework for the grant or award of equity-based incentive compensation in the form of: • Restricted shares, representing one sixth of the LTE grant, • Performance shares, representing one half of the LTE grant and with a vesting which is subject to financial and ESG criteria and • Stock options, representing one third of the total LTE grant.	The annual grant is approved by the Board in its April meeting based on a recommendation from the Remuneration Committee. For SLT members, the annual LTE grant value ranges from 58% of		The number of restricted shares granted is determined by multiplying the relevant YBS with the applicable percentage and divided by an average of 15 days closing prices of the Company's FDRs at the Paris stock exchange, which is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee for each grant year
3 4 CORPORATE CONSOLIDATED COVERNANCE & FINANCIAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	 %). The budget targets for those me udget process and finally approved I performance pay-out is capped in the achievement and finally and with a nerformance the 	no compensation is paid, set at 88% achievement and as shown below: Finance performance pay-out table 160% 140%	120% 100% 80% 60% 40% 20%	0% 90% 100% 110% 120% Target achievement	The business objectives are set annually by the SES Board at the beginning of each year and are related to the strategic roadmap of the company. Achievement is measured at the end of each performance year by the Board, based on recommendations provided by the Remuneration	Committee. The pay-out for business objectives can be as low as 0% and is capped at 150% of the bonus target.
1 2 OPERATIONAL 2 & STRTEGIC SOCIAL & COVERNANCE DEPORT	w nominations as SLT member, remunerations are validated SES Board, on recommendations from the Remuneration ee. They are made on the basis of external benchmarks by compensation consultants while also considering degree ication and experience required as well as employment	CEO and other SLT me, that links annual icial results and its s established by the	Payout factor	AB achievements (financial results and performance against business objectives) are reported in the annual Remuneration Report. The AB target for SLT members ranges from 80% of the YBS to 100% of the YBS for the CEO.	0% of the AB (in other words ay-out capped at 150% of the sed of two parts: B}; and	 Business objectives (30% or the Ab). The financial performance measures the actual achievement The compared with budget for the following set of metrics with their at 1 respective weights: Revenue (40%), EBITDA (40%) and net operating

OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT

ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance

(ESG) REPORT

Performance Shares

Performance shares are FDRs granted to SLT members with vesting subject to achievement of financial and ESG criteria. The performance shares vest on 1 June of the third year following the year of the grant. The number of performance shares granted is determined by multiplying the relevant YBS with the applicable percentage and divided by the average 15 days measured share price.

TSR performance of a panel of comparable companies during the financial performance. It is measured on a relative basis to the median Total Shareholder Return ("TSR") is the metric retained to assess vesting period with:

- from 1 February 2026 to 30 April 2026 for 2023 grant, and retaining Share price at the end to be based on the average share price in the 3-month period February – April preceding the vesting date i.e., dealing days only
- With share price at the beginning to be based on the average share price during a 3-month period February - April of the grant year i.e., from 1 February 2023 to 30 April 2023 for 2023 grant and retaining dealing days only
- Measurement is based on Volume Weighted Average Price
- Outcome will be reviewed by the Remuneration Committee prior to the Share Vesting Date

neration Committee and is determined based on multiple factors such The comparator group is reviewed on an annual basis by the Remuas company size, business mix, geographic mix and TSR correlation. Starting with 2022 grant, the TSR comparator group consists of 16 companies, well balanced across Satellite, Media and European Telecom operators as well as other adjacent businesses:

GOVERNANCE & REMUNERATION CORPORATE

CONSOLIDATED **STATEMENTS** FINANCIAL

ACCOUNTS SES S.A. ANNUAL

in.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION 6

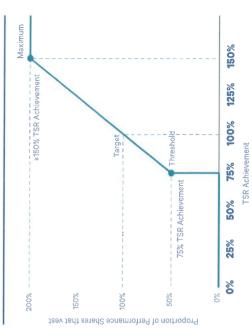
Performance Shares ratchet table

Gelenet Group

Eutolsat

ViaSat

SR Comparator Group



Millicom Internatiional Cellular

ProSiebenSat.1 Media

Britsh Telecom

Telesat

Orange

Proximus

EchoStar Communications

Royal Caribbean

Telefonica

Gilat

È

Carnival

RTL Group

Starting with 2023 grant, ESG will be included as a possible negative modifier to TSR ranging from 0 to -20% pending achievement of targeted reductions in CO₂ emissions and increase in the representaion of women in people manager roles. Outcome of TSR and ESG will be reported in the annual Remuneration Report. Unless otherwise specified by the Remuneration Committee, the Performance Shares will vest on the Share Vesting Date, subject to the Participant's continued employment with the Company or an Affiliate and to the following ratchet table which will apply to determine the proportion of Performance Shares that will vest:

Starting with 2023 equity grant, the payout range for vesting of performance shares is increased from 50-150% to 0-200%, thus removing the payout threshold and increasing the range between threshold and maximum performance for better alignment with market practices.

9	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	and Termination a permanent basis and employment ig to local regulations: mployment contract with an American employment contract with a Dutch employment contracts with the Com- idiary of the Company. ination, any unvested portion of out- cted and performance shares is imme- rited and performance shares is imme- ered and performance shares is imme- ered and performance shares is imme- ted and performance of a company due to nefitting from an immediate vesiting of ember can terminate the employment otice period. For the SLT member with in American subsidiary of the Company lates a notice period of 30 days in case ar, all members of the SLT are entitled termination without cause. The indem- nce payment, if any.	
Q	SES S.A. Annual Accounts	Employment, Resignation and Termination SLT members are hired on a permanent basis and employment contracts are drafted according to local regulations: . One SLT member has an employment contract with a Dutch subsidiary of the Company. . One SLT member has an employment contract with a Dutch subsidiary of the Company. . All other SLT members have employment contracts with the Com- pany or a Luxembourg subsidiary of the Company due to diately forfeited. This excludes members leaving the Company due to diately forfeited. This excludes members leaving the Company due to diately forfeited. This excludes members leaving the Company due to diately forfeited. This excludes members leaving the Company due to diately forfeited. This excludes members leaving the Company due to diately forfeited. This excludes members leaving the Company the to distability or for retirement, benefitting from an immediate vesting of all unvested equity. The Company and the SLT member can terminate the employment contract respecting the legal notice period. For the SLT member with an employment contract stipulates a notice period of 30 days in case of termination or resignation. With exception of one member, all members of the SLT are entitled to two years of YBS in case of termination without cause. The indem- nity includes statutory severance payment, if any.	
4	CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	Benefits The following key benefits are provided to SLT members, the amount of which is aligned with local practices: In the following key benefits are provided to SLT members, the amount of which is aligned with local practices: Pensions and health care plans: in Luxembourg, pension contributions of 7% up to the Social Security Ceiling (SSC) and 19% for the portion of salary above the SSC. The complementary pension scheme is a defined contribution scheme. In the US, restoration plans are in place to provide retirement benefits that supplement the tax-qualified, defined-contribution scheme. In the US, restoration plans are in place to provide retirement benefits that supplement the tax-qualified, defined-contribution is capped at 20.2% of the maximum pension-able salary: Health check-up: Death and disability insurances; and Company car or car allowances. In addition to the above, several SLT members benefit from tax support and reimbursement of education fees for dependent children support and reimbursement of education fees for dependent children support and reimbursement of education fees for dependent children	
m	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & Remuneration	Benefits The following key benefits are provided of which is aligned with local practices: Pensions and health care plans: in Lutions of 7% up to the Social Security portion of salary above the SSC. T scheme is a defined contribution scheme is a defined, defined-contribution scheme is a defined, defined-contribution subsection 401(K) of the United Statthe Netherlands, pension contributed subsection 401(K) of the United Statthe Netherlands, pension contribution subsection 401(K) of the United Statthe Netherlands, pension contributions able salary; Health check-up; Death and disability insurances; and Company car or car allowances. 	
N	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & governance (esg) report	Stock Options The stock option is a standard call option with a maturity of 10 years from the date of the option grant. The final strike price corresponds to the average of 15 days closing pricess of the Company's FDRs at the Paris stock exchange after the allocation of options by the Board. The grant value is determined by the multiplication of the YBS with the applicable percentage. The number of stock option units is derived directly by dividing the equivalue by the value of the stock option which is computed by an external and independent valuation firm and using a Binomial or Black-Scholes valuation. The final stock option valuation of each grant is then approved by the Board. The stock options must vest before they can be exercised. The vesting period of stock options is a three-year cliff vesting schedule. As an example, if 100 stock options is a three-year cliff vesting schedule. As an example, if 100 stock options are granted in 2023, all units vest and can be exercised as of 1 June 2026. The SLT members must, when exercising their vested stock options and their vested shares, do this in accordance with the regulations of the French stock market authorities AMF and the SES Code of dealing securities (i.e. require the prior authorisation from the Deputy Corporate Secretary and/or Chief Financial Officer, outside closed periods). As for the members of the Board, the exercises by the SLT members are reported on the Company's website under (() Abort Us	
-	OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	Stock Options The stock option is a standard call from the date of the option grant. The final strike price corresponds prices of the Company's FDRs at t allocation of options by the Board. The grant value is determined by the applicable percentage. The number of stock option units grant value by the value of the sto external and independent valuat Black-Scholes valuation. The final's is then approved by the Board. The stock options is then approved by the Board. The stock options must vest be vesting period of stock options is As an example, if 100 stock options is the French stock market authoritin ing securities (i.e. require the pri- ing securities (i.e. require the pri- periods). As for the members of the members are reported on the Com > ESG > Corporate Governance > h	

SLT SHARE OWNERSHIP PROCRAM SHARE OWNERSHIP Procram PERIODIC REVIEW This programme aims at sauring that SLT members become date biolders of the Company, field as need of ownership, and focus on the obders of the Company, field as need of ownership, and focus on the string shreholder value. The project REVIEW PERIODIC REVIEW This programme aims at assuring that SLT members become date ating shreholder value. The present Policy will be submitted to shareholder vate at the reviewed on a regular basis, but at least every biolers at a string that SLT members have of the value. The Policy shall be reviewed on a regular basis, but at least every biolers at a minimum every three varas or scorer in case of material biolity under the form of registered shares and/or FDRS. Over appind of the value. The Remunetable of company will be submitted to the shareholders will be submitted to the shareholders will be poly to a vorte at the munetable shares only in the date of Remunetable of Rights Law of 1 August 2019, the SES poly and adopted Remunetation Policy that was formally submitted to the shareholders the programme frammetable. The Remunetable of the shareholders will be submitted to the shareholders will be polyced the under string aversion that will be submitted to the shareholders will be programmetable on the workshich of the shareholders the programmetable on the workshich is and the results of the vorte of the shareholders the remule polyced of the shareholders the remule programmetable. The remuneration of the shareholders the programmetable on the workshich of the remuneration policy that was formally available in the date date of Remuneration Policy will be aboreholders with the date and the results of the vorte of the shareholders the remuneration of the shareholders the remuneration	1 OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	2 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL & GOVERNANCE (ESG) REPORT	3 Corporate Governance & Remuneration	4 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	5 Ses s.a. Annual Accounts	6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The present Policy will be submitted to a shareholder vote at the next Annual General Meeting. The policy will be submitted to the share- holders at a minimum every three years or sooner in case of material changes. While the vote by the shareholders at the general meeting is advisory only, the Company will pay its Directors and SLT members only in accordance with a remuneration policy that has been submitted to a vote at the general meeting. If the general meeting rejects the proposed remuneration policy, the Company will submit a revised policy to a vote at the following general meeting. BISCLOSURE After the vote shall be made available on the website of the Company where it will remain publicly available, free of charge, as long as it will be applicable.	LT SHARE OWNERSHI	P PROGRAM	SHAREHOLDER VOTE		PERIODIC REVIEW	
While the vote by the shareholders at the general meeting is advisory while the vote by the shareholders at the general meeting is advisory only, the Company will pay its Directors and SLT members only in accordance with a remuneration policy that has been submitted to a vote at the general meeting. If the general meeting rejects the proposed remuneration policy, the Company will submit a revised policy to a vote at the following general meeting. DISCLOSURE After the vote of the shareholders this Policy together with the date and the results of the vote shall be made available on the website of the Company where it will remain publicly available, free of charge, as long as it will be applicable.	his programme aims at assuri olders of the Company, feel a s ing shareholder value.	ng that SLT members become share- sense of ownership, and focus on cre-	ent ene ta	sholder vote at the next ubmitted to the share- oner in case of material	This Policy shall be reviewed on a rec three years.	gular basis, but at least every
vote at the general meeting. If the general meeting rejects the proposed remuneration policy, the Company will submit a revised policy to a vote at the following general meeting. DISCLOSURE After the vote of the shareholders this Policy together with the date and the results of the vote shall be made available on the website of the Company where it will remain publicly available, free of charge, as long as it will be applicable.	he SLT members have an ot quity under the form of register five years (with equal yearly hold in total one time their Y	bligation to invest in the Company's red shares and/or FDR's. Over a period investment), the SLT members have BS and the CFO two times his YBS.	While the vote by the shareholders at the gene only, the Company will pay its Directors and accordance with a remuneration policy that h	eral meeting is advisory I SLT members only in as hear submitted to a	ine Remuneration Committee shall be Board on any concrete amendment su final version that will be submitted approved by the Board.	s responsible for advising the uggestions to this Policy. The to the shareholders will be
			boote at the general meeting. If the general proposed remuneration policy, the Company policy to a vote at the following general meet	as been accontacted to a all meeting rejects the y will submit a revised ing.	In line with the Shareholder Rights La Board adopted a Remuneration Policy t the shareholders at the annual genera updated Remuneration Policy will be 24 February 2023 prior to its submissi	aw of 1 August 2019, the SES that was formally submitted to I meeting on 7 April 2022. An submitted to the Board on on to the shareholders at the
at the same meeting.			After the vote of the shareholders this Policy and the results of the vote shall be made avai the Company where it will remain publicly avai long as it will be applicable.	together with the date llable on the website of ilable, free of charge, as	annual general meeting on 6 April 202. The remuneration report here below o the Board of Directors, the CEO, the members. It has been drafted in accorda Remuneration Policy and will also be s at the same meeting.	3. lescribes the remuneration of s CFO and of the other SLT ince with the above-mentioned submitted to the shareholders

14 Determination of the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting that the remuneration of the Directors shall be determined as follows:

For the attendance at a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a committee set up by the Board, other than the Audit and Risk Committee, the Directors shall receive a remuneration of EUR 1,600 for that meeting. This remuneration is the same for the attendance by the Vice-Chairpersons and the Chairman.

A Director participating at a meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee shall receive a remuneration of EUR 1,920 for that meeting. This remuneration is the same for the attendance by the Vice-Chairpersons and the Chairman.

A Director participating at a meeting of a specific project taskforce set up by the Board of Directors shall receive a remuneration of EUR 1,600 for that meeting.

Each Director shall receive a remuneration of EUR 40,000 each year, regardless of the number of attendances at meetings. The Vice-Chairpersons shall receive EUR 48,000 each year and the Chairman of the Board shall receive EUR 100,000 each year.

A Director, other than the Chairman of the Board of Directors, chairing one of the committees set up by the Board, shall receive an additional remuneration of EUR 8,000 each year. A Director, other than the Chairman of the Board of Directors, chairing the Audit and Risk Committee, shall receive an additional remuneration of EUR 9,600 each year.

All the amounts contained in the present resolution will be net of any Luxembourgish withholding tax on directors' fees.



Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

14 Fixation de la rémunération des membres du Conseil d'administration

Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée que la rémunération des membres du Conseil soit fixée comme suit :

Pour chaque assistance à une séance du Conseil d'administration ou d'un des comités que le Conseil instituera, autre que le Comité d'Audit et des Risques, les administrateurs recevront une indemnité de 1.600 EUR par séance. Cette indemnité est la même pour les Vice-Présidents et le Président.

Un administrateur qui participera à une séance du Comité d'Audit et des Risques touchera une indemnité de 1.920 EUR par séance. Cette indemnité est la même pour les Vice-Présidents et le Président.

Un administrateur qui participera à une séance d'une équipe de projet spécifique mise en place par le Conseil d'administration touchera une indemnité de 1.600 EUR par séance.

Chaque membre du Conseil d'administration aura droit à une indemnité fixe de 40.000 EUR par an, indépendamment du nombre de présences aux séances. Cette indemnité est de 48.000 EUR par an pour les Vice-Présidents et de 100.000 EUR par an pour le Président.

Un administrateur, autre que le Président du Conseil d'administration, qui sera Président d'un comité instauré par le Conseil touchera une indemnité supplémentaire de 8.000 EUR par an. Un administrateur, autre que le Président du Conseil d'administration, qui sera Président du Comité d'Audit et des Risques, touchera une indemnité supplémentaire de 9.600 EUR.

Tous les montants contenus dans la présente résolution s'entendent net de retenue à la source luxembourgeoise sur la rémunération des administrateurs.



15 Approval of the Remuneration Report

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to the Meeting to approve the Remuneration Report for 2022.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

15 Approbation du Rapport de Rémunération

Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose à l'Assemblée d'approuver le Rapport de Rémunération pour 2022.

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OPERATIONAL & STRATECIC REPORT	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esg) report	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & Remuneration	CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL Statements	SES S.A. Annual Accounts	S	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
REMUNERATION REPORT	PORT	The total net remuneration fees expensed for the year 2022 to the	id for the year 2022 to the	Committee Membership		
DIRECTORS REMUNERATION	ATION	members of the Board of Directors (net of the Luxembourg withholding tax) amounted to $\&$ 823,761 of which $\&$ 531,601 represented the fixed net of the Roard fees with the remaining \pounds 902160 holing variable	he Luxembourg withholding 1,601 represented the fixed on £292.160 heing veriahle	AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE	NOMINATION COMMITTEE	REMUNERATION COMMITTEE
2, the Annual General	in 2022, the Annual General Meeting of shareholders has approved	fees. The gross overall figure (including withholding taxes) for the	withholding taxes) for the			
nuneration of the Merr	the remuneration of the Members of the Board of Directors through	year 2022 was €1,029,701. This compares to a gross remuneration of	to a gross remuneration of		Chair	
ing a resolution that	approving a resolution that has been submitted by the Board of	€1,131,067 in 2021.				
Directors.				Peter van Bommel	Anne-Catherine Ries	Françoise Thoma
		The 2022 remunerations cover the fees paid for ten Board meetings,	aid for ten Board meetings,			
areholders decided to	The shareholders decided to maintain the fees paid to the directors	the meetings of the Board Committees described in the table below	escribed in the table below			
previous year's level w	at the previous year's level with a majority of 99.97%. The fees paid	as well as two meetings of the Strategic Taskforce. The amounts relate	skforce. The amounts relate		Members	
30ard have not been in	to the Board have not been increased since 2008, except for the fees	to the Board fees expensed during the year 2022.	ar 2022.	Control Provident	2	; ; ;
the Chair and the mer	paid to the Chair and the members of the Audit and Risk Committee			Carlo Fasspinder	Jennirer Byrne	Anne-Catherine Ries
lave been increased ir	which have been increased in 2015 in line with best practices.	During 2022, the Board and the Comm	Board and the Committees of the Board were	Françoise Thoma	Frank Esser	Peter van Bommel
		composed as follows:		Kaj-Erik Relander	Kaj-Erik Relander	Frank Esser
irs each received a fixe.	Directors each received a fixed fee of ${\mathfrak E}40{,}000$ per year, whereas each	 Frank Esser, Chair 		Katrin Wehr-Seiter	Jacques Thilf	Ramu Potarazu
Vice Chairs received a	of the Vice Chairs received an annual fixed fee of ${\mathfrak E}48,000$ and the	 Tsega Gebreyes, Vice-Chair (until 7 April 2022) 	ril 2022)			Katrin Wehr-Seiter
Chair received a fee of €100,000 per year.	000 per year.	 Anne-Catherine Ries, Vice-Chair 				
		 Peter van Bommel, Vice-Chair 				
rectors chairing one of	The directors chairing one of the committees set up by the Board, if	 Serge Allegrezza (until 7 April 2022) 				

All fees are net of any Luxembourg withholding taxes.

received the attendance fee for one meeting only.

The composition of the committees, chairs and members is provided as follows:

Carlo Fassbinder (as of 7 April 2022)

Jennifer Byrne (as of 7 April 2022)

 Katrin Wehr-Seiter Françoise Thoma Kaj-Erik Relander Ramu Potarazu

Attendance fees for each Board or Board Committee meeting

Committee for which directors received £1,920 per meeting. A director participating in more than one committee meeting on the same day

amounted to €1,600, except for the meetings of the Audit and Risk

Jacques Thill

Béatrice de Clermont Tonnerre (until 24 October 2022)

not the Chair of the Board of Directors, received an additional remu-

neration of €8,000 per year. The director chairing the Audit and Risk Committee received an additional remuneration of $\mathfrak{E}9,600$ per year.

1 Operational © strategic	2 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL & GOVERN	2 Environmental, Social & Governance	PSI	3 Corporate Governanc	3 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE &		4 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL	IDATED AL	5 Ses S.A. Annual	6 Additional Information
REPORT	(ESG) REPORT	ORT			REMUNERATION		STATEMENTS		ACCCOM	
The detailed overview of the individual remunerations expensed in	vidual remune	erations expent	sed in						REMUNERATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE SLT	OF THE SLT
Directors Remuneration		0.00							The remuneration of the members of the SLT is determined by the Board and is based on recommendations from the Remuneration	is determined by the m the Remuneration
	2022 (f	2022 (for Meetings Q1 2022 to Q4 2022)	2022 to Q4 202	5	2021 (2021 (for Meetings Q1 2021 to Q4 2021)	2021 to Q4 20:	21)	Committee.	
	Directors Remu-	Attendance		1	Directors Remu-	Attendance	, and a second se	Total F	The remuneration of the SLT members comprises two major compo- neuts:	ses two major compo-
IN &	10000	11 0/0	E COT	00100	U00007	00010	DCOT!	00908	 Compensation package composed of the yearly base salary; an 	rearly base salary; an
Serge Allegrezza Peter van Bommel	10,000/ 55,600	30.080	120,0	107100	47200	44,480	22.920	114,600	annual bonus; and long-term equity (LTE); and	pu
Jennifer Byrne	29.334	14,400	10.934	54.668					 Benefits package which is aligned with local and market practices 	and market practices
Beatrice de Clermont-Tonnerre	30,000	22,400	13,100	65,500	40,000	33,600	18,400	92,000	Tt	in the second
Frank Esser	100,000	28,800	32,200	161,000	100,000	36,800	34,200	171,000	The average to highest compensation ratio (comprising annual base salary homis and admity at farnet) for all amphyses at the layal of	ninprisirig arritual pase
Carlo Fassbinder	29,333	13,120	10,613	53,067					SES S.A. is at 1 to 15 which remains below market benchmarks and	irket benchmarks and
Tsega Gebreyes	12,667	8,000	5,167	25,833	54,000	27,520	20,380	101,900	ratios which can be observed in CAC 40 or FTSE 100 companies.	SE 100 companies.
Paul Konsbruck	1	ł	1	1	40,000	32,000	18,000	90,000		
Ramu Potarazu	40,000	25,600	16,400	82,000	40,000	35,200	18,800	94,000	The following members were active in the SLT in the year 2022:	in the year 2022:
Kaj-Erik Relander	40,000	23,360	15,840	79,200	40,000	30,080	17,520	87,600	 Chief Executive Officer, Steve Collar 	
Anne-Catherine Ries	56,000	25,600	20,400	102,000	56,000	20,800	19,200	96,000	 Chief Financial Officer, Sandeep Jalan 	
Françoise Thoma	48,000	28,480	19,120	95,600	48,000	28,480	19,120	95,600	 Chief Technology Officer, Ruy Pinto 	
Katrin Wehr-Seiter	40,000	30,080	17,520	87,600	42,400	31,680	18,520	92,600	Chief Services Officer, John Baughn	
Jacques Thill	40,000	30,400	17,600	88,000	3,333	1,600	1,233	6,167	 Chief Strategy and Product Officer, John-Paul Hemingway 	iul Hemingway
Total	531,601	292,160	205,940	1,029,701	650,933	353,920	226,213	1,131,067	 Chief Development Urticer, Christophe De Hauwer Chief Human Descurses Officer Evia Docs (until 30 June 2022) 	lauwer until 30 June 2022)
									 Chief Feople Officer, Pan Macdonald (from 1 July 2022) Chief Legal Officer, Thai Rubin Chief Legal Officer, Thai Rubin 	July 2022)

-	2			9		4		LØ	ŝ
OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Govern (ESG) Report	ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esc) report		CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & REMUNERATION	LION LION	CON FINA STA	CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements	SES S.A. Annual Accounts	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
The total remuneration of the CEO, CFO and other SLT members follows the principles set out in the Remuneration policy and is provided in the tables below:	EO, CFO and o the Remunera	ther SLT meml ition policy an	oers d is					Yearly Base Salary The yearly base salary is reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee.	nually by the Remuneration
2022 Remunerations								For new nominations, base salaries are set based on external bench-	set based on external bench-
φ 	Annual Base Salary ¹	Annual Bonus	Long Term Equity ²	Pension Expenses	Other Benefits and Pavments ²	Total	Average to highest compensation ratio at the level of SES SA ⁴	marks while also considering the degree of qualification and experi- ence required as well as the employment conditions at the time of the offer.	e of qualification and experi- t conditions at the time of the
Chief Executive Officer	735,438	760,001	705,265	125,027	54,778	2,380,508	15x	Except for the Chief Executive Officer, yearly base salaries of SLT	vearly base salaries of SLT
Chief Financial Officer	439,616	365,669	319,463	66,561	22,833	1,214,143	8	members based in Luxembourg were adjusted in April 2022 following	justed in April 2022 following
Other SLT Members	2,204,143	1,689,753	1,497,444	211,088	415,503	6,017,931	6x	the legally required cost of living adjustment (Luxembourg Index).	ment (Luxembourg Index).
Total 2022	3,379,197	2,815,423	2,522,172	402,676	493,114	9,612,582	1	Annual Bonus	
2021 Remunerations								The annual borus of SLT members is composed of two parts: (i) the financial performance of the company; and (ii) the performance	omposed of two parts: (i) the y; and (ii) the performance
	Annual	Annual	Long Term	Pension	Other Benefits			against pushiess objectives, accounting for 70% and 50% of the bonus respectively.	IOF 70% and 30% of the bonus
	Base Salary	Bonus	Equity ³	Expenses	and Payments ⁴	Total			
Chief Executive Officer	735,438	1,038,732	655,129	125,428	53,114	2,607,840		The financial performance measures group actual achievement vs.	roup actual achievement vs.
Chief Financial Officer	423,631	487,589	244,547	64,938	22,857	1,243,562		budget for three elements, revenue (accounting for 40%), EBITDA	scounting for 40%), EBITDA
Other SLT Members	2,096,982	2,103,941	1,223,323	221,478	344,516	5,990,240		(accounting for 40%), complemented by net operating cash flow	by net operating cash flow
Total 2021	3,256,051	3,630,262	2,122,998	411,844	420,488	9,841,642		(accounting for 20%). The Board of Directors sets annual targets	irectors sets annual targets
 Annual base salary of other (than CEO and CFO) SLT Members ranges from 323067 EUR to 414,227 EUR with an average at 373,450 EUR Amoritaation of Long Term Equity grants Other benefits and payments include health care plans, death and disability insurance, company cars or car allowances and other payments Average to highest compensation ratio (comprising annual base salary, bonus and equity at target) for all employees at the level of SES S.A. 	nd CFO) SLT Membi sith care plans, deat somprising annual b	ers ranges from 325 h and disability inst ase salary, bonus ar	1067 EUR to 414,227 Irrance, company car nd equity at target)	EUR with an aver s or car allowance for all employees	age at 373,450 EUR s and other payments it the level of SES S.A.			during the annual budget process and confirms annual achievement level. In 2022, the Group financial performance payout was confirmed at 108% based on the weighted results for the three metrics.	onfirms annual achievement mance payout was confirmed for the three metrics.

OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT	LL ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esg) Report	COR 60V Rem	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE & REMUNERATION		CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	۵ ۳ ۳	SES S.A. ANNUAL ACCOUNTS	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Financial Perf	Financial Performance Component of Annual Bonus							
Annual Bonus	Target Metric' In MEUR	t Actuals R in MEUR	Achievement in %	Pay-out per Metric	Weighting	Pay-out		
Financial	Revenue 1,890	0 1,857	98.3%	91.5%	40%			
Performance	Adjusted EBITDA ² 1,085	5 1,094	100.8%	104.0%	40%	108.2%		
(%02)	Net operating cash flow 859	9 1,037	120.8%	150.0%	20%			
The business	The business objectives are set annually by the Board at the start of		achievements i	n 2022, contril	The main achievements in 2022, contributing to the 92% overall	overall	Socially Responsible and outwardly impactful • Delivered the SES ESG Horizon strategy and facets	ful traets
eacn periorma Company.	each periormance year and relate to the suategic roadmap of the Company.		pay-out were as tollows.				 ESG targets adopted in remuneration across the organisation 	e organisation
		Strategic	Strategic and Business Execution:	Execution:				
The SES Boal	The SES Board confirmed an achievement for 2022 at 92% which		vas successfully	' brought into c	 SES-17 was successfully brought into commercial service in June 	in June	Internal transformation and operational efficiency	ficiency
applies equally	applies equally to each SLT member including the CEO.	2022					 Net Promoter Score improved from +34 to +39 	
		 Complet 	ted value-accret	tive acquisition	Completed value-accretive acquisition of DRS Global Enterprise	terprise	 Achieved cost savings of more than €10 million above target, con- 	above target, con-
For confidenti	For confidentiality purposes, achievement of business objectives is		Solutions for \$443 million on 1 August 2022	in on 1 August 2	2022		tributing to an Adjusted EBITDA outturn which exceeded target	exceeded target
reported in a	reported in aggregate with weighting per objective provided as	•	stellites were lau	nched and are r	Three satellites were launched and are now operational supporting	porting	 Positive employee Net Promoter Score at +4 	
fallows:		our US (C-band clearing	initiative and re	our US C-band clearing initiative and resulting in Phase II clearing	clearing		
		on track	on track to be completed on time	d on time			The 2022 annual bonus relates to the 2022 performance year and will	mance year and will
Business Obje	Business Objectives Component of Annual Bonus	 \$170 mill 	lion of increment	al value created	\$170 million of incremental value created from completing additional	ditional	be paid in March 2023.	
		- US C-ba	US C-band clearing for Verizon, ahead of expectations	Verizon, ahead	of expectations			

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Annual Bonus Objective	Objective	Weighting	Pay-out
	Strategic and Business Execution	40%	%
Business	Deliver O3b mPOWER	20%	%
Objectives (30%)	Socially Responsible and outwardly impactful	20%	92%
	Internal Transformation and Operational Excellence	20%	*

US C-band clearing for Verizon, ahead of expectations

Deliver 03b mPOWER

- The first two O3b mPOWER satellites were launched in December 2022
- TT&C system and ground deployed and operational including customer gateways and ARC
- 10 O3b mPOWER products launched and operational in the market • More than \$100m of new gross backlog was added in 2022,
- including a landmark partnership with Reliance Jio in India, as well as new business with Explora Journeys (part of MSC), Microsoft, Marlink, and others

-OPERATIONAL & STRATEGIC REPORT

2 Environmental, Social & Governance (esc) report

¢ Corporate Governance & Remuneration

CONSOLIDATED Financial Statements

5 SES S.A. ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The overview of the 2022 annual bonus of the CEO, CFO and other SLT members is provided in the table below:

Bonus SLT expense

al Borus 2022 performance year 735,438 100% 1,103,156 1 514,806 514,806 772,209 7 220,631 220,631 330,947 330,947 1 Borus 2022 performance year 353,851 80% 530,776 1 1 Borus 2022 performance year 353,851 80% 530,776 1 1 Borus 2022 performance year 166,155 159,233 1 1 1 onus 2022 performance year 1,635,139 150-801% 2,452,709 1	IN &	Bonus at target (Abs.)	Bonus at target (% of Base Salary)	Maximum award limit (150%)	Percentage achievement	Bonus Amount
514,806 772,209 1 ar 220,631 330,947 1 220,631 80% 530,776 1 247,695 371,543 1 106,155 160-803% 2,452,709 1	Chief Executive Officer – Annual Bonus 2022 performance year	735,438	100%	1,103,156	103.3%	760,001
220,631 330,947 330,947 at 353,851 80% 530,776 1 247,695 377,543 1 1 1 106,155 106,155 159,233 1 1 1,635,139 [60-80]% 2,452,709 1 1	- Financial Performance (70%)	514,806		772,209	108.2%	557,020
air 353,851 80% 530,776 1 247,695 247,695 371,543 1 106,155 106,155 159,233 1 1,635,139 [60-80]% 2,452,709 1	- Busines Objectives (30%)	220,631		330,947	92.0%	202,981
247,695 371,543 1 106,155 159,233 159,233 1 1,635,139 [50–80]% 2,452,709 1	Chief Financial Officer – Annual Bonus 2022 performance year	353,851	80%	530,776	103.3%	365,669
106,155 1,635,139 [50-80]% 2,452,709 1	- Financial Performance (70%)	247,695		371,543	108.2%	268,006
1,635,139 [50-80]% 2,452,709 1	- Busines Objectives (30%)	106,155		159,233	92.0%	97,663
	Other SLT Members – Annual Bonus 2022 performance year	1,635,139	[50-80]%	2,452,709	103.3%	1,689,753
1,144,597	- Financial Performance (70%)	1,144,597		1,716,896	108.2%	1,238,454
- Busines Objectives (30%) 490,542 735,813 92.0%	- Busines Objectives (30%)	490,542		735,813	92.0%	451,298

Long Term Equity Incentives

The third element of the compensation package relates to the long-term equity granted by the Company. The plan, administered by the Remuneration Committee, permits the grant of three equity types: (i) stock options; (ii) restricted shares; and (iii) performance shares. The 2022 total grant value was divided into one-third of stock options, one-sixth of restricted shares, and one half of performance shares.

Stock option grants prior to year 2021 have a vesting period of four years with a yearly vesting of 25% on 1 January of each year following the grant. For closer alignment with market practices, stock option grants from year 2021 on have a three-year cliff vesting of 100% on 1 June of the third year following the grant year.

The Restricted Shares are FDRs granted with the sole condition that, at vesting, the SLT member must be employed by SES. The Restricted Shares vest on 1 June of the third year following the year of their grant. Performance Shares are FDRs granted to SLT members and vest on 1 June of the third year following the year of their grant. Performance shares granted prior to year 2021 are subject to the outcome of the compounded three years adjusted Economic Value Added (EVA). From grant 2021 onwards, vesting is subject to outcome of Total Shareholder Return (TSR), measured on a relative basis to the median TSR performance of a panel of comparable companies during a three-year period.

For the 2022 vesting of performance shares, the EVA calculated over the period 2019 to 2021 was positive at \pounds 193 million and thus triggered 100% vesting of the performance shares granted in 2019.

During 2022, the members of the SLT were awarded a combined total of 1,111,357 options to acquire company FDRs at an exercise price of £8,40 as well as 66,142 restricted shares as part of the company's long-term incentive plan and 198,426 performance shares. The CEO was awarded 302,827 stock options, 18,023 restricted shares and 54,069 performance shares.

The detailed overview of the 2022 equity grant and vesting as well as current shareholding for the CEO, CFO and other SLT members is provided as follows:

1 Operational & Strategic Report	2 ENVIRONMEN' SOCIAL & GOV (ESG) REPORT	2 ENVIRONMENTAL, Social & Governance (esg) report	82	3 Corporate Governance & Remuneration	ion Ion	4 CONSOLIDJ FINANCIAL STATEMEN	4 Consolidated Financial Statements	5 Ses S.A. Annual Accounts	6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Long Term Equity 2022								When exercising their vested stock options and their vested shares,	id their vested shares,
		Long Term	Long Term Equity Plan – 2022 Gra	22 Grant	Equity Vesting in 2022	j in 2022		the SLT members must do this in accordance with the SES Dealing	with the SES Dealing
e Z	Components	Grant Year	Vesting Year ¹	Units granted	Grant Year	Units vested D	Registered shares and FDR's - 31 December 2022	Code (including requiring the prior authorisation from the Ueputy Corporate Secretary and/or Chief Financial Officer and provide selling orders outside of a closed period).	tion from the Deputy cer and provide selling
Chief Executive Officer	Stock Options	2022	2025	302,827	2018 to 2020	271,509			-
	Performance Shares	2022	2025	54,069	2019	24,399	193,132	During 2022, Christophe De Hauwer and Sandeep Jalan have sold all	eep Jalan have sold all
	Restricted Shares	2022	2025	18,023	2019	8,133		performance and restricted snares that vested on 1 June 2022. EVIE Press Their restricted Shares cold come of the motionard and	a on i June 2022. Evie of the restricted and
Chief Financial Officer	Stock Options	2022	2025	138,765	2020	58,434		ROOS, FRAIR KUDIN AND RUY FILLO SOLO SOLIE OF LIFE LESUISCEU AND norfermance charae that visited on 1 line 2002. Stave Collar John	01 une resultateu anu 102 Stevie Collar, John
	Performance Shares	2022	2025	24,777	2020	23,694	15,000	Baurahu and John-Paul Hemingway kent all their restricted and	L their restricted and
	Restricted Shares	2022	2025	8,259	2020	7,898		Derformance shares that vested on 1 June 2022. Steve Collar has sold	2. Steve Collar has sold
Other SLT Members	Stock Options	2022	2025	669,765	2018 to 2020	307,751		120,000 and purchased 30,000 stock options from 2020 Stock option	rom 2020 Stock option
	Performance Shares	2022	2025	119,580	2019	44,604	198,003	grant at the price of 5.973 per share. Sandeep Jalan, Evie Roos and	Jalan, Evie Roos and
	Restricted Shares	2022	2025	39,860	2019	14,868		John Baughn have sold some stock options from their 2020 stock	from their 2020 stock
Lenformance and Restricted Long Term Equity 2021	curr vesting of three years non look year of an year of ward. Performance and Restricted Shares: vesting on 1 June of the third year following the year of the grant ong Term Equity 2021	f the third year follow	ving the year of the (grant.				Benefits package	e Cl T they are aligned
		Lond Terr	Lona Term Equity Plan - 2021 Grant	V21 Grant	Equity Vesting in 2021	a in 2021		As for the benefits provided to members of the SLI, they are aligned with local and market practices and include pensions, health care	e ourt, triey are angrieu pensions, health care
a N	Components	Grant Year	Vesting Year ¹	Units granted	Grant Year	Units vested		plans, death and disability insurances, company cars or car allowances	cars or car allowances
Chief Executive Officer	Stock Options	2021	2024	269,375	2017 to 2020	294,454		and other payments.	
	Performance Shares	2021	2024	51,162	2018	13,788			
	Restricted Shares	2021	2024	17,054	2018	9,192			
Chief Financial Officer	Stock Options	2021	2024	120,426	2020	58,434			
	Performance Shares	2021	2024	22,872	N/A	N/A			
	Restricted Shares	2021	2024	7,624	N/A	N/A			
Other SLT Members	Stock Options	2021	2024	563,797	2017 to 2020	414,206			
	Performance Shares	2021	2024	107,082	2018	40,335			
	Restricted Shares	2021	2024	35,694	2018	26,890			
 Stock Options: for grants pr Cliff vesting of three years f Performance and Restricted 	Stock Options: for grants prior to 2021, vesting period over four years with a yearly vesting of 25% on 1 Cliff vesting of three years from 2021 grant year onward. Performance and Restricted Shares, vesting on 1 June of the third year following the year of the grant.	ver four years with a f the third year follow	yearly vesting of 25' wing the year of the		anuary of each year following the grant	ant.			



16 Appointment of the auditor for the year 2023 and determination of its remuneration

Draft resolution

The Board of Directors proposes to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) as external auditors for the year 2023.

In its meeting on 23 February 2023, the Audit and Risk Committee approved a budget of EUR 2,150,045 for the external auditor's fees.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

- 16 Election statutaire du réviseur d'entreprises pour l'année 2023 et fixation de sa rémunération
- Projet de résolution

Le Conseil d'administration propose de réélire PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC) comme réviseur d'entreprises pour l'année 2023.

Dans sa réunion du 23 février 2023, le Comité d'Audit et des Risques a approuvé un budget de 2.150.045 EUR couvrant les frais et honoraires pour le réviseur d'entreprises.

17 Resolution on Company acquiring own FDRs and/or own A-, or B-shares

Draft resolution

The General Meeting of Shareholders authorizes the Board of Directors, with full power of delegation to the Executive Committee, to purchase a maximum of 20,000,000 A-, and/or a maximum of 10,000,000 B-shares issued by the Company in accordance with the conditions set forth by the law of 10 August 1915, as amended, on commercial companies (the "Companies' Act") regarding the repurchase of own shares by a *société anonyme*, in accordance with article 430-15 of the Companies' Act, or to have them purchased by other companies of the Group according to the definition of article 430-23 of the Companies' Act. The A-shares and/or the FDRs shall be purchased either on the stock exchange, or by block trade or by mutual agreement at the then current market price or lower. The B-shares shall be purchased by mutual agreement for a price equivalent to 40% of the then current market price of FDRs. The authorization to repurchase A-shares also covers the repurchase of FDRs issued by BCEE with respect to A-shares of the Company.

The FDRs repurchased by the Company may or may not be converted into A-shares and, as the case may be, be kept or sold or cancelled or used for such legitimate purposes as the Board deems advisable. The A-shares repurchased by the Company may or may not be converted into FDRs and, as the case may be, be kept or sold or cancelled or used for such legitimate purposes as the Board deems advisable. The Bshares repurchased by the Company shall be subsequently cancelled, kept, sold or used for such legitimate purposes as the Board deems advisable. Any cancellation of shares shall be subject to approval by the shareholders of the Company taken in an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be convened by the Board.

The authorization is valid for the longer of (a) a period of eighteen months from the date of this resolution or (b) the duration of such further period beyond those eighteen months for which it is renewed or extended by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The Company shall respect the restrictions imposed by the Companies' Act regarding the repurchase of own shares.

The purchase price of the A-shares and/or FDRs shall not be lower than EUR 5 or higher than EUR 25 per FDR or A-share. The purchase price of the B-shares shall not be lower than EUR 2 or higher than EUR 10 per B-share.

The Company may decide to purchase only shares of one or two of the existing categories, but will need to conform to the principle of equal treatment of shareholders within each category of these shares.

All powers are granted to the Board of Directors, with full power of delegation to the Executive Committee, to execute the present authorization.

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

17 Résolution permettant à la Société l'acquisition de ses propres FDRs et/ou actions de la catégorie A ou B

Projet de résolution

L'assemblée générale des actionnaires autorise le Conseil d'administration, avec faculté de délégation au Comité Exécutif, à acquérir un nombre maximal de 20.000.000 actions de la catégorie A, et/ou un maximum de 10.000.000 actions de la catégorie B émises par la Société en respectant les conditions fixées par la loi du 10 août 1915, telle que modifiée, concernant les sociétés commerciales ("LSC") relatives au rachat d'actions propres par une société anonyme conformément à l'article 430-15 LSC ou à en faire acquérir par d'autres sociétés du groupe telles que visées par l'article 430-23 LSC. L'autorisation de rachat d'actions de la catégorie A couvre également le rachat de FDRs émis par la BCEE sur base d'actions de la catégorie A de la Société. Les actions de la catégorie A et/ou les FDRs pourront être acquis soit par des achats en bourse, soit en bloc, soit de gré à gré au prix du marché en vigueur à ce moment-là ou à un prix inférieur. Les actions de la catégorie B pourront être acquises de gré à gré à un prix équivalent à 40% du prix du marché en vigueur des FDRs.

Les FDRs acquis par la Société pourront ou ne pourront pas être ultérieurement convertis en actions de la catégorie A et pourront être conservés ou cédés ou annulés ou utilisés à toutes autres fins utiles que le Conseil d'administration estime recommandables pour la Société. Les actions de la catégorie A acquises par la Société pourront ou ne pourront pas être ultérieurement converties en FDRs et pourront être conservées ou cédées ou annulées ou utilisées à toutes autres fins utiles que le Conseil d'administration estime recommandables pour la Société. Les actions acquises de la catégorie B pourront être annulées, conservées, cédées ou utilisées à toutes autres fins utiles que le Conseil d'administration estime recommandables pour la Société. Toute annulation d'actions est sujette à une résolution des actionnaires de la Société dans une réunion de l'Assemblée Générale Extraordinaire à convoquer par le Conseil d'administration.



L'autorisation est valable (a) pour une période de dix-huit mois à compter de la date de la présente résolution ou (b) jusqu'à la date de son renouvellement ou de son extension par l'assemblée générale des actionnaires si la date d'expiration de cette période est postérieure.

La Société respectera les restrictions prévues par la LSC concernant le rachat d'actions propres.

La contre-valeur d'acquisition des actions de la catégorie A, et/ou des FDRs ne pourra pas être inférieure à 5 EUR ni supérieure à 25 EUR par action de la catégorie A, et/ou par FDR. La contre-valeur d'acquisition des actions de la catégorie B ne pourra pas être inférieure à 2 EUR ni supérieure à 10 EUR par action de la catégorie B.

La Société pourra décider d'acquérir uniquement des titres d'une ou de deux des catégories d'actions, mais devra respecter le principe de l'égalité de traitement des actionnaires à l'intérieur de chacune de ces catégories d'actions.

Tous pouvoirs sont conférés au Conseil d'administration, avec faculté de délégation au Comité Exécutif, en vue d'assurer l'exécution de la présente autorisation.



18 Miscellaneous

Assemblée Générale Ordinaire

18 Divers